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Rudy Garcia, Deputy City Controller, Financial Reporting

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

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CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

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Office of the City Controller

Houston City Controller Annise D. Parker is the second highest elected official in Houston City Government and its Chief Financial Officer. The Office of the Houston City Controller superintends the fiscal affairs of the City. This includes conducting audits, managing investments and debt, preparing financial statements and providing leadership on policy issues pertaining to the City's financial health. The Controller is asked to balance the City's fiscal needs with the politics of popular elections and acts as a check-and-balance to the Mayor and City Council, the executive and legislative branches of City government. She serves as an independently elected "financial watchdog" over City government's fiscal affairs.

The Treasury Division of the Controller's Office manages a total investment portfolio of approximately \$2 billion. The City's General Investment Pool consistently receives the highest rating available from Standard and Poor's. The 'AAAf' Credit Quality Rating reflects the fund's strong protection against losses from credit defaults. The pool is invested in diversified portfolio of U.S. Treasury Obligations, highly-rated commercial paper, collateralized certificates of deposit, rated money-market funds, U.S. agencies notes and mortgage backed securities and municipal securities.

In addition to managing the City's investments, the Treasury Division is also responsible for overseeing a debt program that exceeds \$12 billion. Currently, the City has seven active commercial paper programs totaling \$1.0 billion, four auction-rate security issues, four variable rate demand obligation programs, three interest rate swaps totaling \$1.1 billion and \$2.4 billion in standby credit agreements.

The Standard and Poor's rating agency recently reaffirmed the City's AA credit rating on its general obligation bonds secured by the City's property taxes. That rating has been upgraded twice over the last four and a half years. Likewise, Moody's Investor's Service affirmed its AA rating and positive outlook for the city's general obligation bonds. Moody's cites several factors as contributing to our fiscal strength: a large and steadily increasing tax base, spurred by a vibrant energy sector and construction activity; increasing operating reserves and an above average, but manageable, debt burden.

The demand from City Council and the public for audits of City departments, agencies and programs continues to increase. To meet this demand the Controller's Office Audit Division staff increased by three experienced auditors in Fiscal Year 2008. Plans are to hire three more staff in Fiscal Year 2009. A total of 16 audits and projects were completed in Fiscal Year 2008. In September 2008, the Controller's Office released the results of a performance review of TASER use at the Houston Police Department. The audit, which garnered national attention, showed that African-American suspects were more likely to be involved in a TASER incident with Houston police officers than Latinos, Anglos and other ethnic groups. In addition, the audit found racial patterns in the use of TASERs by HPD officers.

In Fiscal Year 2008 the Operations Division of the Controller's Office completed implementation of a paperless payroll system that is saving the City up to a million dollars annually in personnel, printing and paper costs. A goal for Fiscal Year 2009 is to expand the paperless system to include approval of invoices and direct deposit payments to City vendors.

Although the Financial Reporting Division is ultimately responsible for the final product, the preparation of the CAFR requires a concentrated effort by every division of the City Controller's Office. The CAFR is available on the City Controller's website: www.houstoncontroller.org.

Annise D. Parker

Houston City Controller



Houston City Controller Annise D. Parker is a second generation native Houstonian. She attended Rice University, graduating in 1978 with a Bachelor of Arts Degree. In the private sector, Ms. Parker spent 20 years working in the oil and gas industry, including 18 years with Mosbacher Energy Company. She also co-owned a retail bookstore for 10 years.

Controller Parker was sworn in for a third term on January 2, 2008. She is Houston's 14th City Controller, the second-highest elected city official, and serves as the City's Chief Financial Officer.

During her first two terms as Controller, Ms. Parker helped win overwhelming voter approval (85%) of Proposition 3, which gives the Controller's Office the independent authority to conduct performance reviews of all City departments, agencies and programs. She was also successful in securing a seat for a controller's appointee on the Houston Municipal Pension System Board of Trustees, marking the first time the city's chief financial officer has had any involvement in the pension system. In addition, Ms. Parker was tapped by Mayor Bill White to serve as a member of the stakeholders committee overseeing an independent investigation of the City's troubled crime lab, helped lead a task force charged with developing new funding options and policies for solid waste collection in the City of Houston and oversaw implementation of a new paperless payroll system that is saving the City \$1 million annually.

Prior to her election as City Controller, Ms. Parker served for six years as an at-large member of Houston City Council. She chaired City council's Fiscal Affairs and Neighborhood Protection Committees and served on eight other committees, playing leadership roles in the creation of the City's \$20 million Rainy Day Fund, a civic art program, a pooper-scooper law, tighter regulations for inner city development and the City's non-discrimination policy. She also represented Houston on the Alliance for Interstate 69 Texas Board, the Municipal Solid Waste Management and Resource Recovery Advisory Council of Texas Commission on Environmental Quality and the World Energy Cities Partnership.

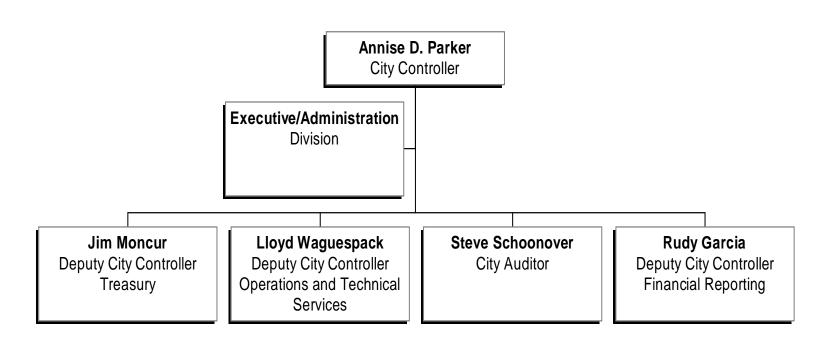
Despite her duties as City Controller, Ms. Parker remains active in the Houston community, currently serving on the boards of the Holocaust Museum and Girls Inc., and as an advisory board member of the Houston Zoo, the Montrose Counseling Center and Trees for Houston.

In 2001, Ms. Parker was selected as "Council Member of the Year" by the Houston Police Officers Union. In 2002, she received the "Distinguished Local Elected Official Award" from the Texas Recreation and Park Society. She previously received the "Good Brick Award" from the Greater Houston Preservation Alliance for her restoration of historic properties in the Old Sixth Ward.

Ms. Parker and her life partner, Kathy Hubbard, have been together since 1990. They have two children.



City of Houston The Office of the City Controller



Elected OfficialsCity of Houston, Texas



Mayor Bill White

City Controller

Annise D. Parker

Council Members

Adrian Garcia, Mayor Pro Tem, District H

Sue Lovell, Vice Mayor Pro Tem, At-Large Position 2

Peter Brown, At-Large Position 1 Melissa Noriega, At-Large Position 3

Ronald Green, At-Large Position 4 Jolanda "Jo" Jones, At-Large Position 5

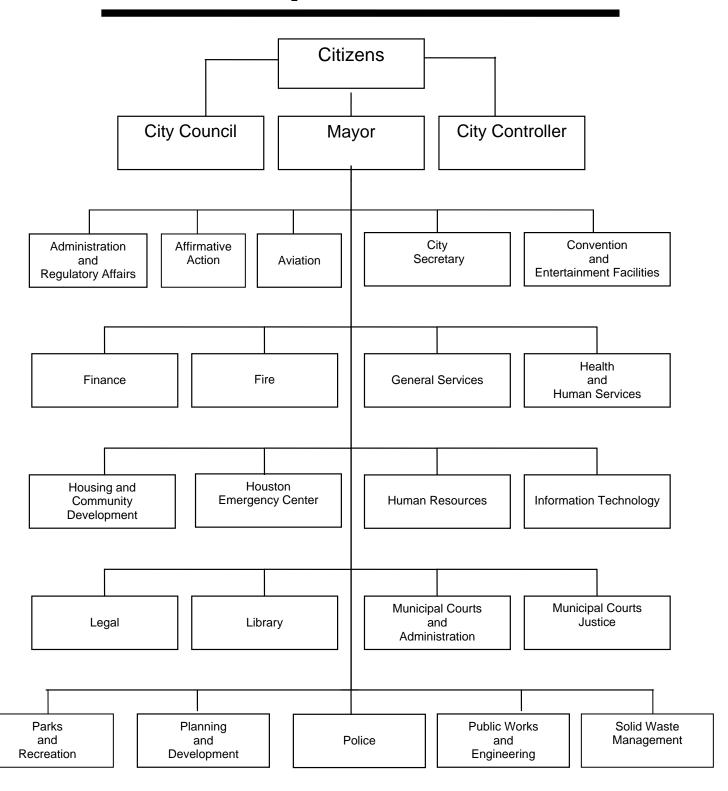
Toni Lawrence, District A Jarvis Johnson, District B Anne Clutterbuck, District C

Wanda Adams, District D Mike Sullivan, District E M. J. Khan, District F

Pam Holm, District G James Rodriguez, District I



Organization Chart City Government



CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS





Office of the City Controller City of Houston Texas

Annise D. Parker

December 19, 2008

Citizens of Houston, Honorable Mayor and City Council Members Houston, Texas:

I am pleased to provide you with the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Houston, Texas (City) for the year ended June 30, 2008, including the independent auditor's report prepared by Deloitte & Touche LLP. The CAFR was prepared by the City Controller's Office and satisfies my responsibilities under the City Charter and State law. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects and is organized in a manner which fairly sets forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds.

The City's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and for the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability of assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The CAFR is presented in three sections. The Introductory Section includes this transmittal letter, a list of elected City officials, and organizational charts for the Office of the City Controller and for City government. The Financial Section includes Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), basic financial statements, combining and individual fund statements and schedules, as well as the independent auditor's report on the basic financial statements. The MD&A is a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. The Statistical Section includes selected financial and demographic information generally presented on a multi-year basis.

The Basic Financial Statements of the City include all government activities, organizations and functions, including those legally separate organizations for which the City is financially accountable as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments as prescribed by the GASB.

The Reporting Entity and Its Services

The Mayor serves as the Chief Executive Officer of the City. The City Controller is the second-highest elected official within City government and serves as the City's Chief Financial Officer. The legislative body of the City is the City Council, which consists of the mayor, nine district members and five at-large members. The Mayor, City Controller, and Council Members are limited to three two-year elected terms.

The City provides a full range of municipal government services including police and fire protection, emergency medical services, pretrial detention services, traffic and municipal courts, water production and distribution, solid waste collection, sanitary code enforcement, wastewater treatment, health and human services, building and housing code enforcement, construction and maintenance of streets and bridges, traffic and signal installation and maintenance, parks and recreation, library, convention and cultural activities, and operation of three municipal airports: George Bush Intercontinental Airport, William P. Hobby Airport and Ellington Field.

The City does not operate hospitals, schools, transportation systems, or higher education systems. Special districts and governmental entities with independent taxing authority are responsible for administering these services.

History and Population

Houston was founded in August of 1836 by New York real estate brokers John Kirby Allen and Augustus Chapman Allen. The Allen brothers paid \$9,428 for 6,642 acres of land along the banks of Buffalo Bayou. Houston was incorporated on June 5, 1837. The City was named after General Sam Houston who had commanded at the Battle of San Jacinto just 25 miles east of where the City was established. In the early years, cotton and the railroad were the key drivers of Houston's economy. That changed in 1901 with the discovery of oil at Spindletop in Beaumont, Texas. By the mid-Twentieth Century, the Texas Medical Center, the world's largest concentration of healthcare and medical research institutions, and NASA's Johnson Space Center were beginning to have big impacts on the local economy.

Today, Houston is the largest city in the state of Texas and the fourth largest city in the United States. According to the 2007 U.S. Census estimate it has a population of about 2.21 million and covers about 600 square miles. It is the seat of government of Harris County and part of a growing metropolitan area that encompasses six counties and is home to 5.5 million residents. Currently, no single ethnic group comprises a majority of the population.

Budgetary Information

In accordance with state law and the City Charter, Houston City Council shall, in collaboration with the mayor and City departments, adopt balanced budgets each year for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Internal Service Funds, and Proprietary Funds. Exceptions are the Grant Revenue, Disaster Recovery, Health Special, and Housing Special Revenue Funds, for which City Council adopts separate operating or program budgets throughout the year. The City also does not budget capital projects and other capital expenditures related to the General Fund. Instead, City Council authorizes these expenditures through individual appropriation ordinances.

Proprietary Fund budgets, also called Enterprise Funds, exclude depreciation and amortization expenses. These Proprietary Fund budgets include debt service and capital equipment costs, but exclude buildings and improvements, with the exception of Aviation, which budgets its current year expenses for these projects. As with General Fund capital projects, approval of each Proprietary Fund capital project is accomplished through individual appropriation ordinances. No City expenditures may be made without an appropriation. City Council can legally appropriate only those amounts of money that the City Controller has previously certified are, or will be, in the City treasury.

Although the legal level of budgetary control is at the departmental level within a fund, the City maintains internal budgetary control at the expenditure category. (i.e., Personnel Services, Supplies, Other Services and Capital Outlay) Budget control is primarily managed using an automated encumbrance and accounts payable system.

The City is required to undergo an annual Single Audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act, the U. S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audits of State and Local Governments and Non-profit Organizations," and the State of Texas Uniform Grant Management Standards. These audits are conducted simultaneously with the City's annual financial statement audit. Information related to these Single Audits, including the schedules of financial assistance, findings and recommendations, and auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations is included in separate Single Audit Reports.

The Local Economy

Houston remains the world energy capital and energy drives the local economy. As such, the City has prospered from the skyrocketing oil prices of the last couple of years. Likewise, it is expected to feel some impact from the decline in oil prices that began in the second half of 2008. However, the Houston economy of today is no longer totally dependent on the energy sector. Shipping, aeronautics, health services, engineering, biomedical research and manufacturing also make strong contributions and help to minimize the impact of volatility in oil prices.

Although there are signs of weakening, Houston's economy is doing better than other cities. The rate of job growth has slowed from 3.8 percent in early 2008 to 2 percent in October 2008. Still, this is much better than the nation as a whole, which has posted monthly declines in job growth all year. Noted University of Houston economist Barton Smith predicts more job losses in 2009, but says the total will depend on how much Houston is impacted by the national recession. The local unemployment rate for October 2008 was 5.4 percent, compared to 5.1 percent in September and 4 percent a year ago.

According to the Houston Association of Realtors, Houston area home prices dipped 2.7 percent in October 2008, but year-to-date prices are up over 2007. On the other hand, home sales have dropped 14 months in a row and third quarter new housing starts are down 29 percent from the same period in 2007. In its October 2008 Economic Update for Houston, the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas reports that existing home sales are down about 30 percent for the year. New home sales are off by 50 percent. The declines are attributed to a combination of factors that include Hurricane Ike and the ongoing national credit crunch.

Houston retail and auto sales are down about 21 percent from 2007. Retail sales taxes, which account for about 29 percent of the City's budget, are trending downward, but have not turned negative. The City's largest revenue source is property taxes, which are based on property values. Area property values are holding steady for now. However, this indicator tends to lag the rest of the economy and therefore any impact may not be felt for a year or two.

Joining the oil industry in having a major impact on the Houston economy is the Port of Houston (Port) and the more than 150 private companies that line the Houston Ship Channel. The port is ranked first in the United States in foreign waterborne tonnage and second in the U.S. in total tonnage. More than 200 million tons of cargo moved through the Port of Houston in 2006. A total of 7,550 vessel calls were recorded at the Port of Houston during the year 2006. A recent study indicates ship channel related businesses support more than 785,000 jobs and had a statewide economic impact of \$118 billion in 2007. The Port's new Bayport Container and Cruise Terminal, the most technologically advanced container terminal on the gulf coast, opened in January 2007

The Houston Airport System (HAS), consisting of George Bush Intercontinental Airport, Hobby Airport and Ellington Field, is the fourth largest airport system in the country and the sixth largest in the world. The three airports served nearly 52 million passengers in 2007. Bush Intercontinental Airport is considered a prime gateway to Latin America and offers service to more Mexican destinations than any other U.S. airport. HAS does not use local tax dollars and is supported entirely from user fees and leases.

Houston also boasts the world renowned Texas Medical Center, a hub of medical research consisting of 45 member institutions and nine university systems that collectively serve 5.5 million patients annually. The medical center is the largest medical district in the world and accounts for nearly \$6 billion in regional spending, \$3.9 billion in regional personal income and 140,000 jobs.

Johnson Space Center (JSC) in Houston is responsible for training astronauts from the U.S. and our international space station partners. The Mission Control Center (MCC) at JSC directs all space shuttle missions, including international space station assembly flights. MCC also manages all activity onboard the international space station. JSC employs about 3,000 workers. Approximately 110 of these employees are astronauts. Another 12,000 workers are employed by contractors serving JSC.

Houston is one of only five cities to have professional resident companies in all of the major performing arts disciplines: opera, ballet, symphony and theater. The Houston Museum District attracts more than 7 million visitors every year. It is home to the Museum of Fine Arts, Houston; the Contemporary Arts Museum; the Houston Museum of Natural Science; the Holocaust Museum; the Children's Museum; the Lawndale Art Center; the John P. McGovern Museum of Health and Medical Sciences; the Houston Center for Contemporary Craft; the Houston Museum of Printing History and the brand new Buffalo Soldiers National Museum.

Revitalization of downtown Houston continues. The newest addition, Discovery Green Park, a 12 acre park located across from the George R. Brown Convention Center, opened in April 2008. The park features an interactive fountain, a pond, green spaces, a jogging trail, a playground, two restaurants, an amphitheater and picnic areas. In addition, four city blocks are being transformed into the Houston Pavilions, a \$170 million premiere entertainment, retail and urban office hub.

In recent years, Houston has hosted many major sporting events including Super Bowl XXXVIII in 2004, the World Series and Big 12 Conference football championship game in 2005, the NBA All-Star Game in 2006, the U.S. Men's Clay Court Championships from 2001-2006, The Tennis Masters Cup in 2003 and 2004, as well as the annual Shell Houston Open. Yet to come are the 2010 NCAA Men's Final Four and the 2011 Senior Olympics. Houston has teams in nearly every major professional sport including: Major League Baseball's 2005 National League Champions, the Houston Astros; the two time world champion Houston Rockets of the National Basketball Association; the National Football League's Houston Texans; the back-to-back MLS Cup Champions, the Houston Dynamo Soccer Team; the four-time world champion Houston Comets of the Women's National Basketball Association and the Houston Aeros, the 2003 American Hockey League Champions.

Financial Policies and Planning

The City has had formal financial and budgetary procedures in place since 1987. They require, among other things, a balanced budget, annual review of all fees and charges, funding of employee pensions and other benefits in a manner that systematically funds liabilities and maintenance of an Undesignated Fund Balance in its General Fund of a minimum of 5 percent of total expenses less debt service. Any funds in excess of 7.5 percent of total expenses less debt service are available for non-recurring expenses. In addition to the fund balance, the City has \$20 million in cash in the Rainy Day Fund, which can only be used for emergencies or to provide for unanticipated or unforeseen extraordinary needs. The Rainy Day Fund was utilized to help with the cleanup following Hurricane Ike. The City expects to replenish the Rainy Day Fund with reimbursement from the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

A 1983 resolution adopted by City Council requires the Mayor to develop and submit annually to the City Council for approval a continuous five-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). Each year, the Mayor must review the CIP, revise it as necessary, and obtain approval and adoption by City Council. The 2009-2013 CIP calls for the appropriation of \$4.41 billion over the five-year period for both enterprise and property tax supported projects. About \$2.66 billion of this total will be paid for with income generated by the self-

supporting enterprise funds. The rest will be funded with tax-supported public improvement bonds approved by Houston voters.

The City's financial policies further require that any capital projects or equipment purchases funded through the issuance of bonds or other obligations will be financed for a period not to exceed the expected life of the project or equipment. Annual contributions for debt service from the General Fund are limited to 20 percent of total General Fund revenues, excluding state and federal grants. In addition, Texas law mandates that the City's total tax supported indebtedness shall not exceed 10 percent of the total assessed valuation of property in the City. As of October 31, 2008, the City's outstanding debt payable from taxes and other revenue sources totaled \$12.1 billion. It has been the City's practice to maintain no more than 20 percent of the total outstanding debt for each type of debt in a variable rate structure. This is in compliance with all applicable financial policies and considered manageable.

The City has investments totaling approximately \$2.1 billion. We adhere to an investment policy that emphasizes, in order of priority, safety, liquidity and return on investment. The success of this deliberate approach is evident in the 'AAAf' credit quality rating and "S1" volatility rating assigned to the City's General Investment Portfolio by Standard and Poor's Rating Services.

Long-term Financial Forecast and Major Initiatives

Due to strong management practices in recent years that have resulted in disciplined budgets and healthy cash reserves, Houston is in better shape than other cities across the nation. Houston Mayor Bill White and I have agreed on a three point plan that will allow the City to maintain this strong financial position throughout the ongoing financial turmoil on Wall Street and the nationwide recession.

The basics of the plan are as follows:

- Identify and use internal fund balances to finance short-term debt needs when possible.
- Issue a smaller amount of long-term debt than originally planned and explore alternative financing methods, including commercial banks, to finance the balance.
- Defer some capital spending to avoid the issuance of expensive short-term debt. Projects already initiated will not be cancelled. Instead, we will slow down the rate of capital spending.

The most recent five-year planning scenario available from the City's Finance Department indicates known cost increases continue to put stress on the City budget. The main factors driving increased expenditures are contractual employee pay hikes, increased costs for employee health insurance benefits, pension responsibilities and operating costs for new facilities. As noted previously in this letter, the recession may also cause increased stress in the form of declining sales tax and property tax revenues. Various strategies are being used to ensure balanced budgets including cost cutting and productivity improvements, a strong commitment to an affordable CIP and strict management of employee health care benefits.

City Charter Limitations

Litigation regarding revenue restrictions appears to have been resolved in favor of the City. The long-term court fight was initiated by supporters of a 2004 ballot initiative placing limits on revenue growth within the City's General Fund. The group sued to force the City to implement their restrictions. As of this writing, they have all but exhausted their legal avenues, leaving another less restrictive voter approved initiative as the only restriction on City revenues. Proposition 1 applies only to property taxes and water and sewer rates, limiting annual growth of these two revenues to the lesser of the actual revenues in the preceding fiscal year plus 4.5 percent, or the revenues received in the previous fiscal year plus the cumulative combined rates of inflation and the City's population growth.

Employee Pension Funds

The City has three pension programs that cover all full time City employees: The Houston Municipal Employees Pension System (HMEPS) for municipal employees, the Houston Police Officers' Pension System (HPOPS) for classified police officers and the Houston Firefighters' Relief and Retirement Fund (HFRRF) for classified firefighters. According to the City's Fiscal Year 2009 Monthly Financial and Operations Report for the period ending September 2008, the unfunded liability for these three pensions totals \$2.01 billion. Negotiated changes in pension benefits, increased employee contributions and the use of pension obligation bonds have helped to reduce this unfunded liability in recent years. The City expects additional improvement in the unfunded liabilities in future years as the full impact of the negotiated changes takes affect. However, Wall Street's difficulties could have major impacts on the investments of the three pension systems, causing a corresponding increase in the unfunded liability. An actuarial report is anticipated in early 2009.

Retiree benefits

The City also provides certain health care benefits for its retired employees, their spouses and survivors. Beginning with the Fiscal Year 2008 CAFR, the City is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 (GASB 45) to report an actuarially determined cost of post-employment benefits, other than pensions, such as health and life insurance for current and future retirees. As of September 30, 2008 the City's total actuarial accrued liability for retiree health care benefits was approximately \$3.2 billion. It is the City's practice to fund the cost of OPEBs on an annual pay-as-you-go basis and account for OPEB costs as a current operating expense in the fiscal year in which the OPEB cost is paid.

Hurricane Ike

In September 2008 Houston was hit by Hurricane Ike, a category 2 storm with winds of 110 miles per hour. Windows were blown out of many downtown skyscrapers; even Reliant Stadium, the home of the Houston Texans NFL Team, was damaged. Nearly all of the greater Houston area was knocked off the power grid by Ike. Many residents were without power for 20 days. There was some minor flooding, but most of the damage was limited to downed trees and limbs. The City has spent about \$156 million on debris removal, employee overtime in the days following the storm and repairs to various City-owned facilities and equipment. The City expects reimbursement from FEMA for the majority of these expenses.

Award

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Houston for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. This was the 11th consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the dedicated services and hard work of a highly qualified staff. The City of Houston has such a staff in the City Controller's Office. Although much time and effort in preparation of this report lies in the Financial Reporting Division, there was support from the other divisions of the Office: Administration, Executive, Operations and Technical Services and Treasury. I would like to express my appreciation to the entire staff of the City Controller's Office, and to the staffs of the Finance and Administration, Aviation, Convention and Entertainment Facilities, and Public Works and Engineering departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

The City Controller's Office also received invaluable assistance and support from many others outside its immediate organization. Within the City of Houston, the accounting staffs of the operating departments and the technical staff of the Information Services Division all played key roles in producing this report. Deloitte & Touche LLP was not only our independent auditor, but also served as an invaluable source of information and ideas for improving the way City finances are reported. The design is the creative work of the Houston Independent School District Printing Services and its graphic designers. We also acknowledge the Mayor and City Council Members who have consistently supported the City's goal of excellence in all aspects of financial management. Their support is greatly appreciated, and I look forward to working with them to continue improving the City's financial condition.

Finally, I want to thank Houston's institutions of higher education that are featured in the photos used in the design of this year's report. The colleges and universities featured here represent just a fraction of the 100 plus higher education options in the Houston area. In the 2006-2007 academic year, these schools granted 33,862 associate degrees, one year and two year certificates, and 34,007 bachelor's degrees, master's degrees, doctoral and professional degrees, according to the Greater Houston Partnership.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Houston's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the City Controller, 901 Bagby, 8th Floor, Houston, Texas 77002.

Annise D. Parker City Controller

Sources:

City of Houston FY 08 Operating Budget

Mise D. Parken

City of Houston 2009-2014 Capital Improvement Plan

City of Houston General Fund Five-Year Planning Scenario

Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, Houston Economic Update, October 2008

Greater Houston Convention and Visitors Bureau

Greater Houston Partnership

Houston Airport System

Houston Association of Realtors

Houston Chronicle

Nasa.gov

Port Authority of Houston

Texas Medical Center

Texas Workforce Commission

U.S. Census Bureau

U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

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Executive Director

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Deloitte & Touche LLP Suite 4500 1111 Bagby Street Houston, TX 77002-4196

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor, Members of City Council and City Controller of the City of Houston, Texas:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Houston, Texas (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Houston's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Firefighter's Relief and Retirement Pension Trust Fund, the Municipal Employees' Pension Trust Fund and the Police Officers' Pension Trust Fund, blended component units of the City, which, in aggregate, represent 100% of the assets of the pension trust funds, within the fiduciary funds. In addition we did not audit the financial statements of the Houston Area Water Corporation, a nonmajor business-type enterprise fund, which represents 1% and 0% of the assets and revenues of business-type activities of the City. We also did not audit the financial statements of any governmental (except for the Houston Area Library Automated Network, Lamar Terrace Public Improvement District and Sharpstown Economic Development Authority) or business-type discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for such business-type activities, pension trust funds and governmental and business - type discretely presented component units, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("generally accepted auditing standards"). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the City of

Houston, Texas, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which requires the measurement, recognition, and display of other postemployment benefits for the year ended June 30, 2008.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (pages 3 through 13), Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Revenues and Expenditures of the General Operating Fund (pages 117-121), Pension System Supplementary Information (page 123) and Other Post Employment Benefits Supplementary Information (page 124) are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. This supplementary information is the responsibility of the City of Houston's management. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Houston, Texas' basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, and Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. This supplementary information is the responsibility of the City of Houston's management. The Individual Fund Statements and Schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The Introductory Section and Statistical Section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

December 19, 2008

Dellatte & Touche LLP

City of Houston, Texas

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2008 (Unaudited)

As management of the City of Houston, we offer readers of the City of Houston's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Houston for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. Please read this information in conjunction with the basic financial statements that follow this section. The discussion and analysis includes comparative data for 2007. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in millions of dollars.

Financial Highlights

Some of the City's financial highlights for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 include:

- The assets of the City of Houston exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3.891 billion.
- The City's total net assets decreased during the year by \$282 million.
- Unrestricted assets are a deficit of \$1.163 billion.
- The City of Houston's total expenses were \$3.923 billion.
- Program revenues of \$1.795 billion reduced the net cost of the City's functions to be financed from the City's general revenues to \$2.128 billion.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Houston's basic financial statements. The City of Houston's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Houston's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City of Houston's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the assets and liabilities reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Houston is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish between functions of the City of Houston that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Houston include general government, public safety, public works, health, housing and community development, parks and recreation, and library. The business-type activities of the City of Houston include the airport system, combined utility system, convention & entertainment facilities, and parking facilities management.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Houston itself (known as the primary government), but also legally separate component units for which the City of Houston is financially accountable. With the exception of the Houston Area Water Corporation and the three pension systems, financial information for the component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Houston Area Water Corporation and the pension systems, although also legally separate, function for all practical purposes as departments of the City of Houston, and therefore have been included as an integral part of the primary government.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Houston, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Houston can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. The governmental fund balance sheet (see pgs. 18-19) displays a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds. The reconciliation between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and governmental activities is provided on a separate schedule (see page 22).

The City of Houston maintains nine individual governmental funds for financial reporting purposes. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet (see page 18) and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances (see page 20) for the general fund, the debt service fund, the capital projects fund and the grants fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other funds is combined in the column labeled "Nonmajor Governmental Funds" on both of these statements (see also the separate tab labeled "Governmental Funds" for more information on these funds).

Proprietary funds. The City of Houston maintains two different types of proprietary funds (see statements beginning on page 24): Enterprise funds (see also separate tab of same name) and internal service funds (see also separate tab of same name). Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Houston uses enterprise funds to account for its aviation system, combined utility system (formerly called the water and sewer system), the convention and entertainment facilities and the parking facilities management. The City also includes the Houston Area Water Corporation as a nonmajor proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Houston's various functions. The City of Houston uses internal service funds to account for health and benefits and long-term disability activities. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the aviation system combined utility system and convention and entertainment facilities, all of which are considered to be major funds for the City of Houston. Conversely, both internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds (see separate tab of same name) are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City of Houston's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes (see separate tab of same name) provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning: General fund – budget vs. actual (pgs. 117-120); general budget policies (pg. 122); the City of Houston's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees (pg. 123); and other post employment benefits (pg. 124).

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Houston, on a government-wide basis, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3.891 billion at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Net Assets
June 30, 2008
(With comparative totals for 2007)
(in millions)

		Govern	nment	al	Busine	ss-typ	e				
		Activ	vities		Activ	vities			To	otal	
	200	08		2007	2008		2007		2008		2007
Current and other assets		1,054	\$	923	2,143	\$	2,212	\$	3,197	\$	3,135
Capital assets		6,059	Ψ	5,863	8,435	Ψ	8,038	Ψ	14,494	Ψ	13,901
Total as sets		7,113		6,786	10,578		10,250		17,691		17,036
Long-term liabilities		4,089		3,564	8,681		8,356		12,770		11,920
Other liabilities		606		541	424		402		1,030		943
Total liabilities		4,695		4,105	9,105		8,758		13,800		12,863
Net assets											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		3,516		3,481	552		745		4,068		4,226
Restricted		213		170	785		642		998		812
Unrestricted (deficit)		(1,310)		(970)	136		105		(1,174)		(865)
Total net assets	\$	2,419	\$	2,681	\$ 1,473	\$	1,492	\$	3,892	\$	4,173

By far the largest portion of the City of Houston's net assets (104.2%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, machinery, equipment and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Houston uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City of Houston's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City of Houston's net assets (25.7%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Change in Net Assets June 30, 2008

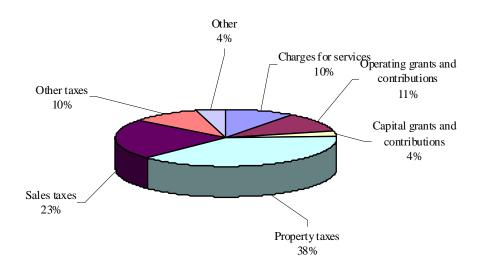
(With comparative totals for 2007) (in millions)

		nmental vities		ess-type vities	Total			
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007		
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 219	\$ 220	\$ 1,130	\$ 1,052	\$ 1,349	\$ 1,272		
Operating grants and contributions	232	247	5	3	237	250		
Capital grants and contributions	76	101	133	62	209	163		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	830	739	-	-	830	739		
Sales taxes	495	461	-	-	495	461		
Other taxes	219	216	66	59	285	275		
Other	96	55	141	135	237	190		
Total revenues	2,167	2,039	1,475	1,311	3,642	3,350		
Expenses:								
General government	194	130	-	-	194	130		
Public safety	1,401	1,230	-	-	1,401	1,230		
Public works	318	275	-	-	318	275		
Health	129	102	-	-	129	102		
Housing and community development	59	80	-	-	59	80		
Parks and recreation	103	85	-	-	103	85		
Library	50	39	-	-	50	39		
Retiree benefits	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Intergovernmental - grants	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest on Long-term Debt	126	135	-	-	126	135		
Depreciation and amortization	110	112	-	-	110	112		
Airport System	-	-	459	443	459	443		
Convention & Entertainment Facilities	-	-	111	106	111	106		
Combined Utility System	-	-	846	820	846	820		
Non-Major Enterprise Funds			17	21	17	21		
Total expenses	2,491	2,188	1,433	1,390	3,923	3,578		
Change in net assets before contributions,								
special items and transfers	(324)	(149)	42	(79)	(282)	(228)		
Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Special items	-	2	-	5	-	7		
Transfers	61	58	(61)	(58)				
Change in net assets	(263)	(89)	(19)	(132)	(282)	(221)		
Net assets July 1	2,681	2,772	1,492	1,622	4,173	4,394		
Net assets June 30	\$ 2,418	\$ 2,683	\$ 1,473	\$ 1,490	\$ 3,891	\$ 4,173		

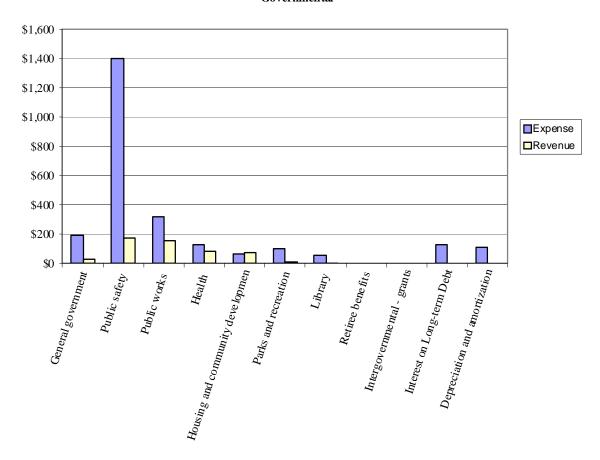
Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased the City of Houston's net assets by \$262 million. Key elements of this change are as follows:

- Sales tax revenue continued to show improvements during fiscal year 2008 providing a 7.4% increase for the year, from \$461 million to \$495 million.
- The City's property tax rate was lowered by \$.0050 to \$0.6375 per \$100 assessed value. Property tax revenue increased by \$91 million because of the City's rising property values and continued effort in the collection of delinquent taxes.
- The largest decrease in expenses was in the area of Housing and Community Development \$21 million.

Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



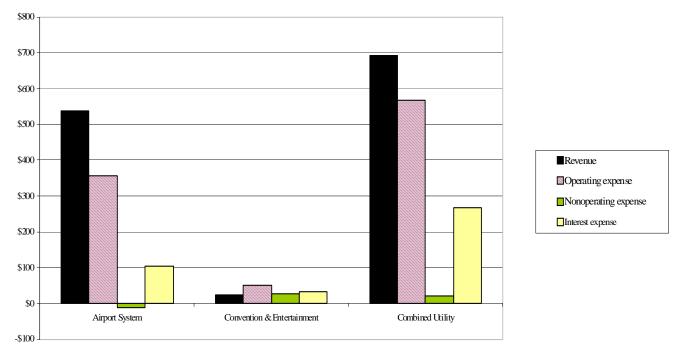
Program Revenue and Expense Governmental



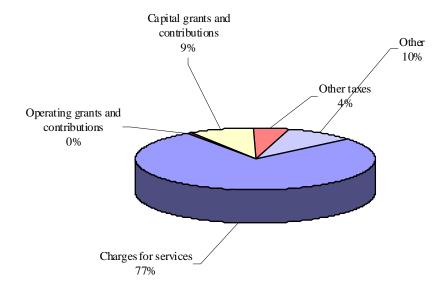
Business-type activities. Business-type activities reduced the City of Houston's net assets by \$19 million. Key elements of this change are as follows:

- Airport systems operating expenses were up by 4.1%, from \$342 million to \$356 million. Operating revenues for these facilities were up by 7.5%, from \$416 million to \$447 million. Investment income increased by 23.6% from \$34 million to \$42 million.
- Convention & Entertainment operating expenses were up by 4.4%, from \$47 million to \$49 million. Operating revenues were up by 8.5%, from \$21 million to \$22 million. Hotel occupancy taxes increased by 12.8%, from \$59 million to \$66 million.
- The Combined Utility System operating expenses decreased by 1.1% from \$573 million to \$567 million. Operating revenues increased by 5.3% from \$615 million to \$648 million. Investment income was down by 1.6%, from \$36 million to \$35 million and interest expense was up by 10.4% from \$242 million to \$268 million.
- The Parking Management Fund, created during the 2008 fiscal year, operating expenses were \$4.0 million. Operating revenues were \$13 million. Investment income was \$121 thousand and there was no interest expense.

Program Revenue & Expense Business-type



Revenue by Source Business-type



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Houston uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds (see pgs.18-21 and separate tab of same name). The focus of the City of Houston's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Houston's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Houston's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$694 million. Approximately 63% of this total amount (\$437 million) constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed (1) for capital expenditures (\$100 million), (2) to pay debt service (\$133 million), or (3) a variety of other restricted purposes (\$24 million).

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Houston. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$309 million, while the total fund balance reached \$332 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 19% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 21% of that same amount.

Key differences between last year's general fund activity and this year's include:

- \$107 million increase in total revenues
- \$80 million increase in expenditures
- \$28 million increase in proceeds for issuance of debt
- \$4 million increase in transfers from other funds
- \$34 million increase in transfers to other funds

Interest expenditures for the debt service fund increased by \$8 million. The net increase in fund balance was \$21.8 million.

The capital projects fund, which is used for the acquisition and/or construction of capital facilities by the City (except those financed by Enterprise Funds), has a fund balance of \$100 million. The net increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year was \$18 million.

Proprietary funds (see pgs.24-33 and tabs labeled "Enterprise Funds" and "Internal Services Funds"). The City of Houston proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

At the end of the year, unrestricted net assets were \$0 for the Airport System, \$33 million for Convention and Entertainment, \$94 million for the Combined Utility System and \$8.8 million for the Combined Non-Major Enterprise Funds. The total increase in net assets for the Airport System, the Convention and Entertainment and Combined Non-Major Enterprise funds were \$133 million, \$2.2 million and \$2.6 million respectively. The Combined Utility System fund experienced a decrease of \$156 million. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City of Houston's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Total revenues were above budget (pgs. 117 - 120), by \$56 million. The details of the more significant variances are detailed below:

- \$18 million increase in Sales taxes
- \$35 million increase in property taxes
- \$6 million increase in franchise taxes
- \$2 million increase in industrial assessments
- \$1 million decrease in other revenues
- \$5 million increase in interest
- \$9 million decrease in services performed for others
- \$2 million increase in other courts fines and forfeits

Total expenditures for the General Fund were \$13 million below the final expenditure budget. The details of the more significant variances are detailed below:

- \$4 million decrease in public safety expenditures
- \$6 million decrease in public works expenditures
- \$3 million decrease in total general government expenditures

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets (see Note 6, Capital Assets, pages 72–75). The City of Houston's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2008, amounts to \$14.5 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery, equipment, storm drainage, streets and bridges. The City of Houston's net investment in capital assets was relatively stable.

Capital Assets June 30, 2008 (With comparative totals for 2007)

(net of depreciation in millions)

	Governi Activ		Business-type Activities				Total			
	2008	2007		2008		2007		2008		2007
Land and right of way	\$ 2,029	\$ 1,988	\$	423	\$	406	\$	2,452	\$	2,394
Buildings, improvements										
and equipment	1,396	678		4,423		2,742		5,819		3,420
Plants, lines and rights	-	-		8,175		4,080		8,175		4,080
Construction in progress	413	377		652		810		1,065		1,187
Water rights	-	-		457		-		457		-
Garage rights	-	-		13		-		13		-
Infrastructure Assets	5,096	2,820		-		-		5,096		2,820
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,875)	(2,733)		(5,708)		(5,140)		(8,583)		(7,873)
Total	\$ 6,059	\$ 3,130	\$	8,435	\$	2,898	\$	14,494	\$	6,028

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Business-type activities construction in process balance reflects a \$158 million decrease.

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 6 to the financial statements.

Long-term debt (Note 8, pages 76–94). At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Houston had total bonded debt outstanding of \$11.2 billion. The two largest portions of this total are made up of \$3 billion comprising debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government and \$8.2 billion comprising various enterprise fund revenue bonds which are payable from future revenues of the various operations of those enterprise funds. The City issued \$35 million in pension obligations during the fiscal year to reduce the unfunded liability of Houston Police Officers Pension System. The remainder of the City of Houston's debt represents various long-term contracts.

Outstanding Debt June 30, 2008 (With comparative totals for 2007) (in millions)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Total			
	2008		2007		2008		2007		2008		2007	
General obligation bonds												
and commercial paper	\$ 2,586	\$	2,431	\$	283	\$	571	\$	2,869	\$	3,002	
Pension notes	472		421		96		96		568		517	
Inferior lien contract	-		-		50		54		50		54	
Capital lease	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Revenue bonds	-		-		7,739		7,245		7,739		7,245	
Other borrowings	15		20		-		4		15		24	
Total	\$ 3,073	\$	2,872	\$	8,168	\$	7,970	\$	11,241	\$	10,842	

The City's total debt increased by \$399 million or 3.7% during the current fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, the City issued the following debt:

- \$35 million of pension obligations to reduce unfunded accrued actuarial liability.
- \$228 million of general obligation debt to refund bonds and commercial paper and to fund capital projects.
- \$2.2 billion of combined utility system revenue bonds to refund auction rate securities, fund system projects and refund commercial paper.

Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch's underlying ratings of the City's obligations as of June 30, 2008 are as follows:

	Std & Poor's	Moody's	Fitch's
General Obligation	AA	Aa3	AA-
Water & Sewer System Junior Lien	AA	Aa3	AA-
Combined Utility System First Lien	AA	A1	A+
Houston Airport System	A+	A1	A+
Convention & Entertainment	A-	A3	n/r

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Houston is \$17.4 billion, which is significantly in excess of the City of Houston's outstanding general obligation debt.

Next Year's Budget and Rates

Highlights of the fiscal year 2009 budget are as follows:

- Decreased the property tax rate by 1/2 cent to 63.875 cents per \$100 of valuation and increased the homestead exemption for senior citizens.
- The public safety budget was increased to primarily provide resources for Firefighter raises, fuel, three fire cadet classes, seven police cadet classes, demolition of dangerous buildings and cleanup of weeded lots, and a significant increase in fire pension contribution rate.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Houston's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the City Controller, 901 Bagby, 8th Floor, Houston, Texas 77002.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2008 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Go	Governmental		isiness-type			Component Units			
		Activities		Activities		Total	Gov	ernmental	Bus	siness-type
Assets										
Current Assets										
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	675,917	\$	1,560,868	\$	2,236,785	\$	166,869	\$	77,320
Receivables, net of allowances										
Accounts receivable		84,832		121,675		206,507		16,230		19,783
Contracts receivable		-		-		-		825		-
Hotel occupancy tax receivable		-		18,627		18,627		-		-
Property taxes receivable		42,950		-		42,950		-		-
Sales taxes receivable		86,946		-		86,946		-		-
Mixed beverage taxes receivable		2,759		-		2,759		-		-
Franchise taxes receivable		17,535		-		17,535		-		-
Special assessments receivable		11,288		93		11,381		_		-
Accrued interest and other		-		-		-		707		232
Due from component units		10,084		13,033		23,117		_		-
Internal balances		578		(578)		-		_		-
Due from other governments		80,256		9,448		89.704		_		1,669
Inventory		21,494		9,037		30,531		18,225		312
Prepaid items		1,963		6,659		8,622		112		1,195
Deferred charges for issuance cost		17,128		65,437		82,565		4,143		2,473
Noncurrent assets		.,		,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,		,
Investments		_		29,230		29,230		34,120		14,253
Other receivables		_		,		,		480		1,289
Due from component units		-		299,350		299,350		-		-
Assessments receivable		-		-		_		4,002		-
Accrued interest receivable		_		_		_		_		55
Receivable and deposits		_		_		_		_		5,916
Other assets										- ,-
Other long-term receivables		-		10,058		10,058		75		6,281
Capital Assets										
Land and right-of-way		2,029,053		422,674		2,451,727		84,078		11,488
Buildings, improvements and equipment		1,395,745		4,423,006		5,818,751		18,418		331,554
Plants, lines and rights		-		8,175,389		8,175,389		-		-
Construction in progress		413,613		652,019		1,065,632		_		14,391
Water rights		, <u> </u>		456,915		456,915		-		´-
Garage rights		-		13,144		13,144		_		-
Infrastructure assets		5,095,619		-		5,095,619		_		
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(2,874,685)		(5,708,227)		(8,582,912)		(8,378)		(63,099)
Total assets	\$	7,113,075	\$	10,577,857	\$	17,690,932		(-,)		425,112

(Continued)

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2008 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental	Business-type		Compone	ent Units	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Governmental	Business-type	
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$ 102,930	\$ 100,744	\$ 203,674	\$ 10,365	\$ 10,227	
Accrued payroll liabilities	54,443	8,817	63,260	50	707	
Accrued interest payable	49,571	83,898	133,469	5,750	3,832	
Contracts and retainages payable	113	42,340	42,453	7,809	1,669	
Due to component units	-	23,847	23,847	- 2.427	-	
Due to other governments	24,852	1,196	26,048	3,437	-	
Advances and deposits Other liabilities	7,405	39,267	46,672	167 5,791	-	
Deferred revenue	36,080	-	36,080	792	1,335	
Unearned revenue	-	2,003	2,003	-	1,555	
Advances and deposits	_	2,003	2,003	695	_	
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due within one year						
Notes payable	-	-	-	5,028	1,338	
Revenue bonds payable	-	99,453	99,453	5,940	-	
Claims and judgments	21,313	2,517	23,830	-	-	
Compensated absences	130,852	12,193	143,045	22	-	
Deferred electricity	1,515	3,876	5,391	-	-	
Bonds payable	174,868	-	174,868	-	9,275	
Inferior lien contracts	-	3,880	3,880	-	-	
Other liabilities	1,745	-	1,745	-	355	
Due in more than one year				9,665	300,690	
Due to City of Houston Notes payable	-	-	-	9,663 18,691	300,090	
Revenue bonds payable	-	7,639,737	7.639.737	140,145	_	
Claims and judgments	121,056	5,200	126,256	-	_	
Compensated absences	269,461	19,086	288,547	_	_	
Contracts payable	205,101	188,384	188,384	5,013	-	
Bonds payable	1,784,897	-	1,784,897	-	_	
Inferior lien contracts	1,701,077	45,820	45,820	_	_	
Commercial paper	625,950	283,300	909,250	_	_	
Arbitrage rebate liability	242	5,182	5,424	_	_	
Other long-term liabilities	13,315	5,162	13,315		2,360	
Collateralized note payable	258,028	89,700	347,728	-	2,300	
* *				-	-	
Municipal pension trust liability Police officers' pension trust liability	203,814 318,567	81,648	285,462 318,567	-	-	
Fire fighter's pension trust liability	39,384	-	39,384	-	-	
Deferred revenue	37,364	285,198	285,198	50	15,688	
Other post employment benefits	239,622	32,419	272,041	30	13,000	
Pension obligation bonds payable	214,178	5,577	219,755	-	_	
Total liabilities	4,694,201	9,105,282	13,799,483	219,410	347,476	
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,515,596	551,820	4,067,416	78,053	(35,078)	
Restricted net assets	2,2-2,23	,	,,,,,,,,,		(55,515)	
Restricted for debt service	81,906	83,999	165,905	24,661	31,318	
Restricted for renewal and replacement	-	10,200	10,200	21,001	-	
Restricted for maintenance and operations	_	122,409	122,409	8,464	_	
Restricted for capital improvement	104,947	568,287	673,234	10,774	_	
Other restricted	26,714	500,207	26,714	60,207	38,949	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,310,289)	135,860	(1,174,429)	(61,663)	42,447	
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ 2,418,874	\$ 1,472,575	\$ 3,891,449	\$ 120,496	\$ 77,636	

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 (amounts expressed in thousands)

			Program Revenue								
Functions/Programs	1	Expenses	(Charges for Services	G	perating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions				
Primary Government											
Governmental activities											
General government	\$	193,928	\$	11,104	\$	18,973	\$	-			
Public safety		1,400,837		131,221		37,074		-			
Public works		317,749		53,375		28,024		76,497			
Health		129,197		17,093		65,263		_			
Housing and community development		59,182		-		75,087		-			
Parks and recreation		102,758		4,683		5,630		-			
Library		49,687		1,035		2,152		-			
Interest on long-term debt		126,349		-		-		-			
Unallocated Depreciation		110,174									
Total governmental activities		2,489,861		218,511		232,203		76,497			
Business-type activities											
Airport System		459,521		447,176		-		91,175			
Convention & Entertainment facilities		110,576		22,306		2,406		-			
Combined Utility System		846,368		648,269		2,343		41,075			
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		17,485		13,045				478			
Total business-type activities		1,433,950		1,130,796		4,749		132,728			
Total primary government	\$	3,923,811	\$	1,349,307	\$	236,952	\$	209,225			
Component Units											
Governmental		112,342		2,476		45,356		317			
Business-type		107,438		97,049		5,678		-			
Total component units activities	\$	219,780	\$	99,525	\$	51,034	\$	317			

General Revenues:

Taxes

Property taxes levied for general purposes/tax increments

Property taxes levied for debt service

Industrial assessments tax

Sales tax

Franchise tax

Mixed beverage tax

Bingo tax

Hotel occupancy tax

Intergovernmental - grants

Investment earnings

Other

 $\label{eq:special linear} \textbf{Special Items - gain (loss) on sale of assets} \\ \textbf{Transfers}$

Total general revenues, special items, and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets (deficit) beginning

New component unit & restatement (see Note 16)

Net assets (deficit) ending

(Continued)

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

		Changes in Net Assets Primary Government						
Gov	vernmental	Business-type		Component Units				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Govern	mental		ess-type	
\$	(163,851)	\$ -	\$ (163,851)	\$	_	\$	_	
	(1,232,542)	- -	(1,232,542)		-		-	
	(159,853)	-	(159,853)		-		-	
	(46,841)	-	(46,841)		-		-	
	15,905	-	15,905		-		-	
	(92,445)	-	(92,445)		-		-	
	(46,500)	-	(46,500)		-		-	
	(126,349)	-	(126,349)		-		-	
	(110,174)		 (110,174)				-	
	(1,962,650)	-	 (1,962,650)				-	
	_	78,830	78,830		_		_	
	_	(85,864)	(85,864)		_		_	
	_	(154,681)	(154,681)		_		_	
	_	(3,962)	(3,962)		_		_	
	-	(165,677)	(165,677)		-		-	
	(1,962,650)	(165,677)	(2,128,327)		-		-	
	-	-	-		(64,193)		- (4.711	
			 -		(64,193)		(4,711	
			 		(04,173)		(4,711	
	606,987	_	606,987		66,477		750	
	222,850	_	222,850		-		-	
	17,787	-	17,787		_		_	
	495,173	_	495,173		_		_	
	190,518	_	190,518		_		_	
	10,479	-	10,479		-		-	
	256	-	256		-		-	
	-	66,232	66,232		-		-	
	-	-	-		3,739		-	
	36,516	96,492	133,008		4,254		4,870	
	58,743	44,738	103,481		3,261		10,952	
	-	-	-		101		-	
	60,824	(60,824)	 <u> </u>		-		-	
	1,700,133	146,638	 1,846,771		77,832		16,572	
	(262,517)	(19,039)	(281,556)		13,639		11,861	
	2,681,391	1,491,614 -	4,173,005		104,403 2,454		65,775 -	
\$	2,418,874	\$ 1,472,575	\$ 3,891,449	\$	120,496	\$	77,636	

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS} \\ \textbf{BALANCE SHEET } -- \textbf{GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS} \end{array}$

June 30, 2008 amounts expressed in thousands

		General		Debt Service	Capital Projects	
Assets				_		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	265,602	\$	131,891	\$	119,657
Receivables, net of allowances						
Accounts receivable		44,160		-		4,598
Property taxes receivable		42,950		-		_
Sales taxes receivable		86,946		_		-
Mixed beverage taxes receivable		2,759		_		=
Franchise taxes receivable		17,535		_		_
Special assessments receivable		11,288		_		_
Due from component units		11,200		5,779		_
Due from other funds		323		3,779		-
				-		22.957
Due from other governments		3,719		-		23,856
Inventory		20,008		-		-
Prepaid items	_	1,914		- 127 (70	_	49
Total assets	\$	497,204	\$	137,670	\$	148,160
Liabilities and fund balance						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		39,202		414		42,724
Accrued payroll liabilities		48,896		-		-
Due to other funds		136		-		-
Due to other governments		7,992		-		-
Advances and deposits		4,061		-		489
Deferred electricity		263		-		-
Claims and judgments		2,466		-		-
Compensated absences		2,978		-		-
Other liabilities		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		59,704		5,779		4,604
Total liabilities		165,698	-	6,193		47,817
Fund balance						
Reserved for imprest cash and prepaids		2,032		_		_
Reserved for equipment acquisitions and other capital outlay		-		-		100,343
Reserved for inventory		20,008		-		-
Reserved for debt service		-		131,477		-
Unreserved		309,466		-		-
Unreserved - Special revenue funds				-		
Total fund balance		331,506		131,477		100,343
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	497,204	\$	137,670	\$	148,160

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Assets not available to pay for current-period expenditures are deferred in the funds.

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of health, benefits and workers' compensation to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

Liabilities, including bonds payable, not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.

Net assets of governmental activities

(Continued)

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

 Grants	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
\$ 12,504	128,474	\$	658,128
18,110	12,657		79,525
-	-		42,950
-	-		86,946
-	-		2,759
-	-		17,535
-	-		11,288
4,305	-		10,084
-	-		323
48,913	3,768		80,256
1,468	18		21,494
 -			1,963
\$ 85,300	\$ 144,917	\$	1,013,251
14,309	6,098		102,747
2,135	3,309		54,340
200	-		336
12,740	4,120		24,852
552	2,303		7,405
-	4		267
-	12		2,466 2,990
_	113		113
 44,575	9,458		124,120
 74,511	25,417		319,636
			2.022
_	-		2,032 100,343
1,468	18		21,494
1,768	-		133,245
7,553	-		317,019
 -	119,482		119,482
 10,789	119,500	-	693,615
\$ 85,300	\$ 144,917		
 00,000	Ψ 111,517		
			6,059,345
			111,734
			7,331
			(4,453,151)
		\$	2,418,874

 $^{^{\}ast}$ The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES and CHANGES in FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With comparative amounts for 2007 amounts expressed in thousands

		General	Debt Service			Capital Projects
Revenues		General	Servi	<u>ce</u>		Frojects
Taxes and assessments	\$	1,544,777	\$	_	\$	-
Licenses and permits	_	20,841	*	_	-	_
Charges for services		91,832		_		_
Intergovernmental - grants		33,395		_		70,562
Fines and forfeits		41,631		_		-
Investment income		18,662		6,182		5,044
Other		13,896		1,707		7,444
Total revenues		1,765,034		7,889		83,050
Expenditures						
Current Expenditures						
General government		132,175		-		-
Public safety		1,015,001		-		-
Public works		208,552		-		-
Health		50,520		-		-
Housing and community development		473		-		-
Parks and recreation		63,562		-		-
Library		34,845		-		-
Retiree benefits		18,506		-		-
Capital outlay		70,223		-		262,432
Debt service principal		1,400	19	6,371		-
Debt service interest		4,514	12	5,478		-
Debt service fiscal agent & fees				3,700		
Total expenditures		1,599,771	32	5,549		262,432
Other financing sources (uses)						
Issuance of debt		130,623		50		256,378
Issuance of refunding debt		-	21	9,238		-
Bond premium		-		9,004		-
Sale of capital assets		4,879		-		3,276
Transfers in		9,016	33	6,924		439
Transfers out		(256,374)		-		(62,264)
Payment to escrow agent for refunded bonds			(22	5,740)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(111,856)	33	9,476		197,829
Changes in fund balance		53,407	2	1,816		18,447
Fund balances, July 1		278,099	10	9,661		81,896
Fund balances, June 30	\$	331,506	\$ 13	1,477	\$	100,343

(Continued)

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

Gra	ants	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds		Total
\$		\$	325	\$	1,545,102
Ψ		Ψ	41,291	Ψ	62,132
	_		20,722		112,554
	181,446		15,314		300,717
	-		15,370		57,001
	788		5,840		36,516
	-		32,488		55,535
	182,234		131,350		2,169,557
	846		11,316		144,337
	38,647		53,874		1,107,522
	236		72,645		281,433
	57,066		1,244		108,830
	76,951		278		77,702
	6,470		7,322		77,354
	1,710		-		36,555
	-		-		18,506
	-		-		332,655
	-		19		197,790
	-		-		129,992
			-		3,700
	181,926		146,698	-	2,516,376
	-		-		387,051
	-				219,238
	-		-		9,004
	417		185		8,757
	-		50,281		396,660
	(561)		(9,674)		(328,873)
	- (1.4.6)		40.702		(225,740)
	(144)		40,792		466,097
	164		25,444		119,278
	10,625		94,056		574,337
\$	10,789	\$	119,500	\$	693,615

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 119,278
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation (\$167,630) was less than the increase in capital assets (\$363,687) in the current period.	196,057
Revenue in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are deferred as revenues in the funds.	79,546
Generally, governmental funds report revenue when cash is actually received, or is expected 60 days after the close of the fiscal year. Cash received during the period relates to prior periods.	(97,762)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report, as expenditures, the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(199,406)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Governmental funds report payments as expenditures in the period of disbursement. The liquidation of long-term liabilities previously accrued should not be reported in the statement of activities.	(359,706)
Internal service funds are used by management to change the costs of certain activities, such as the cost of health benefits, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	(524)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (262,517)

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

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Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

amounts expressed in thousands

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	-	Airport System		Convention & Entertainment		Combined Utility
Assets						
Current Assets	Φ.	020 002	Ф.	00.072	Ф	(25.502
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	828,803	\$	90,873	\$	635,593
Receivables, net of allowances		21.270		2 002		07.700
Accounts receivable		21,279		2,003		96,728
Hotel occupancy tax receivable		-		18,627		-
Special assessments receivable		-		-		93
Due from component units		-		13,033		-
Due from other funds		34		102		1,544
Due from other governments		3,688		826		4,866
Inventory		2,869		-		6,168
Prepaid items		2,224		708		3,727
Restricted assets						
Investments		7,456		21,774		-
Total current assets		866,353		147,946		748,719
Noncurrent Assets						
Due from component units		-		299,350		-
Due from other funds		-		-		96,859
Deferred charges for issuance cost		5,261		3,439		56,737
Total noncurrent restricted assets		5,261		302,789		153,596
Other assets						
Amount held by other governments		-		-		10,058
Capital assets					-	
Land		207,439		99,757		115,478
Buildings, improvements and equipment	3,	741,652		456,324		204,679
Plants, lines and rights		-		-		8,053,794
Construction in progress		236,090		1,849		413,610
Water rights		-		-		456,915
Garage rights				13,144		-
Total capital assets	4,	185,181		571,074		9,244,476
Less accumulated depreciation and amortiztion	(1,	328,082)		(157,839)		(4,210,358)
Net capital assets		857,099		413,235		5,034,118
Total noncurrent assets		862,360		716,024		5,197,772
Total assets	\$ 3,	728,713	\$	863,970	\$	5,946,491
						(Continued)

 $^{^{\}star}$ The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

 siness-type Activities-Enterprise Funds		Ac	ernmental ctivities nternal	
n-Major terprise		Total		ervice Funds
\$ 5,599	\$	1,560,868	\$	17,78
1,665		121,675		
-		18,627		-
-		93		-
-		13,033		-
200		1,880		-
68		9,448		-
-		9,037		-
-		6,659		-
-		29,230		-
7,532		1,770,550		17,79
-		299,350		-
-		96,859		-
		65,437		-
-		461,646		-
-		10,058		-
_		422,674		-
20,351		4,423,006		-
121,595		8,175,389		-
470		652,019		33
-		456,915		-
-		13,144		-
142,416		14,143,147		33
 (11,948)		(5,708,227)		
130,468		8,434,920		33
130,468		8,906,624		33
\$ 138,000	\$	10,677,174	\$	18,12

 $^{^{\}star}$ The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

amounts expressed in thousands

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

	Airport System	Convention & Entertainment	Combined Utility
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 6,116	\$ 6,669	\$ 87,152
Accrued payroll liabilities	3,441	380	4,908
Accrued interest payable	47,686	5,622	30,590
Contracts and retainages payable	24,132	-	18,155
Due to other funds	7	-	316
Due to component units	-	23,847	-
Due to other governments	-	108	1,088
Advances and deposits	1,976	1,052	36,239
Inferior lien contracts	3,880	· -	-
Claims and judgments	1,260	-	1,257
Compensated absences	4,343	489	7,252
Deferred electricity note	1,011	255	2,610
Revenue bonds payable	43,050	18,620	37,783
Unearned revenue	1,607	396	-
Total current liabilities from unrestricted assets	138,509	57,438	227,350
Total Current Liabilities	138,509	57,438	227,350
Noncurrent liabilities			
Revenue bonds payable	2,051,120	605,938	4,982,679
Claims and judgments	3,762	160	1,278
Compensated absences	5,514	718	12,783
Contracts payable	- ,-		188,384
Inferior lien contracts	45,820	<u>-</u>	-
Commercial paper	83,000	43,800	156,500
Arbitrage rebate	-	340	4,842
Pension note payable	34,800	3,300	51,600
Municipal pension trust liability	30,109	3,156	48,306
Other post employment benefits	11,356	918	19,856
Due to other funds		-	
Unearned revenue	_	9,696	275,502
Pension obligation bonds payable	2,006	189	3,382
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,267,487	668,215	5,745,112
Total liabilities	2,405,996	725,653	5,972,462
Not occuts (definit)			
Net assets (deficit) Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	685,286	63,806	(226,413)
-	063,260	03,800	(220,413)
Restricted net assets Restricted for debt service	Z7 947	16 150	
	67,847	16,152	-
Restricted for renewal and replacement	10,000	10.503	
Restricted for maintenance and operations	41,048	18,502	63,450
Restricted for capital improvements	518,536	6,865	42,886
Unrestricted	- 1 222 717	32,992	94,106
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ 1,322,717	\$ 138,317	\$ (25,971)

Cumulative liability resulting from internal service funds' undercharging proprietary funds Net assets of business-type activities

(Continued)

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

Non-	Business-type Acti Fun Non-Major Enterprise		Total	Ac In Se	rnmental tivities ternal ervice unds
Ente	I pi ise		Total		unus
\$	807	\$	100,744	\$	18
	88		8,817		10
	-		83,898		-
	53		42,340		-
	1,544		1,867		-
	-		23,847		-
	-		1,196		-
	-		39,267		-
	-		3,880		2 91
	100		2,517		2,81
	109		12,193 3,876		21
	-		99,453		-
	_		2,003		1,26
	2,601		425,898		4,57
		-		-	,- ,-
	2,601	-	425,898	-	4,57
	-		7,639,737		-
	-		5,200		6,43
	71		19,086		4
	-		188,384		-
	-		45,820		-
	-		283,300		-
	-		5,182		-
	-		89,700		-
	77		81,648		-
	289		32,419		-
	96,859		96,859		-
	-		285,198		-
	97,296	-	5,577 8,778,110	-	6,47
	91,290		8,778,110	-	0,47
	99,897		9,204,008		11,05
					_
	29,141		551,820		33
	-		83,999		-
	200		10,200		-
	-		123,000		-
	-		568,287		-
Φ.	8,762		135,860		6,74
\$	38,103		1,473,166	\$	7,07
			(501)		
		•	(591)		
		\$	1,472,575		

 $^{^{\}star}$ The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 amounts expressed in thousands

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

Airport Convention & Combined System **Entertainment** Utility **Operating Revenues** Landing area fees \$ 99,017 \$ \$ 211,786 Terminal space rentals 72,958 9,774 Parking Concession 58,789 5,308 Other 4,626 Rental 7,224 Water/Sewer Billing 648,269 Health benefit premiums Total operating revenue 447,176 22,306 648,269 **Operating Expenses** Administrative costs Claims Costs Maintenance and operating 229,551 37,276 346,665 12,084 220,190 Depreciation and amortization 125,951 49,360 Total operating expenses 355,502 566,855 (27,054)Operating income (loss) 91,674 81,414 Nonoperating revenue (expenses) Investment income 41,694 19,186 35,435 Hotel occupancy tax 66,232 Other revenue 514 1,077 31,517 Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets 37 (12,009)1 Other expenses 11,608 (28,066)(267,504)Interest on long-term debt (104,056)(33,150)Contributions 2,406 2,343 27,686 (50,203) (210,218)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers 41,471 632 (128,804)Capital contributions 91,175 881 42,862 Transfers in 1,304 1,020 Transfers out (593)(71,167)(70,147) Total transfers 711 Change in net assets 132,646 2,224 (156,089) Liability resulting from internal service fund's undercharging proprietary funds Net change Total net assets (deficit), July 1 1,190,071 136,093 130,118 Total net assets (deficit), June 30 1,322,717 138,317 (25,971)

Cumulative liability resulting from internal service funds' undercharging proprietary funds Total net assets business-type activities

(Continued)

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statement are an integral part of this statement *

Dusi	ness-type Act Fu	nds		Governmental Activities	
	n-Major terprise		Total	5	nternal Service Funds
\$		¢	00.017	\$	
Φ	-	\$	99,017 211,786	Ф	_
	13,045		95,777		_
	-		64,097		_
	_		4,626		_
	_		7,224		_
	-		648,269		_
	_		-		266,475
	13,045		1,130,796		266,475
	-		· · ·		•
	3,727		3,727		3,02
	-		-		265,254
	8,778		622,270		-
	4,679		362,904		-
	17,184		988,901		268,28
	(4,139)		141,895	-	(1,80
	177		96,492		1,282
	-		66,232		-,
	457		33,565		_
	-		(11,971)		_
	-		(16,458)		-
	(301)		(405,011)		-
	478		5,227		-
	811		(231,924)		1,282
	(3,328)		(90,029)		(524
	4,295		139,213		-
	8,823		11,147		-
	(7,174)		(78,934)		
	1,649		(67,787)		-
	2,616		(18,603)		(524
			(436)		
	35,487		(19,039) 1,491,769		7,598
\$	38,103		1,472,730	\$	7,07
	,			<u></u>	. ,
		Φ.	(155)		
		\$	1,472,575		

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statement are an integral part of this statement *

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 amounts expressed in thousands

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Funds
	Airport System			vention & rtainment		Combined Utility
Cash flows from operating activities						
Receipts from customers	\$ 437,	312	\$	20,621	\$	623,236
Payments to employees	(84,	338)		(9,029)		(127,065)
Payments to suppliers	(91,	173)		(26,578)		(123,271)
Internal activity-payments (to) from other funds	(36,	833)		(784)		(17,032)
Claims paid	(1,	260)		(31)		(459)
Due from other governments		-		29		-
Other revenues		571		1,077		31,517
Other expenses		-		(1,962)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	224,	279		(16,657)		386,926
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest income on investments	41,	863		19,186		35,435
Purchase of investments	(26,	927)		-		-
Proceeds from sale of investments	26,	485		-		-
Gain(loss) on sale of nonpooled stock	(169)		-		-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	41,	252		19,186		35,435
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Retirement of revenue bonds	(21	500)		(17,540)		(107,416)
Refunding of revenue bonds	(247,			(17,540)		(107,410)
Retirement of commercial paper	, ,	000)		-		-
Proceeds (uses of cash) from issuance of revenue bonds	290,			_		131,436
Proceeds from issuance of commercial paper		000		8,300		220,000
Passenger facilities charges	,	608		5,500		220,000
Interest expense on debt	(112,			(23,926)		(207,739)
Retirement of inferior lien contract	, ,	660)		(23,920)		(201,139)
Proceeds from disposition of assets	(3,	-		_		14.178
Advances and deposits on construction		17		_		14,176
Contributed capital	84	417		_		112,407
Deferred bond issuance costs	04,	-		_		(17,139)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(131,	710)		(2,852)		(385,352)
Retirement of contractual obligations	(131,	-		(2,032)		(122,788)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(155,	675)		(36,018)		(362,413)
1.00 cash provided by (ased in) capital and rolated intalients activities	(155,	010)		Continued)		(302,113)
			,			

 $^{^{\}star}$ The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

Governmental Activities		- Enterprise	Business-type Ac Fu	
Internal Service Funds		Total		Non-Major Enterprise
266,472	\$	1,093,965	\$	12,796
(2,328		(222,616)		(2,184)
(349		(252,296)		(11,274)
(29		(44,054)		10,595
(265,016		(1,750)		-
-		29		-
-		33,622		457
-		(1,962)		-
(1,250		604,938		10,390
1,282		96,661		177
-		(26,927)		-
_		30,700		4,215
_		(169)		-
1,282		100,265		4,392
-		(160,693)		(1,237)
-		(247,858)		-
		(43,000)		
-		422,299		-
-		259,300		-
		11,608		-
-		(345,617)		(1,100)
-		(3,660)		-
-		14,178		-
-		724		707
-		196,824		-
-		(17,139)		-
(334		(520,294)		(380)
-		(122,788)		
(334		(556,116)		(2,010)

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008 amounts expressed in thousands

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fund		
	Airport System	Convention & Entertainment	Combined Utility
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities			
Promotional contract paid from hotel occupancy tax revenues to component units	-	(26,104)	-
Interest expense electrical contract	(50)	-	-
Interest expense on pension obligation bonds	(106)	(10)	-
Interest expense collateralized note	(2,958)	(281)	-
Deferred charges on future debt issuance	(28)	-	-
Payments from Hotel Corporation	-	2,622	-
Hotel occupancy tax revenue	-	64,474	-
Transfers to debt service fund	-	-	(25,804)
Transfers to other funds		711	(44,342)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(3,142)	41,412	(70,146)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	106,714	7,923	(10,198)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	722,089	82,950	645,791
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 828,803	\$ 90,873	\$ 635,593
Non cash transactions			
Amortization expense	-	-	13,013
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	7,573	812	3,820
Capital additions included in liabilities	(5,023)	-	38,524
Contributions of capital assets	(5,486)	881	42,863
Capitalize interest expense	12,071	-	18,566
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	(37)	-	-
Total non cash transactions	\$ 9,098	\$ 1,693	\$ 116,786
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used)			
by operating activities			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 91,674	\$ (27,054)	\$ 81,414
Depreciation and amortization	125,952	12,084	220,190
Other post employment benefits	11,356	918	19,856
Other revenues	571	1,077	31,516
Other expenses	-	(1,962)	-
Changes in assets and liabilities			
Accounts receivable and prepaids	(1,817)	(777)	(28,704)
Arbitrage rebate	-	-	2,415
Due from other funds	(28)	(26)	-
Due from other governments	-	-	4,511
Inventory and prepaid insurance	639	(44)	(1,151)
Accounts payable	(975)	(444)	48,426
Accrued payroll liabilities	681	83	755
Due to other funds	(602)	-	316
Due to other governments	-	29	-
Advances and deposits	(8,047)	(215)	3,671
Construction and retainages payable	-	-	-
Claims and judgments-workers' compensation	905	(131)	28
Compensated absences	1,373	342	2,457
Pension Obligation payable	2,597	289	3,679
Deferred revenue	=	(931)	-
Other long-term liabilities		105	(2,453)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 224,279	\$ (16,657)	\$ 386,926

(Continued)

 $^{^{\}star}$ The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

Busi		tivitie unds	s - Enterprise	G	overnmental Activities Internal
	n-Major iterprise		Total		Service Funds
	-		(26,104)		-
	-		(50)		-
	-		(116) (3,239)		-
	-		(28)		-
	(7,174)		(4,552)		-
	-		64,474		-
	-		(25,804) (43,631)		-
	(7,174)		(39,050)		<u> </u>
	5,599		110,037		(302)
	-		1,450,830		18,091
\$	5,599	\$	1,560,867	\$	17,789
	(4)		13,009		
	17		12,222		-
	-		33,501		-
	-		38,258		-
	4,295		34,932		-
\$	4,308	\$	(37) 131,885	\$	-
\$	(4,139)	\$	141,895	\$	(1,806)
	4,680		362,906		-
	8,588		32,130 41,752		-
	-		(1,962)		-
	1,523		(29,775)		(2)
	-		2,415		-
	-		(54)		-
	-		4,511		(1,602)
	(895)		(556) 46,112		121
	88		1,607		26
	-		(286)		-
	-		29 (4.501)		1,602
	-		(4,591)		10
	-		802		260
	-		4,172		37
	180		6,745		104
	365		(931) (1,983)		104
\$	10,390	\$	604,938	\$	(1,250)

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2008

amounts expressed in thousands

	 ension st Funds	Agency Funds
Assets		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 5,886	\$ 17,141
Investments		
U.S. government and agency securities	46,189	-
Corporate bonds	88,482	-
Other fixed income securities	1,888,289	-
Commingled equity funds	537,365	-
Common and preferred stock	3,137,672	-
Real estate and partnerships	2,286,790	-
Short-term investment funds	226,219	-
Invested securities lending collateral	829,714	-
Receivables, net of allowances		
Accounts receivable	26,365	121
Contributions	5,007	-
Accrued interest and other	436,415	-
Other Assets	52,707	-
Land	483	-
Building	6,916	_
Total assets	 9,574,499	 17,262
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	101,885	17,129
Advances and deposits	-	133
Security lending collateral	829,714	-
Foreign funds contracts payable	18,772	-
Other liabilities	 4,638	
Total liabilities	 955,009	\$ 17,262
Net assets		
Held in trust for pension benefits and other purposes	\$ 8,619,490	

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

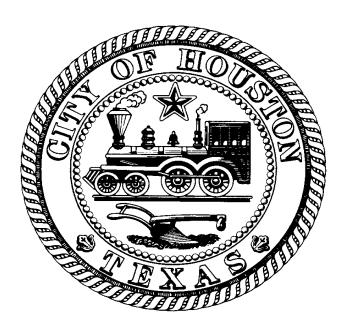
For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 amounts expressed in thousands

	2008	
Additions		
Contributions:		
City of Houston	\$	190,323
Plan members		72,610
Total Contributions		262,933
Investment earnings		
Interest and dividends		245,769
Net decrease in the fair value of investments		(69,593)
Total investment earnings		176,176
Less investment expense		(55,321)
Net investment earnings		120,855
Total additions		383,788
Deductions		
Benefits		414,695
Refund of contributions		2,607
Administrative expense		17,341
Total deductions		434,643
Change in net assets		(50,855)
Total net assets, July 1		8,670,345
Total net assets, June 30	\$	8,619,490

^{*} The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement *



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Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Houston, Texas ("City") was incorporated under the laws of the Republic of Texas in 1837 and again under the laws of the State of Texas in 1905. The City operates under a Home Rule Charter with a Mayor-Council form of government and provides the following services as authorized or required by its charter: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, water, airports, health services, culture-recreation, storm drainage, solid waste disposal, planning and inspection, civil defense, public improvements, and general administrative services, including pension and other benefits for its employees.

The financial statements presented in this report conform to the reporting requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), which establishes combined statements as the required reporting level for governmental entities that present financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The significant accounting policies of the City are as follows:

A. Principles Used in Determining the Reporting Entity for Financial Reporting Purposes

The accompanying financial statements include financial statements for related organizations in accordance with GASB Statement No.14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*. Organizations are included if they are financially accountable to the City, or the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Inclusion is determined on the basis of the City's ability to exercise significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on its operational or financial relationship with the City (as distinct from legal relationship).

The City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. Blended component units (although legally separate entities) are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Blended component units provide services exclusively or almost exclusively for the City. Both governmental and business-type discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize their legal separateness from the City.

B. Basis of Presentation - Financial Reporting Entity

1. Component Units

Most component units of the City issue separately audited financial statements. Component units are reported in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") as shown in the following tables. Additional information is available from the addresses shown.

There are three specific tests for determining whether a particular legally separate entity is a component unit of a primary government's financial reporting entity. Those tests involve 1) appointment of the unit's governing board (accompanied by either the potential imposition of will or ongoing financial benefit/burden), 2) fiscal dependence on the primary government, and 3) the potential that exclusion would result in misleading financial reporting. For this last test, special attention must be paid 1) to certain special financing authorities and 2) to the nature and significance of a legally separate, tax-exempt entity's relationship with the primary government and its component units.

Following are the City's blended component units:

Blended Component Units Reported with the Primary Government

Brief Description of Activities, Relationship to the City and Key Inclusion Criteria

Houston Area Water Corporation 611 Walker, Suite 2100 Houston, TX 77002 The Corporation is organized for the purpose of: providing treated, potable water to the City of Houston for sale to customers located wholly or partially in Area Three of the Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District, and; aiding and assisting the City of Houston in performing its obligations with respect to a regional groundwater reduction plan by, among other things, constructing, improving, equipping, repairing, operating and maintaining water treatment and distribution facilities and purchasing and selling water in connection therewith. The City appoints its Board and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, allowing the city to impose its will. In addition, there is a fiscal dependency on the City.

Reporting Fund: Business Type, Non-Major

Blended Component Units Reported with the Primary Government

Brief Description of Activities, Relationship to the City and Key Inclusion Criteria

Houston Firefighters' Relief & Retirement Fund 4225 Interwood North Parkway Houston, TX 77032 Responsible for administration, management, and operation of the pension system solely for active and retired City of Houston firefighters. One member of the Board is either the Mayor or an appointed representative, five members are elected by active firefighters, one member is elected by retired firefighters, two members are citizen representatives, and one member is the City Treasurer. There is a fiscal dependency on the City, and there is the potential that exclusion would result in misleading financial reporting.

Reporting Fund: Houston Firefighters' Relief and Retirement Pension Trust Fund.

Houston Municipal Employee's Pension System 1111 Bagby, Suite 2450 Houston, TX 77002 Responsible for administration, management, and operation of the pension system solely for active and retired municipal (non-classified) employees of the City. One member of the Board is appointed by the Mayor, one member of the Board is appointed by the City Controller, four are elected by active employees, two are elected by retirees, one is appointed by the elected trustees and two are appointed by the governing body of the City. There is a fiscal dependency on the City, and there is the potential that exclusion would result in misleading financial reporting.

Reporting Fund: Houston Municipal Employee's Pension Trust Fund.

Houston Police Officer's Pension System 602 Sawyer, Suite 300 Houston, TX 77007 Responsible for administration, management, and operation of the pension system solely for active and retired police officers of the City. One member of the Board is appointed by the Mayor, three are elected by employees, two are elected by retirees, and one is the City Treasurer. There is a fiscal dependency on the City, and there is the potential that exclusion would result in misleading financial reporting.

Reporting Fund: Police Officer's Pension Trust Fund.

Following are the City's discretely presented business type component units:

Discretely Reported Component Units

Brief Description of Activities, Relationship to City, and Key Inclusion Criteria

Houston Convention Center Hotel Corporation ("HCCHC") c/o George R. Brown Avenida De Las Americas Houston, TX 77010 Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with the Texas Transportation Corporation Act and Chapter 394 of the Texas Local Government Code authorized to construct, improve, enlarge, equip, repair, operate and maintain a hotel in downtown Houston within one thousand feet of the George R. Brown Convention Center. Board members are appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by City Council and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, allowing the City to impose its will.

Houston Housing Finance Corporation ("HHFC")
9545 Katy Freeway, Suite 105.
Houston, TX 77024

Non-profit corporation incorporated by the City in accordance with the Texas Housing Finance Corporation Act to finance residential mortgage loans to low or moderate-income persons through the sale of revenue bonds collateralized by the mortgage loans. The Board is nominated by the Mayor and confirmed by City Council. The City has financial accountability because it appoints a voting majority of the Board and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, allowing the City to impose its will.

Houston Zoo, Inc. 1513 N. MacGregor Houston, TX 77030 Houston Zoo, Inc. (HZI) is a 501(c)(3) corporation and has a contract with Houston Zoo Development Corp to operate the Zoo. The Mayor may appoint up to 20% of the Board of Directors of HZI. Houston Zoo Development Corporation (HZDC) is a local government corporation that leases the zoo from the City. The lease provides for the City to make payments in support of capital and operating expenses over the lease term, which it makes available to HZI. There is a fiscal dependency on the City, and there is the potential that exclusion would result in misleading financial reporting.

Following are the City's discretely presented governmental fund component units.

Discretely Reported Component Units

Brief Description of Activities, Relationship to City, and Key Inclusion Criteria

City Park Redevelopment Authority c/o Hawes Hill Calderon LLP P.O. Box 22167 Houston, Texas 77227 Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the City Park Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of a neighborhood northwest of Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by the City Council and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, allowing the City to impose its will. In addition, there is a fiscal dependence on the City.

East Downtown Redevelopment Authority c/o Hawes Hill Calderon LLP P.O. Box 22167 Houston, Texas 77227 Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the East Downtown Tax Increment Zone Board in the redevelopment of a blighted neighborhood east of Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, allowing the City to impose its will. In addition, there is a fiscal dependence on the City.

Fifth Ward Redevelopment Authority c/o Hawes Hill Calderon LLP P.O. Box 22167 Houston, Texas 77227 Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the Fifth Ward Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of a blighted neighborhood adjacent to Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, allowing the City to impose its will. The City has investment authority for the Zone's assets.

Fourth Ward Redevelopment Authority c/o Zinetta Burney, General Counsel Burney & Foreman 5445 Almeda Suite 400 Houston, Texas 77004 Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the Fourth Ward Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of a blighted neighborhood adjacent to Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, allowing the City to impose its will. The City has investment authority for the Zone's assets.

Greater Greenspoint Redevelopment Authority 16945 Northchase Dr, Suite 1900 Houston, Texas 77060 Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the Greater Greenspoint Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of the Greenspoint Mall and blighted adjacent neighborhood in North Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, allowing the City to impose its will.

Greater Houston Convention and Visitors Bureau 901 Bagby, Suite 1005 Houston, Texas 77002 A non-profit organization established in 1963 and funded by both private sector memberships and a portion of the hotel bed tax. Their mission is to improve the economy of Greater Houston by attracting conventions, tourists, film projects and international government officials to the area through sales and marketing efforts. The City has financial accountability because it must approve the members of the board of directors and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, allowing the City to impose its will. In addition, there is a fiscal dependence on the City.

Gulfgate Redevelopment Authority c/o Knudson & Associates 8588 Katy Freeway, Suite 441 Houston, Texas 77024 Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the Gulfgate Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of the Gulfgate Mall and blighted adjacent neighborhood southeast of Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists allowing the City to impose its will

Discretely Reported Component Units

Brief Description of Activities, Relationship to City, and Key Inclusion Criteria

HALAN – Houston Area Library Automated Network Board Houston Central Library 500 McKinney Houston, TX 77002 Provides review and guidance to the operation, funding and development of the Houston Area Library Automated Network, which provides library services to Houston and surrounding communities. Three members are appointed by City Council, two by the County, and one elected by the smaller libraries. The City does not appoint a voting majority, but is financially accountable for this organization because HALAN is fiscally dependent on the City for all revenues, allowing the City the ability to impose its will.

Houston Arts Alliance 3201 Allen Parkway, Suite 250 Houston, TX 77019

Non-profit organization that is the officially designated arts agency of the City. The City does not appoint a voting majority, but is financially accountable because the alliance is fiscally dependent on the revenues provided from a portion of hotel occupancy tax, which is levied by the City. This fiscal dependency allows the City to impose its will.

Houston Business Development Inc. 5330 Griggs Road Houston, Texas 77021 A non-profit organization established by the City of Houston in 1986, providing loans and management counseling to small and emerging businesses, and encouraging the expansion of commercial and industrial enterprises. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are appointed by City Council and the operations provide financial benefits to the City. Its primary source of funding is through community Development Block Grants and there is the potential that exclusion would result in misleading financial reporting.

Houston Downtown Park Corporation 2217 Welch Houston, TX 77019 Local government corporation created by the City in 2004 in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to aid and act on behalf of the City to accomplish the City's governmental purpose of providing for the acquisition, development, operation, and maintenance of a new public park, open space and related amenities and facilities to provide recreational, educational and tourism opportunities within, and beautification of the Central Business District of the City. Additionally, the corporation maintains an enterprise fund to account for the activities of the Discovery Green Parking Garage. Board members are appointed by the City and a financial benefit/burden relationship exists, allowing the City to impose its will. There is the potential that exclusion would result in misleading financial reporting.

Houston Parks Board 2001 Kirby Dr., Suite 814 Houston, Texas 77019 Solicits and manages funds raised privately for park acquisitions and advises the Mayor and City Council on park acquisitions and improvements, which provide a direct benefit to the City. Board members are nominated by the Mayor and confirmed by City Council, allowing the City to impose its will. Upon dissolution, all assets revert to the City. There is a potential that exclusion would result in misleading financial reporting.

Houston Public Library Foundation (formerly Houston Library Board) Houston Central Library 500 McKinney Houston, TX 77002 Solicits and manages funds raised privately for library improvements. Advises the Mayor and City Council on additions and improvements to the library system that provide a direct benefit to the City. Board members are nominated by the Mayor and confirmed by City Council, allowing the City to impose its will. There is a potential that exclusion would result in misleading financial reporting.

Lamar Terrace Public Improvement District City of Houston Box 1562 Houston, Texas 77251 Special district organized under state statute to redevelop a blighted neighborhood in Southwest Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and the operations provide financial benefits to the City, allowing the City to impose its will.

Land Assemblage Redevelopment
Authority
City of Houston
Box 1562
Houston, Texas 77251

The Land Assemblage Redevelopment Authority (LARA) is a 13-member board appointed by the Mayor, City Council, Harris County and the Houston Independent School District. The LARA Authority is organized for the purpose of aiding, assisting and acting on behalf of the City in the performance of its governmental functions to promote the common good and general welfare of the City and in undertaking and completing one or more projects, as may be defined or determined by the City Council of the City. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council, allowing the City to impose its will, and the operations provide financial benefits to the City.

Discretely Reported Component Units

Brief Description of Activities, Relationship to City, and Key Inclusion Criteria

Main Street Market Square Redevelopment Authority 909 Fannin St., Suite 1650 Houston, Texas 77002

Memorial City Redevelopment Authority c/o Knudson & Associates 8588 Katy Freeway, Suite 441 Houston, Texas 77024

Memorial-Heights Redevelopment
Authority
c/o Knudson & Associates
12 Greenway Plaza, Suite 1500 Houston,
Texas 77046-1287

Midtown Redevelopment Authority 3401 Louisiana, Suite 355 Bienville Building Houston, Texas 77002

Miller Theatre Advisory Board, Inc. P.O. Box 6627 Houston, Texas 77266-6627

Old Sixth Ward Redevelopment Authority c/o Parke Patterson Consultants, Inc. P.O. Box 994 Sugar Land, Texas 77487

OST/Almeda Corridors Redevelopment Authority 5445 Almeda Suite 502 Houston, Texas 77004

Saint George Place Redevelopment Authority c/o Hawes Hill Calderon LLP P.O. Box 22167 Houston, Texas 77227-2167 Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the Main St./Market Square Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and the operations provide financial benefits to the City.

Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the Memorial City Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of the Memorial City Mall and Town & Country Mall areas, west of Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and the operations provide financial benefits to the City.

Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the Memorial Heights Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of a blighted neighborhood adjacent to Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and the operations provide financial benefits to the City.

Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the Midtown Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of a blighted neighborhood south of Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and the operations provide financial benefits to the City.

Miller Theatre Advisory Board, Inc. (the Board) is a Texas nonprofit corporation with the primary objective to advance the educational and cultural interests of the people of Houston through a continuing program of artistic, educational, and cultural events at the Miller Outdoor Theatre which is owned by the City of Houston. This is accomplished by various artistic and performing groups providing programs at the Theatre supported by grants awarded by the Board. The City has financial accountability because the directors are appointed by the mayor of the City of Houston and approved by City Council, and its primary source of funding is from Hotel Occupancy taxes which the Board receives from the City through the Houston Arts Alliance.

Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the Old Sixth Ward Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of a neighborhood adjacent to Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council, the operations provide financial benefits to the City, the City has investment authority for the Zone's assets.

Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the OST/Almeda Corridors Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of a blighted neighborhood south of Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and the operations provide financial benefits to the City.

Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the St. George Place Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of a blighted neighborhood in southwest Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council. The operations provide financial benefits to the City and the City has investment authority for the Zone's assets.

Discretely Reported Component Units

Brief Description of Activities, Relationship to City, and Key Inclusion Criteria

Sharpstown Economic Development Authority c/o Hawes, Hill & Associates P.O. Box 22167 Houston, Texas 77227-2167

South Post Oak Redevelopment Authority c/o Knudson & Associates 8588 Katy Frwy. Houston, Texas 77024

Southwest Houston Redevelopment Authority c/o Hawes Hill Calderon LLP P.O. Box 22167 Houston, Texas 77227-2167

Upper Kirby Redevelopment Authority 3015 Richmond Avenue, Suite 200, Houston, Texas 77098-3114

Uptown Development Authority 1980 Post Oak Blvd., Suite 1580 Houston, Texas 77056 Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to manage and administer the Sharpstown Public Improvement District (the "PID"), created under Chapter 372 of the Local Government Code. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council, allowing the City to impose its will, and the operations provide financial benefits to the City.

Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the South Post Oak Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the development of an affordable housing project in Southwest Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council, and the operations provide financial benefits to the City.

Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the Southwest Houston Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of the Sharpstown Mall and adjacent neighborhoods southwest of Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and the operations provide financial benefits to the City.

Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the Upper Kirby Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of a neighborhood west of Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and the operations provide financial benefits to the City.

Local government corporation created by the City in accordance with Chapter 431 of the Texas Transportation Corporation Act to assist the Uptown Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Board in the redevelopment of the Galleria Mall area, west of Downtown Houston. The City has financial accountability because the voting majority of the board members are nominated by City Council and the operations provide financial benefits to the City.

2. Related Organizations

The following entities are related organizations to which the City appoints board members but for which the City has no significant financial accountability. Some of these organizations are Access Houston Cable Corporation, Coastal Water Authority, Employees Deferred Compensation Plan, Harris County—Houston Sports Authority, Metropolitan Transit Authority of Harris County, Houston Clean City Commission, and the Miller Theater Advisory Council. All transactions with these related organizations are conducted in the ordinary course of business. Further financial information is available from the respective organizations.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expense of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance/retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds for the purpose of carrying on specific activities in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The type and purpose of funds is described below.

Fund Accounting

- 1. The City reports the following major governmental funds:
 - (a) General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
 - (b) *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of principal, interest, and related costs of tax supported debt.
 - (c) Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). Such resources are derived principally from proceeds of public improvement bonds and from special assessments.
 - (d) *Grants Fund* The Grants Fund is used to account for grant resources received from various local, state and national agencies and organizations. The use of these resources is restricted to a particular function of the City by each grantor.
- 2. The City reports the following major enterprise funds:
 - (a) Airport System Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's Airport System. The system is comprised of George Bush Intercontinental Airport, William P. Hobby Airport, and Ellington Field.
 - **(b)** Convention and Entertainment Facilities Fund is used to account for the operations of the City's major entertainment facilities, outdoor venues, and parking garages and surface lots. These assets include, but are not limited to, the following: George R. Brown Convention Center, Gus S. Wortham Center, Jesse H. Jones Hall, Houston Center for the Arts, Talento Bilingue de Houston, Jones Plaza, and Theater District parking garages.
 - (c) Combined Utility System Fund is used to account for the production and transmission of water and the treatment of wastewater for City residents and businesses as well as for other governmental entities located in the Houston area.
- **3.** The City reports the following additional funds:
 - (a) *Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.
 - (b) Nonmajor Enterprise Fund HAWC is used to account for the cost to provide treated, potable water to the City of Houston for sale to customers. Parking Management This is a new fund created to manage parking facilities within the City of Houston.
 - (c) Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis.
 - (d) *Fiduciary Fund Types* Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and other funds. These include the following:
 - (1) **Pension Trust Funds** are used to account for the assets held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the City's three defined benefit pension plans.
 - (2) Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements display information about the City of Houston as a whole. Government-wide statements exclude both fiduciary funds and fiduciary component units. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with Statement of Government Accounting Standards No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions. Program revenues include (1) amounts received from those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from a program, (2) amounts received from parties outside the City of Houston's citizenry that are restricted to one or more specific programs and (3) earnings on investments that are legally restricted for a specific program. Program revenue is divided into three categories: (1) charges for services, (2) operating grants and contributions and (3) capital grants and contributions.

All governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balances (net current assets) are considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Non-current portions of certain long-term receivables, primarily property taxes and special assessments, are reported on the balance sheets of governmental funds in spite of their spending measurement focus. Special reporting treatments are used to indicate that they should not be considered "available spendable resources," since they do not represent net current assets. Recognition of governmental fund revenues represented by noncurrent receivables is deferred until they become current receivables.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types is limited to exclude amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Proprietary funds and pension trust funds of the primary government and blended Component Units are accounted for on a cost of services or "economic resources" measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, the City has elected to follow all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued prior to November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

The City has elected not to follow FASB pronouncements issued subsequent to that date. All proprietary funds define operating revenues and expenses consistent with the precepts of Statement of Government Accounting Standards No. 9 paragraphs 16 - 19 and 31: cash receipts from customers, cash receipts from interfund services provided and used with other funds and other operating cash receipts. All other revenue or expenses recognized is non-operating.

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers receivables collected within sixty days after year-end to be available and recognizes them as revenues of the current period. Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Claims, judgments and compensated absences are recognized when matured. The following types of revenues are susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis of accounting: delinquent property taxes (including penalty and interest); services billed to other funds; sales tax; mixed beverage tax; franchise fees; fines and forfeits; ambulance receipts; and investment earnings. Intergovernmental revenue from reimbursable grants and capital projects is recognized when the related expenditure is incurred.

All proprietary and pension trust funds use the full accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses and related liabilities, including claims, judgments, and compensated absences, are recognized when they are incurred.

When restricted and unrestricted resources are available to cover expenses, unrestricted resources are first applied. Administrative overhead charges are included in direct program expenses.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

The City's investment policy requires all deposits to be fully collateralized with depository insurance; obligations of the United States of America or its agencies and instrumentalities (excluding those mortgage backed securities prohibited by the Public Funds Investment Act); or in any other manner and amount provided by law for the deposits of the City. At all times, such securities should have a fair value of not less than 102% of the amount of the deposits collateralized thereby, adjusted by the amount of applicable depository insurance.

Substantially all cash, except for imprest accounts, is deposited with financial institutions in interest bearing accounts or is invested. The majority of the City's cash and investments are administered using a pooled concept, which combines the monies of various funds for investment purposes. Interest earnings of the pool are apportioned to each fund, unless otherwise required by bond covenants, based on the fund's relative share of the investment pool. All cash and investments are displayed on the statement of net assets as "Equity in pooled cash and investments" and in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, are carried at fair value. The blended and discretely presented component units separately invest their funds and report investments pursuant to their respective investment policies described in their separately audited financial statements at their fair values.

Investments authorized by the City's investment policy, which is guided by state laws and city ordinances, generally include: obligations of the United States of America or its agencies and instrumentalities; fully-collateralized Certificates of Deposit from City Council-approved public depositories; direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities; obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions; no-load money market mutual funds registered and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission; corporate commercial paper; fully collateralized repurchase agreements; and reverse repurchase agreements within specific terms. Investments are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices.

2. Inventories of Materials and Supplies

With the exception of fuel, inventories are carried at the average cost in government-wide, proprietary and governmental funds. Inventories are presented under the consumption method. These inventories include: automobile parts, chemical and medical supplies, uniforms and their accessories, vaccines and office supplies. Fuel is carried based on the first-in, first-out inventory method.

3. Capital Assets

a. Governmental Funds - Property, Plant, Equipment, and Infrastructure

Asset valuation is based on historical costs or estimated historical costs, if original costs are not available.

Capital assets are not capitalized in the funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds.

Capital Assets, which include land; building and improvements; improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment; construction in progress; and infrastructure (e.g. storm drainage, streets and bridges), are reported in the applicable governmental and business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. These capital assets include the estimated historical cost of infrastructure acquired prior to fiscal year 1981. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of four years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as a part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Buildings and improvements (improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment and infrastructure) are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Useful Life
Buildings and improvements	Range from 20 to 45 years
Improvements other than buildings	Range from 15 to 30 years
Machinery	Range from 7 to 15 years
Equipment	Range from 3 to 20 years
Storm drainage	50 years
Streets	Range from 6 to 50 years
Bridges	Range from 20 to 50 years

b. Enterprise Funds - Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment owned by the Enterprise Funds are stated at cost or estimated historical cost if original cost is not available. Construction costs (excluding land and equipment) are added to construction work-in-progress until the assets are substantially complete. At that point, the project is moved to the appropriate asset category and depreciation begins. Depreciation on equipment begins in the year of acquisition. Land and equipment costs are added to the capital asset base in the year of acquisition. Interest costs on funds borrowed to finance the construction of property, plant and equipment of the enterprise funds are capitalized when the costs materially exceed interest earnings on related revenue bond proceeds. For fiscal year 2008, the capitalized interest cost for the Airport System Facilities was \$12.1 million, Combined Utility System Fund was \$18.6 million and Convention & Entertainment Facilities Fund was \$-0-million.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method on the composite asset base over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Assets	Years
Airport System Facilities	4-45
Convention & Entertainment Facilities	4-45
Combined Utility System Facilities	5-50

Water rights and conveyance system rights of the Combined Utility System Fund, and Garage rights of the Convention and Entertainment fund are amortized over the life of the related contracts. These rights are reported as capital assets.

4. Bond Discounts and Issuance Costs

Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs in Enterprise Funds are amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Gains or losses on Enterprise Fund refundings are amortized over the term of the lesser of the new bonds or the refunded bonds using the effective interest method.

5. Fund Balance

- **a. Reserve** Indicates that portion of a fund balance that has been legally segregated (e.g., by bond ordinance) for specific purposes.
- b. Designated Fund Balance Indicates that portion of a fund balance for which the City has made tentative plans.
- c. Undesignated Fund Balance Indicates that portion of a fund balance that is available for appropriation in future periods.

F. Transfers, Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

1. Interfund Transactions

A description of the four basic types of interfund transactions and the related accounting policies are as follows:

- **a.** Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate.
- b. Charges for services are reported as revenues for the performing fund and expenditures of the requesting fund.
- **c.** Transactions to reimburse a fund for expenditures made by it for the benefit of another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

d. All other interfund transfers, such as legally authorized transfers from a fund receiving revenue to the fund through which the resources are to be expended, are transfers. Transfers are classified as other financing sources or uses (or transfers for proprietary funds) in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures (or expenses) and Changes in Fund Balances (or net assets). For reporting at the government-wide statements level, the City of Houston eliminates direct interfund charges for services and the balances created within the same fund categories (i.e. governmental vs. business-type). This process ensures neither business-type nor governmental funds report direct internal revenue/expenditures. Interfund activity and balances resulting from transactions with the fiduciary funds are not eliminated. Instead the fiduciary interfund activity and balances are treated as transactions with an external party. Interfund activity with discretely presented component units are handled in the same manner as fiduciary interfund activity balances. However, the discretely presented balances are reported on a separate line of the Statement of Net Assets. The Internal Service Fund is essentially a clearing account for income, expenses, assets and liabilities of the City's health benefits and long-term disability programs.

2. Compensated Absences

Full-time civilian employees of the City are eligible for 10 days of vacation leave per year. After five years, employees receive 15 days. The amount of vacation time gradually increases after that, reaching a maximum of 25 days per year after 18 years of service. Employees may accumulate up to 90 days of vacation leave (45 days for employees hired after December 31, 1999). Upon termination or retirement, employees are paid for unused vacation leave based on the average rate of pay during the employee's highest paid 60 days of employment. Part-time employees (those working less than 30 hours per week) are not eligible for vacation leave benefits. Firefighters accrue 15 to 22 days of vacation annually, based upon years of service. Police officers participate in a paid time off program that combines sick and vacation leave. Officers enter the program upon completion of their probationary period and then accrue 15 to 40 days annually, based upon years of service.

The majority of full-time civilian employees and firefighters are covered under the compensatory sick leave plan and receive a leave time allowance of 2.5 hours per payroll period (bi-weekly) up to a maximum of 65 hours per year. Employees who use fewer than 65 hours during the benefit year will receive a match of additional hours equal to the number of hours accrued minus the number of hours used. Once an employee's balance has reached 1,040 hours, no additional match for unused hours is given. Upon termination, all unused sick leave time allowances in excess of 1,040 hours are payable to the employee at the employee's rate of pay at the time of termination. An employee who uses less than 16 hours of sick leave in any benefit year receives up to three days of personal leave in the next year. Personal leave may be used in place of vacation leave, but will not accumulate and will not be paid out at termination. The balance of full time civilian employees and firefighters are covered by a sick plan that was closed to employees in 1985. That plan accumulates a cash value for every sick day not used, which is payable upon resignation or retirement. As noted above, classified police officers are covered by a paid time off plan.

The City also has adopted policies of compensatory time to comply with the Fair Labor Standards Act as amended in 1985. These policies provide limits to the accumulation of compensatory time and also provide that time not used will be paid in cash. Only classified employees and civilian employees in certain pay grades routinely earn compensatory time.

To the extent that the City's obligation is attributable to employees' services already rendered and it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, vacation and compensatory time benefits are accrued as liabilities (on a government-wide basis) as employees earn the benefits. On a fund financial statement basis for the governmental funds, only matured liabilities and liabilities expected to be liquidated with current assets are accrued. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability as employees earn the benefits, but only to the extent that it is probable that the City will compensate the employees through cash payments conditioned on the employees' termination or retirement. A compensated absence is liquidated in the fund where the employees' salaries paid from governmental funds.

G. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Internal Service Funds

The Internal Service Funds' purpose is to measure the full cost of providing health benefits and long- term disability to City employees and dependants for the purpose of fully recovering that cost through fees or charges – employee payroll deductions and expenditures in departmental personnel budgets. Any profit (loss) during a period is credited (charged) back to participating programs. All assets and liabilities are reported in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets.

I. New Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2006, the GASB issued Statement No. 49, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations". Statement No. 49 addresses accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The requirements for this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2007. The City has not determined the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In June 2007, the GASB issued statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets". This statement requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope provisions be classified as capital assets. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2009. The City has not determined the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows upon adoption.

In November 2007, the GASB issued statement No. 52, "Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments". This statement establishes consistent standards for the reporting of land and other real estate held as investments by essentially similar entities. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2008. The City has not determined the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In June 2008, the GASB issued statement No. 53, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments". This statement addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of information regarding derivative instruments entered into by state and local governments. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2009. The City has not determined the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

Note 2: Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Assets

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental fund statements. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. Also, during the year the City refunded some of its existing debt. The amount borrowed is received in the governmental funds and increases fund balance. The amount that was sent to the paying agent to be escrowed for payment of the old debt as it comes due is paid out of governmental funds and reduces fund balance. The difference between those amounts will be amortized as an adjustment to interest expense in the government-wide statement of activities over the remaining life of the refunded bonds

Balances at June 30, 2008, were (in thousands):

Section 108 Deferred revenue 79,546 \$ 111,734 Internal Service Fund total assets Internal Service Fund liabilities (11,050) Cumulative asset resulting from undercharging the enterprise funds 591 \$ 7,331 Bonds, notes, and capital lease payable Arbitrage rebate payable Accrued interest (49,571) Compensated absences not reported at the fund level (397,065) Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level (130,657) Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) (561,765) Other post, employment benefits	Unamortized bond issuance cost	\$ 17,128
Internal Service Fund total assets Internal Service Fund liabilities Cumulative asset resulting from undercharging the enterprise funds Bonds, notes, and capital lease payable Arbitrage rebate payable Accrued interest Compensated absences not reported at the fund level Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) \$\frac{\frac{11,734}{17,790}}{\frac{11,050}{5}}\$ \$\frac{\frac{317,790}{5}}{\frac{391}{5}}\$ \$\frac{(11,050)}{5}\$ \$\frac{51,7331}{5}\$ \$\frac{30,74,229}{5}\$ \$\frac{(3,074,229)}{(49,571)}\$ \$\frac{(397,065)}{(130,657)}\$ Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets)	Section 108	15,060
Internal Service Fund total assets Internal Service Fund liabilities Cumulative asset resulting from undercharging the enterprise funds Bonds, notes, and capital lease payable Arbitrage rebate payable Accrued interest Compensated absences not reported at the fund level Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) \$ 17,790 (11,050) \$ 591 \$ 7,331 (242) Acrued interest (49,571) Compensated absences not reported at the fund level (130,657) Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets)	Deferred revenue	79,546
Internal Service Fund liabilities (11,050) Cumulative asset resulting from undercharging the enterprise funds 591 \$ 7,331 Bonds, notes, and capital lease payable Arbitrage rebate payable (242) Accrued interest (49,571) Compensated absences not reported at the fund level (397,065) Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level (130,657) Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) (561,765)		\$ 111,734
Internal Service Fund liabilities (11,050) Cumulative asset resulting from undercharging the enterprise funds 591 \$ 7,331 Bonds, notes, and capital lease payable Arbitrage rebate payable (242) Accrued interest (49,571) Compensated absences not reported at the fund level (397,065) Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level (130,657) Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) (561,765)		
Cumulative asset resulting from undercharging the enterprise funds 591 \$ 7,331 Bonds, notes, and capital lease payable Arbitrage rebate payable Accrued interest Compensated absences not reported at the fund level Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level (130,657) Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) 591 \$ (3,074,229) \$ (242) \$ (397,065) \$ (130,657) \$ (130,657)	Internal Service Fund total assets	\$ 17,790
Bonds, notes, and capital lease payable Arbitrage rebate payable Accrued interest Compensated absences not reported at the fund level Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level (130,657) Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) (561,765)	Internal Service Fund liabilities	(11,050)
Bonds, notes, and capital lease payable Arbitrage rebate payable Accrued interest Compensated absences not reported at the fund level Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level (130,657) Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) (561,765)	Cumulative asset resulting from undercharging the enterprise funds	 591
Arbitrage rebate payable (242) Accrued interest (49,571) Compensated absences not reported at the fund level (397,065) Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level (130,657) Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) (561,765)		\$ 7,331
Arbitrage rebate payable (242) Accrued interest (49,571) Compensated absences not reported at the fund level (397,065) Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level (130,657) Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) (561,765)		
Accrued interest (49,571) Compensated absences not reported at the fund level (397,065) Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level (130,657) Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) (561,765)	Bonds, notes, and capital lease payable	\$ (3,074,229)
Compensated absences not reported at the fund level (397,065) Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level (130,657) Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) (561,765)	Arbitrage rebate payable	(242)
Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level (130,657) Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) (561,765)	Accrued interest	(49,571)
Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets) (561,765)	Compensated absences not reported at the fund level	(397,065)
	Claims and judgments not reported at the fund level	(130,657)
Other post, employment benefits (239,622)	Net pension obligation (liabilities less assets)	(561,765)
(25),022)	Other post employment benefits	(239,622)
\$ (4,453,151)		\$ (4,453,151)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the government-wide statement of net assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the government-wide statement of net assets.

Balances at June 30, 2008 were (in thousands):

Debt issued:	
Public Improvement Bonds	\$ 219,660
Certificates of Obligations	8,575
Pension Obligations	51,549
Commercial paper	343,000
Premium/Discount on bonds	9,004
Capital appreciation bonds accretion	373
	\$ 632,161
Repayments:	
Refunded commercial paper	\$ (177,800)
Refunded bonds	(51,030)
Deferred Electricity Note	(1,426)
Principal payments	(198,357)
	\$ (428,613)
Amortization of:	
Deferred gain	\$ 2,248
Premium	(6,390)
Net adjustment	\$ 199,406

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The adjustment is a combination of the following items (in thousands):

Property taxes earned but not available	\$ 30,362
Ambulance fees earned but not available	2,676
Fines and forfeits earned but not available	6,329
Other (primarily assessments) earned but not available	40,179
Total revenue not reported at fund level	\$ 79,546
Property taxes for prior periods	\$ (31,415)
Ambulance fees for prior periods	(1,144)
Fines and forfeits for prior periods	(2,555)
Other (primarily assessments) for prior periods	(62,648)
Total revenue for prior period transactions	\$ (97,762)
Interest on long-term debt	\$ 3,908
Municipal Employees pension	(15,102)
Police Officers' pension	(66,522)
Firefighters' pension	(12,717)
Claims and judgments	(8,799)
Debt issuance costs	1,926
Amortization of debt issuance costs	(1,184)
Compensated absences	(23,374)
Other liabilities	373
Other post employment benefits	(239,622)
Decrease in other receivables	1,407
Total differences in accrued expenses	\$ (359,706)

Note 3: Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

At June 30, 2008 the carrying amount of the City's deposits was (\$17,103,929). The City's bank balance is the sum of three accounts which total \$54,556,514. The three accounts that comprise this balance are described by the following:

Accounts	Ledger	lger Collected		
Concentration	\$ 38,860,197	\$	15,000,000	
Section 108	374,229		374,229	
JPM Money Market Account	15,322,088		15,322,088	
Total	\$ 54,556,514	\$	30,696,317	
Mkt Value Collateral	\$ 26,133,078	\$	26,133,078	

The first account is a demand deposit account with JP Morgan Chase bank that as of June 30, 2008 had a City balance of \$38,860,197 and a bank balance of \$15,000,000. The difference between the ledger and collected balance of \$23,860,197 represents checks deposited in this bank account but uncollected by the bank. A Depository Pledge Agreement is in effect by which collateral is pledged by JP Morgan Chase to the City to cover collected balances. The collateral is in the form of high quality fixed income securities, held by a third party. As of June 30, 2008 the collateral had a market value of \$26,133,078. According to the terms of the pledge agreement the City is granted a security interest in the pledged securities. In the event of a default by JP Morgan Chase, the City may sell the pledged securities to satisfy any indebtedness owed to the City by JP Morgan Chase, provided at least 3 business days written notice and opportunity to cure the default is given.

The second account is a demand deposit account with JP Morgan Chase Bank for the City's Housing and Urban Development section 108 account, which had a collected and ledger balance as of June 30, 2008 of \$374,299. This balance was collateralized by the same Depository Pledge Agreement described above.

The third account is a highly rated, SEC registered money market fund. The balance in the money market fund as of June 30, 2008 was \$15,322,088. As this is not a bank account, collateral is not required to be held to cover the balance. There is no custodial risk associated with this money market fund.

B. Investments and Risk Disclosures

The following describes the investment positions of the City's operating funds as of June 30, 2008. As of that date, the City had approximately \$2.3 billion in fixed income investments in four separate investment pools, each serving a specific purpose as described below. All investments are governed by state law and the City's Investment Policy, which dictates the following objectives, in order of priority:

- 1. Safety
- 2. Liquidity
- 3. Return on Investment
- 4. Legal Requirements

These funds are managed internally by City personnel. The investments listed below do not include the City's three pension funds, which are described elsewhere in this report.

1. General Investment Pool 9900 (Pool 960)

The General Investment Pool consists of all working capital, construction and debt service funds which are not subject to yield restriction under IRS arbitrage regulations. The funds of the City's enterprise systems, as well as the general fund, are commingled in this pool in order to gain operational efficiency. Approximately 98.7% of the City's total investable funds are contained in this portfolio.

City of Houston Investments As of June 30, 2008	Credit Quality Ratings(1)(2)	Market Value	WAM* (yrs)
U.S. Treasury Notes	n/a	\$ 360,744,951	0.364
Housing and Urban Development Notes	not rated	46,287,909	2.244
Government National Mortgage Association Notes	not rated	1,878,784	0.469
Agency Notes (4)	AAA	940,259,154	2.265
Agency Notes (3) (4)	not rated	212,639,110	0.134
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (3) (4)	not rated	12,600,893	1.916
Mortgaged Backed Securities (3) (4)	not rated	248,767,919	4.384
Money Market Mutual Fund	AAA	250,489,772	0.085
Municipal Bonds	AAA	81,622,817	1.855
Municipal Bonds	SP-1+/MIG1	20,961,441	0.530
Municipal Bonds	AA	52,792,621	2.155
Municipal Bonds	A	16,139,591	0.055
Total Investments		\$ 2,245,184,962	1.732

^{*} Weighted Average Maturity (WAM) computed using average life of mortgage backed securities and effective maturity of callable securities.

- (1) Standard and Poor's Rating Services has assigned an AAAf credit quality rating and S1 volatility rating to the City's General Investment Pool. The AAAf signifies the highest level of credit protection, and the S1 rating signifies volatility consistent with a portfolio of government securities maturing from one to three years.
- (2) All credit ratings shown are either actual Standard and Poor's (S&P) ratings, or if an S&P credit rating is not available, the equivalent S&P credit rating is shown to represent the actual Moody's or Fitch credit rating.
- (3) These securities are not individually rated by the rating agencies. The issuers of these securities, which includes the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac") and the Federal National Mortgage Corporation ("Fannie Mae"), are rated AAA by the rating agencies. Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation ("Farmer Mac"), which comprises 1.3% of this portfolio, is not rated by the credit rating agencies as to the individual securities or as an issuer. Farmer Mac is a government sponsored enterprise and is a permitted investment under state law and City investment policy.
- (4) These are securities issued by government sponsored enterprises, including the Federal Home Loan Bank, Freddie Mac, Fannie Mae, Farmer Mac, and Farm Credit.

Risk Disclosures:

Interest Rate Risk. In order to ensure the ability of the City to meet obligations and to minimize potential fair value losses arising from rising interest rate environments, the City's investment policy limits this investment portfolio's dollar-weighted average stated maturity to 2.5 years maximum. As of June 30, 2008, this investment portfolio dollar-weighted average stated maturity is 1.732 years. Modified duration for the same period is 1.35. Modified duration can be used as a multiplier to determine the percent change in price of a bond portfolio for every 100 basis point (1%) change in yield. For example, a portfolio with a modified duration of 1.35 would experience approximately a 1.35% change in market price for every 100 basis point change in yield.

Credit Risk: The US Treasury Notes Housing and Urban Development Notes, and the Government National Mortgage Association instruments are direct obligations of the Unites States government.

The Agency Notes, Collateralized Mortgage Obligations and Mortgage Backed Securities were issued by government sponsored enterprises but are not direct obligations of the U.S. Government. The money market mutual fund holds were rated AAA. Municipal securities considered short-term securities at time of issue had the highest short-term credit rating of SP-1 or MIG-1.

Custodial Credit Risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City of Houston will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are not registered in the name of the City, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. As of June 30, 2008, none of the City's investments in the General Investment Fund 9900 (Pool 960) were subject to custodial credit risk.

Reverse Repurchase Agreements:

From time to time the City participates in reverse repurchase agreements whereby it enters into agreements to sell certain securities with an agreement to repurchase them with interest at a future date. The process of the sale are then invested at a positive spread in high grade commercial paper or money market funds. The purpose of the agreements is to earn incremental income. The City had no reverse repurchase agreements outstanding at June 30-, 2008.

2. Tax Exempt Fund 9901 (Pool 971)

The Tax Exempt Pool consists of those funds which are subject to yield restrictions and arbitrage regulation under the 1986 Tax Reform Act. All these investments were held in a tax-exempt money market fund.

City of Houston	Credit Quality	Market	
Investments As of June 30, 2008	Ratings	Value	WAM
Fidelity Tax-Exempt Money Market Mutual Fund	SEC 2a-7 fund	\$17,112,015	<90 Days

Risk Disclosures:

Interest Rate Risk. In order to ensure the ability of the City to meet obligations and to minimize potential fair value losses arising from rising interest rate environments, the City's investment policy limits this pool's dollar-weighted average maturity to 1 year. As of June 30, 2008, all funds were invested in a SEC registered money market fund that kept a weighted average maturity of less than 990 days. Funds were available on same day notice.

Credit Risk. Due to the nature of municipal bonds (more risk, and less liquidity), the City investment policy limit its investments in the Tax-Exempt Pool to high quality, short maturity securities with an average dollar-weighted maturity of less than one year and a minimum rating of A, if the yield is reasonably higher than that of a tax-exempt money market mutual funds. Otherwise, funds in this pool will be invested in one or more tax-exempt money market mutual funds that are SEC registered and regulated under rule 2a-7. Rule 2a-7 requires that the fund have a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days to maturity, that individual securities cannot be more than 397 days to maturity, and that securities must have a rating by nationally recognized rating agencies in one of the two highest short-term rating categories.

Custodial Credit Risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City of Houston will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are not registered in the name of the City, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. As of June 30, 2008 none of the City's investments in the Tax Exempt Fund (Pool 971) were subject to custodial credit risk.

3. Housing Department Section 108 Pool Fund 9902

The Housing Department Pool was created to comply with rules of the US Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD"), which requires that funds provided by HUD must be held in a separate custodial account for HUD's benefit. The primary goal of this fund is to meet the cash and investment needs of the City's Housing and Community Development HUD program cash flows.

City of Houston	Credit Quality	Market	
Investments As of June 30, 2008	Ratings	Value	WAM
U.S. Treasury Bills	NA	\$4,589,073	10-Days

Risk Disclosures:

Interest Rate Risk. In order to ensure the ability of the City to meet obligations and to minimize potential fair value losses arising from rising interest rate environments, the City's investment policy limits this investment portfolio's dollar-weighted average stated maturity to 6.0 months maximum. As of June 30, 2008, this investment portfolio's dollar-weighted average stated maturity is 10 days. Modified duration for the same period is 0.045 year.

Credit Risk. The HUD pool consists only of U.S. Treasury Bills with maturities less than 6 months. HUD requires that investment of these funds must be in direct obligations of the United States Government.

Custodial Credit Risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City of Houston will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are not registered in the name of the City, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. As of June 30, 2008 none of the City's HUD Pool's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

4. Convention Center and Hotel Reserve Fund 9903 (Pool 979)

The Convention Center and Hotel Reserve Fund Pool consists of proceeds from the 2001 Series A, B and C Hotel Occupancy Tax and Special Revenue Bond issues designated as reserve funds.

City of Houston	Credit Quality	Market	WAM
Investments As of June 30, 2008	Ratings	Value	(vrs)
MBIA Flex Repo	not rated	\$22,197,460	3.173

Risk Disclosures:

Interest Rate Risk. This is a fixed rate investment provided by MBIA Inc. By contract, the market value of this investment is held at a constant value because it is collateralized for 105% of its par value (see credit risk below).

Credit Risk. This investment is collateralized with fixed income government securities that are held by a third party. The market value of that collateral is maintained at least 105% of the par value of this investment, and is monitored monthly.

Custodial Credit Risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City of Houston will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are not registered in the name of the City, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. As of June 30, 2008, the City's investments that were subject to custodial credit risk were the collateral securities for the MBIA Flex Repo, held by an independent third party custodian (Wells Fargo) with whom the City has a current custodian agreement.

5. Miscellaneous Money Market Accounts

The City maintains several separate money market account balances for various purposes described below:

City of Houston	Credit Quality	Market	WAM	
Investments As of June 30, 2008	Ratings	Value	(yrs)	
JP Morgan US Government Money Market Fund:				
Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds				
Series 1997A Reserve Fund.	AAA	\$ 6,871,409	< 90 days	
JP Morgan US Treasury Securities Money Market Fund:				
Balances held for auction bonds debt service.	AAA	1,007,991	< 90 days	
First American US Treasury Money Market Fund:				
Balances held for commercial paper debt service.	AAA	426,834	< 90 days	
Total Miscellaneous Money Market Funds		\$ 8,306,234		

Risk Disclosures:

Interest Rate Risk. These money market funds maintain an average maturity of less than 90 days and seek to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1.00. These funds are redeemable on a same day notice.

Credit Risk. These funds hold only US dollar denominated securities that present minimal credit risk. They have the highest credit ratings.

Custodial Credit Risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City of Houston will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are not registered in the name of the City, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. As of June 30, 2008 none of the City's investments in the previous noted money market funds were subject to custodial credit risk.

6. Houston Foundation

The Houston Foundation consists of two trusts. The Hill Trust is reported as an Other Non-Major Special Revenue fund; its investments are laid out below. The Hill Trust was established by will in the early 1900's as a general purpose charity trust. The trust is administered by an outside trustee. The City's Administration and Regulatory Affairs Department provides administrative support to the foundation and its board.

City of Houston	Credit Quality	Market	WAM
Investments As of June 30, 2008	Ratings	Value	(yrs)
Cash and Equivalents	not rated	\$ 61,152	n/a
Fixed Income	not rated	1,759,687	4.13
Equities	n/a	979,350	n/a
Other	n/a	12	n/a
Total Assets		\$ 2.800.201	

Risk Disclosures:

Interest Rate Risk. The cash and fixed income portions of this portfolio are invested in mutual funds, US Agency Securities, and Corporate Bonds. Roughly 4% of the portfolio is allocated to Columbia Short-Term Bond Fund with average maturity of 2.0 years, 9% is allocated to Columbia Strategic Income Fund with an average maturity of 8.7 years, 68% is allocated to Corporate Bonds with maturities less than 5 years, and 33% is allocated to U.S. Agency Bonds with maturities less than 5 years. The weighted average maturity for the fixed income portfolio is approximately 4.13 years, and the weighted average duration is 3.13 years.

Credit Risk. The allocation of assets among various asset classes are set by the board. The Moody's quality rating for the fixed income portfolio are as followed: 46% is rated AAA, 29% is rated AA, 14% is rated A, and 11%, mainly mutual funds, are not rated. The equities portion of this portfolio is invested in common stocks and Columbia's mutual funds.

Custodial Credit Risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City of Houston will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are not registered in the name of the City, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. As of June 30, 2008 all of the foundation's holdings in the above noted mutual funds, corporate bonds, and common stocks were subject to custodial credit risk.

7. Investments - Houston Area Water Corporation

As of June 30, 2008, the Corporation had the following investments:

	Weighted Average	
<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	Fair value
Wells Fargo Treasury Plus Money Market Fund	4 days	\$ 918,559
JP Morgan U.S. Government Money Market Fund	52 days	 1,970,858
		\$ 2,889,417

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Corporation's deposits may not be returned to it. The corporation does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The Corporation did not have any custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2008.

Interest Rate risk: The Corporation does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk: State law limits investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and mutual bond funds to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The corporation has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. Wells Fargo Treasury Plus Money market Fund and JP Morgan U.S. Government Money Market Fund were rated AAAm by S&P Rating and Aaa by Moody's Rating.

8. Investments – Municipal Employees Pension System (the "System")

Portions of the System's investments are classified as security investments. A security is a transferable financial instrument that evidences ownership or creditorship. Investments in commingled funds, limited partnerships, real estate trusts, and loans and mortgages are investments that are evidenced by contracts rather than securities.

The fair values of the System's investments at June 30, 2008, are presented by type, as follows:

Short-term investment funds	\$ 50,709,924
Government securities	46,189,118
Corporate bonds	88,482,458
Capital stocks	487,616,910
Commingled funds	537,365,408
Real assets	338,905,427
Alternative investments	336,774,854
	\$ 1,886,044,099

The System's Board (Board), in accordance with the power and authority conferred under the Texas Statutes, employed State Street Bank and Trust Company (Custodian) as custodian of the assets of the System, and in said capacity, the Custodian is a fiduciary of the System's assets with respect to its discretionary duties including safekeeping the System's assets.

The Custodian shall establish and maintain a custodial account to hold, or direct its agents to hold, for the account of the System all assets that the Board shall from time to time deposit with the Custodian. All rights, title and interest in and to the System's assets shall at all times be vested in the System's Board.

In holding all System assets, the Custodian shall act with the same care, skill, prudence and diligence under the prevailing circumstances that a prudent person acting in like capacity and familiar with matters of this type would use in the conduct of an enterprise with a like character and with like aims. Further, the Custodian shall hold, manage and administer the System's assets for the exclusive purpose of providing the benefits to the members and the qualified survivors of the System.

The Board shall manage the investment program of the System in compliance with all applicable Federal and State statutes and regulations concerning the investment of pension assets. The Board has adopted a Statement of Investment Policies and Objectives (Investment Policy) to set forth the factors involved in the management of investment assets for the System and is made part of every investment management agreement.

Custodial credit risk. For an investment, custodial credit is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the System will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the System, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the System's name. At June 30, 2008, the System's investments that were not subject to custodial credit risk were the investments in U.S. government securities and corporate bonds as they are registered in the name of the System and held in possession of the Custodian.

Concentration of credit risk. The allocation of assets among various asset classes are set by the Board. For major asset classes (e.g., U.S. equity, international equity, fixed income, real assets, and alternative investments), the System will further diversify by employing managers with demonstrated skills in complementary areas of expertise.

The managers retained will utilize varied investment approaches, but, when combined will exhibit characteristics that are similar, but not identical, to the asset class proxy utilized in the strategic asset allocation plan. The Investment Policy of the System provides that no investment manager shall have more than 15% (at market value) of the System's assets in one investment style offered by the firm, with the exception of passive management.

Representative guidelines by type of investment are as follows:

U.S. equity managers

- 1. A manager's portfolio shall contain a minimum of twenty-five issues.
- 2. No more than 5% of the manager's portfolio at market shall be invested in American Depository Receipts.
- 3. No individual holding in a manager's portfolio may constitute more than 5% of the outstanding shares of an issuer.
- 4. No individual holding may constitute more than 5% of a manager's portfolio at cost or 10% at market.
- Short sales, purchases on margin, non-negotiable or otherwise restricted securities are prohibited, other than where expressly permitted.
- 6. While there are no restrictions on cash, a manager must notify the System if the cash position exceeds 10%.

International equity managers

- 1. Not more than 5% at cost and 10% at market value of a manager's portfolio shall be invested in the securities of any one issuer.
- 2. Not more than 30% of the assets of a manager's portfolio (at market value) shall be invested in any one country with the exception of Japan.
- 3. While there are no restrictions on cash, a manager must notify the System if the cash position exceeds 10%.
- 4. Currency forwards and futures will be limited as follows:
 - a. Limits on net forward and future sales of currencies will be addressed in each manager's respective Guidelines and Objectives,
 - Forward and future exchange contracts of any currencies, other than Yen, Sterling and Euro shall be limited to the manager's underlying equity position in the local market,
 - c. Foreign exchange contracts with a maturity exceeding 12 months are prohibited, and
 - d. Currency options may be entered into in lieu of or in conjunction with forward sales of currencies. The same effective limitations specified in (a) through (c) above will apply to currency options.

Fixed income managers

- 1. No more than 10% of a manager's portfolio at market shall be invested in the securities of any single issuer, with the exception of the U.S. government and its agencies.
- 2. No individual holding in a manager's portfolio shall constitute more than 10% of the market value of an issue.

Global opportunistic fixed income/high yield managers

1. No more than 5% at cost and 10% at market value of a manager's portfolio shall be invested in the securities of any single issuer, with the exception of the U.S. government and its agencies.

There is no security issued by a single issuer that is being held with market value over 5% of the System's plan net assets as of June 30, 2008.

Interest rate risk. The System invests in fixed income securities including, but not limited to, investments representing instruments with an obligated fixed rate of interest including public and private debentures, mortgages, investments in life insurance general accounts and guaranteed investment contracts, with maturities greater than one year, and options/futures. Instruments may have an investment grade or non-investment grade rating. Purchases and sales, investment selection and implementation of investment strategies are delegated to the discretion of the investment manager, subject to compliance with its management agreement and the Investment Policy.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the investment. This risk is managed within the portfolios using the effective duration or option-adjusted methodology. The System's investment policies require that the portfolio shall maintain a duration within +/- 20% of the Lehman Aggregate Bond index; and maintain a credit quality weighted average of AA-, or equivalent. Duration is a measure of a debt investment's exposure to fair value changes arising from changes in interest rates. It uses the present value of cash flows, weighted for those cash flows as a percentage of the investment's full price.

The greater the duration of a bond, or a portfolio of bonds, the greater its price volatility will be in response to a change in interest rates and vice-versa. Duration is the measure of a bond price's sensitivity to a 100-basis point change in interest rates. The duration of the System's debt securities are managed by the active managers.

At June 30, 2008, the following table shows the System's investments by type, amount and the effective duration rate calculated using the software Wilshire Axiom.

	Effective <u>Duration</u>	<u>Domestic</u>	International	Fair Value
Collateralized mortgage obligations	6.12	\$ 8,567,670		8,567,670
Convertible bonds	9.82	8,317,513		8,317,513
Corporate bonds	9.84	58,351,072		58,351,072
Corporate bonds	6.35		7,929,239	7,929,239
GNMA/FNMA/FHLMC (Sponsored Agencies)	5.01	30,674,118		30,674,118
Government issues (United States)	6.96	10,090,918		10,090,918
Government issues (International)	10.93		4,158,775	4,158,775
Zero coupon bond	n/a	1,265,307		1,265,307
Misc. receivable (Auto/Credit card)	0.32	767,569		767,569
Other asset backed	<u>3.46</u>	4,286,261	263,134	4,549,395
	<u>6.22</u>	\$ <u>122,320,428</u>	12,351,148	<u>134,671,576</u>

Credit risk. The quality ratings of investments in fixed income securities are set forth in the Investment Policy as follows:

- 1. All issues purchased must be of investment grade quality Baa (Moody's) or BBB (S&P) unless expressly authorized by the Board, in which case a minimum B rating shall apply, with a maximum limit of non-investment grade credits of 20% at market.
- 2. For global opportunistic fixed income/high yield securities, more than 50% of a manager's portfolio at market shall be invested in non-investment grade fixed income securities, i.e. those with ratings of BA1 (Moody's), BB+ (Standard & Poor's), or lower, or unrated bonds, including but not limited to corporate bonds, convertible bonds, and preferred stocks.

The quality ratings of investments in fixed income securities as described by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations at June 30, 2008 are as follows:

					Government		Other		
		Convertible	Corporate	Sponsored	Issues		Asset	Grand Total	Percentage
Quality Rating	<u>CMO</u>	Bonds	<u>Bonds</u>	<u>Agencies</u>	(International)	Other	Backed	Fair Value	of Holdings
AAA	\$ 7,360,076			4,505,827	516,042		818,476	\$ 13,200,421	9.80%
AA		320,800	959,781			494,650	393,185	2,168.416	1.61%
AA+	5,075		442,696					447,771	0.33%
AA-			1,794,443					1,794,443	1.33%
A			1,378,737				81,249	1,459,986	1.08%
A-			2,052,072				242,002	2,294,074	1.70%
A+			1,706,097		1,825,804			3,531,901	2.62%
BBB			4,803,802					4,803,802	3.57%
BBB-			4,224,944		1,740,072		450,770	6,415,786	4.76%
BBB+			3,248,326				439,741	3,688,067	2.74%
BB		558,038	4,727,482				650,377	5,935,897	4.41%
BB+			4,672,740		76,858		75,845	4,825,443	3.58%
BB-			4,382,334				302,753	4,685,087	3.48%
В		320,854	9,351,092					9,671,946	7.18%
B+		335,125	6,398,924					6,734,049	5.00%
B-		1,356,563	5,645,942					7,002,505	5.20%
Below C	143,223	1,112,156	7,369,680					8,625,059	6.40%
NA	1,059,297	4,313,978	3,121,219	26,168,291		272,919	1,094,998	36,030,702	<u>26.78%</u>
Subtotal	\$ <u>8,567,671</u>	<u>8,317,514</u>	66,280,311	30,674,118	<u>4,158,776</u>	<u>767,569</u>	<u>4,549,396</u>	123,315,355	<u>91.57%</u>
	Total credit	risk debt sed	curities					123,315,355	91.57%
	U.S. govern	ment fixed in	come securi	ties*				11,356,225	8.43%
	Total fixed	income secur	ities					\$ <u>134,671,580</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

^{*}Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not have purchase limitations.

Foreign currency risk. International securities investment managers are expected to maintain diversified portfolios by sector and by issuer using the System's Investment Policy.

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. Each investment manager, through the purchase of units in a commingled investment trust fund or international equity mutual fund, establishes investments in international equities. The System has an indirect exposure to foreign currency fluctuation as of June 30, 2008 as follows:

			Percent	age
		Fair Value	of Hold	ings
Assetseller Deller	¢	4.721.160	2.4	0/
Australian Dollar	\$	4,731,169	2.4	
Brazillian Real		1,997,378	1.0	%
Canadian Dollar		22,297,022	11.1	%
Danish Krone		3,392,452	1.7	%
Euro Currency		51,358,787	25.5	%
Hong Kong Dollar		3,449,216	1.7	%
Indonesian Rupiah		3,267,993	1.6	%
Japanese Yen		46,164,938	22.9	%
Malaysian Ringgit		1,113,638	0.6	%
Mexican Peso		1,835,140	0.9	%
New Taiwan Dollar		1,320,537	0.7	%
New Zealand Dollar		1,363,403	0.7	%
Norwegian Krone		6,248,947	3.1	%
Pound Sterling		39,562,664	19.7	%
Singapore Dollar		516,038	0.2	%
South Korean Won		2,146,140	1.1	%
Swedish Krona		2,249,315	1.1	%
Swiss Franc		<u>8,131,638</u>	<u>4.0</u>	%
Total securities subject to foreign currency risk	\$	201,146,415	<u>100.0</u>	%

9. Investments - Houston Firefighters' Relief and Retirement (HFRRF) Fund

Statutes of the State of Texas authorize the HFRRF to invest surplus funds in the manner provided by the Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle A, Subchapter C. This subchapter provides for the investment of surplus assets in any investment or investments that are deemed "prudent" by the HFRRF Board. The investment policy of the HFRRF Board does not restrict the types of investments authorized to be made on behalf of the HFRRF; however, the Board seeks to produce a return on investments that is based on prudent and reasonable investment risk and the cash flow requirements of the HFRRF given prevailing capital market conditions. While the HFRRF Board recognizes the importance of the preservation of capital, it also adheres to the theory of capital market pricing which maintains that varying degrees of investment risk should be rewarded with incremental returns. Consequently, prudent risk-taking is justifiable.

The HFRRF Board has employed Mellon Trust (HFRRF Custodian) as HFRRF Custodian of the assets of the HFRRF, and in said capacity, the HFRRF Custodian shall be a fiduciary of the HFRRF's assets with respect to its discretionary duties including safekeeping the HFRRF's assets. The HFRRF Custodian shall establish and maintain a custodial account to hold, or direct its agents to hold, for the account of the HFRRF all assets that the HFRRF Board shall from time to time deposit with the HFRRF Custodian. All right, title and interest in and to the HFRRF's assets shall at all times be vested with the HFRRF's Board.

In holding all HFRRF assets, the HFRRF Custodian shall act with the same care, skill, prudence and diligence under the prevailing circumstances that a prudent person acting in like capacity and familiar with matters of this type would use in the conduct of an enterprise with a like character and with like aims. Further, the HFRRF Custodian shall hold, manage and administer the HFRRF 's assets for the exclusive purpose of providing the benefits to the members and the qualified survivors of the HFRRF Fund.

The HFRRF Board shall manage the investment program of the HFRRF in compliance with all applicable Federal and State statutes and regulations concerning the investment of pension assets. The HFRRF Board has adopted an Investment Policies and Procedures (Investment Policy) to set forth the factors involved in the management of investment assets for the HFRRF. The HFRRF Board has established an Investment Committee to act on all matters related to investments.

The fair values of the HFRRF's investments as of June 30, 2008 by type are as follows:

Short-term investment funds	\$ 89,883,727
Fixed Income	954,752,944
Common equity	1,309,360,620
Preferred equity	12,801,872
Alternative investments	142,358,591
Private equity	334,354,229
Real Estate	165,779,034
Total investments	\$ 3,009,291,017

Portions of the HFRRF's investments are classified as security investments. A security is a transferable financial instrument that evidences ownership or creditorship. Investments in partnerships and real estate are investments that are evidenced by contracts rather than securities.

Custodial credit risk. For an investment, custodial credit is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the HFRRF will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the HFRRF, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the HFRRF's name. At June 30, 2008, the HFRRF's security investments that were not subject to custodial credit risk were the investments not registered on an exchange.

Concentration of credit risk. The allocation of assets among various asset classes is set by the HFRRF Board with the objective of optimizing the investment return of the HFRRF within framework of acceptable risk and diversification. For major asset classes (e.g., domestic equities, international equities, fixed income, alternative investments, private equity and real estate), the HFRRF will further diversify by employing investment managers who implement the strategies selected by the Investment Committee.

Significant risk management asset allocation guidelines are as follows:

Public market investments

- 1. Specific guidelines will be developed cooperatively by the HFRRF's investment staff, legal counsel, and investment manager and shall be incorporated into the Investment Management Services Contract executed by the Chair of the Investment Committee, Executive Director and the investment manager.
- 2. In case of conflict between the specific manager guidelines and the general guidelines, the specific guidelines, as approved by the Investment Committee, shall supersede. The general guidelines are as follows:
 - a. Manager investment philosophy, style, and strategy shall remain consistent and shall not change without the Investment Committee's approval. The manager shall have discretion to manage the portfolio consistent with the style presented to the Investment Committee at the time of selection and further subject to the restrictions established by the policy herein.
 - b. The following transactions are prohibited: short sales, selling on margin, put and call options, and the use of derivatives for speculation unless authorized by the Investment Committee.
 - c. Transactions that involve a broker acting as a principal, where such broker is also affiliated with the manager who is making the transaction are prohibited, unless specifically approved by the Investment Committee.
 - d. Transactions shall be executed at competitive costs, or within the parameters established for directed brokerage transactions by the Investment Committee.
 - e. Managers shall maintain cash levels consistent with their style as presented to the Investment Committee at the time of selection. Any deviation shall be allowed only after notifying the Chief Investment Officer and Executive Director and should be related to unusual market conditions. The maximum cash level to be held by each manager will be addressed in the Investment Management or other binding agreement as is appropriate for the investment.

3. The Investment Committee with the assistance from the HFRRF staff shall monitor each investment manager's performance and adherence to style, strategy, and manager specific guidelines. It is the Investment Committee's discretion to take corrective action by replacing an investment manager if they deem it appropriate at any time.

Alternative and real estate investments

- 1. The investment specific guidelines for each manager will be incorporated in a Limited Partnership Agreement, Limited Liability Company Agreement, or other binding agreement as is appropriate for the investment. The Chair of the Investment Committee and the manager execute this document.
- 2. In case of conflict between the specific manager guidelines and the general guidelines, the specific guidelines, as approved by the Investment Committee, shall supersede. Manager investment philosophy, style, and strategy shall remain consistent and shall not change without the Investment Committee's approval. The manager shall have discretion to manage the portfolio consistent with the style presented to the Investment Committee at the time of selection and further subject to the restrictions established by the policy herein.
- 3. The Investment Committee with assistance from the HFRRF staff shall monitor each Alternative and Real Estate manager's performance and adherence to strategy and manager specific guidelines. It is the Investment Committee's discretion to take corrective action by replacing an investment manager if they deem it feasible and appropriate at any time. Alternative and Real Estate investment manager retention is governed in most cases by Limited Partnership Agreements, Limited Liability Company Agreements, or other binding agreements. In these cases, the Investment Committee with assistance from the HFRRF staff shall identify available options as allowed by the governing documents and determine the impact and consequences of these options.

As of June 30, 2008, the HFRRF Fund's investments had no single holdings in excess of 5% of HFRRF net assets. As of June 30, 2007, the Fund's investment of \$193,175,604 in an individual U.S. Treasury Bond exceeded 5% of HFRRF net assets.

Interest rate risk. The Fund invests in fixed income securities including, but not limited to, investments representing instruments with an obligated fixed rate of interest including public and private debentures, mortgages, investments in life insurance general accounts and guaranteed investment contracts, with maturities greater than one year, and options/futures. Instruments may have an investment grade or non-investment grade rating. Purchases and sales, investment selection and implementation of investment strategies are delegated to the discretion of the investment manager, subject to compliance with its management agreement and the HFRRF's Investment Policy.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of the investment. Interest rate risk is the greatest risk faced by an investor in the fixed income market. The price of a fixed income security typically moves in the opposite direction of the change in interest rates. The weighted average maturity expresses investment time horizons (when the investment come due and payable) in years, weighted to reflect the dollar size of individual investments within the investment type. The HFRRF does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to potential fair value losses arising from future changes in interest rates, but rather mandates such limits within the Investment Management Services Contract.

At June 30, 2008, the following table shows the HFRRF's investments by type, with weighted average maturity and fair value:

	Weighted	
	Average	
	<u>Maturity</u>	Fair Value
Asset Backed Securities	8.02	\$ 102,612,612
Consumer Discretionary	5.17	1,877,625
Corporate Debt	17.25	584,017,009
Energy	0.09	1,965,850
Financials	21.59	1,739,140
U.S. Government Issues	5.24	26,688,251
Healthcare	4.69	11,379,275
Industrials	0.09	70,570
Information Technology	2.02	3,681,731
Multinational Fixed Income	0.00	96,761
Non-U.S. Corporate	4.69	56,196,679
Non-U.S. FHLM/FNMA	0.64	5,907,576
Non-U.S. Government issues	3.89	39,984,095
Telecommunication Services	1.79	4,444,481
TIPS (Treasury Inflation Protected)	9.03	5,186,383
U.S. Convertibles	9.91	3,845,669
U.S. Fixed Income Funds	0.00	3,319,285
U.S. Private Placements	16.39	98,620,409
U.S. Taxable Muni Bonds	37.95	2,495,043
Utilities	0.37	624,500
Total fixed income securities		\$ 954,752,944

Credit risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The HFRRF does not have a formal policy limiting investment credit risk, but rather mandates such limits within the Investment Management Services Contract.

The HFRRF's exposure to investment credit risk in fixed income securities as of June 30, 2008 is as follows:

Quality Rating	Fair Value	Percentage of Holdings		
Agency	5,907,576	0.20 %		
AI	94,589,819	3.14 %		
A2	116,451,188	3.86 %		
A3	109,638,775	3.64 %		
AA1	32,404,398	1.08 %		
AA2	16,452,293	0.55 %		
AA3	97,538,656	3.24 %		
AAA	158,287,362	5.25 %		
B1	28,805,555	0.96 %		
B2	20,439,080	0.68 %		
B3	16,952,143	0.56 %		
Ba1	19,934,638	0.66 %		
Ba2	12,032,818	0.40 %		
Ba3	19,487,995	0.65 %		
Baa1	32,672,493	1.08 %		
Baa2	41,812,253	1.39 %		
Baa3	51,509,348	1.71 %		
C	1,412,140	0.05 %		
Caa1	13,091,498	0.43 %		
Caa2	9,428,762	0.31 %		
Caa3	3,106,394	0.10 %		
Rating not available	20,923,126	0.69 %		
Total credit risk debt securities*	\$ <u>922,878,310</u>	<u>30.63</u> %		

^{*}Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and therefore, have not been included in this disclosure.

Foreign currency risk. Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments which result from changes in foreign currency exchange rates have been included in the net appreciation in fair value of investments. The HFRRF's policy allows external investment managers to decide what action to take regarding their respective portfolio's foreign currency exposures subject to compliance with its respective Investment Management Services Contract and the Fund's Investment Policy Statement. The HFRRF's exposure to foreign currency fluctuation as of June as of June 30, 2008 is as follows:

	Fair Value	Percentage of Holdings
		_
EURO Currency	\$ 157,017,156	5.21 %
British Pound Sterling	94,981,641	3.15 %
Japanese Yen	74,323,972	2.47 %
Swiss Franc	55,984,586	1.86 %
Canadian Dollar	32,860,853	1.09 %
Australian Dollar	30,897,887	1.03 %
Singapore Dollar	20,482,341	0.68 %
Brazil Real	17,427,273	0.58 %
Norwegian Krone	13,825,913	0.46 %
Mexican New Peso	11,818,493	0.39 %
Hong Kong Dollar	11,100,002	0.37 %
Thailand Baht	10,036,192	0.33 %
New Zealand Dollar	9,832,019	0.33 %
Indonesian Rupian	9,185,359	0.30 %
South Korean Won	7,975,074	0.26 %
Iceland Krona	6,411,715	0.21 %
Danish Krone	5,036,284	0.17 %
New Taiwan Dollar	4,772,503	0.16 %
Czech Moruna	3,104,554	0.10 %
Swedish Krona	2,328,319	0.08 %
South African Comm Rand	2,154,166	0.07 %
Israeli Shekel	2,053,178	0.07 %
Egyptian Pound	1,271,596	0.04 %
New Turkish Lira	887,030	0.03 %
Chinese Yuan Renminbi	3,236	0.00 %
Hungarian Forint	<u> </u>	0.00 %
Total securities subject to foreign currency risk	\$ 585,771,503	<u>19.44</u>

10. Investments - Houston Police Officers' Pension (HPOP)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Investments. Statutes of the State of Texas authorize the HPOP System to invest surplus funds in a manner provided by the Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle A, Subchapter C. Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market value are reported at estimated fair value.

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date. Income from other investments is recorded when earned. Gains and losses on sales of securities are recognized on the trade date. The cost of investments sold is determined using the first-in, first-out cost flow method. Short-term investments include funds held in the Northern Trust Short Term Investment Fund (STIF) and commercial paper with maturities not exceeding one year. Fixed income investments include government securities such as Treasury securities, Federally sponsored agency issued discount notes, bonds, agency pass-through securities and collateralized mortgage obligations; US corporate bonds such as term bonds and asset backed securities; and foreign securities such as dollar denominated and non-dollar denominated issues of non-US governments and private corporations. Call options on fixed income securities give the holder the right but not the obligation to purchase US Treasury securities during the term of the option contract. The holder pays a premium for this right, which is carried as an asset of the HPOP System, subject to daily mark-to-market adjustments, during the contract term. The issuer of the option has an obligation to the holder to settle the option position in cash at the fair value of the underlying security in exchange for the price specified by the option, until the contract is exercised or expires. Equity securities consist of individual shares of equity securities plus units of commingled stock funds of both US and foreign entities. Alternative investments consist of investments in hedge funds commodities, private equity and a commingled structured beta fund.

Administrative Costs. All administrative costs of the HPOP System are paid from the System's assets.

Federal Income Tax. A favorable determinations that the HPOP System is qualified and exempt from Federal income taxes was received May 26, 2006. The HPOP's Board believes that the System is designed and continues to operate in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code.

Use of Estimates. The preparation of the HPOP System's financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of American, requires management to make significant estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and net plan assets at the date of the financial statements and the actuarial information included in the required supplementary information as of the benefit information date, the changes in the HPOP System's net assets during the reporting period and, when applicable, disclosures of the contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The HPOP System's investments have been categorized to address deposit and investment risks related to custodial credit risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the HPOP System's deposits may not be returned to them. The HPOP System considers only demand deposits as cash. As of June 30, 2008, the HPOP System had a balance of \$123 thousand on deposit at a financial institution. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) covered cash on deposit up to \$100 thousand at the financial institution. As of June 30, 2008, \$23 thousand of the HPOP System's bank balance of \$123 thousand was exposed to custodial credit risk. Subsequent to June 30, 2008, the federal government passed legislation that increases FDIC coverage to \$250 thousand per account at this financial institution. In addition, at June 30, 2008, the HPOP System has approximately \$6,417 thousand on deposit with other financial institutions, which is subject to custodial credit risk, as it is not covered by depository insurance and is uncollateralized.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. As of June 30, 2008, the System's fixed income assets that are not government guaranteed represented 64.7% of the HPOP System's fixed income portfolio. The below tables summarize the HPOP System's fixed income portfolio exposure levels and credit qualities.

Average Credit Quality and Exposure Levels of Non-U.S. Government Guaranteed Securities (\$000's)

				Weighted
	Ma	arket Value	Percent of All Fixed	Average Credit
Fixed Income Security Type	Jur	ne 30, 2007	Income Assets	Quality
Corporate Bonds	\$	99,604	10.7%	В
International				
Government Bonds		81,876	8.8%	AA
Mutual Bond Funds		377,601	40.4%	Not Rated
Bank Loans		44,513	4.8%	
Non-Government Backed		7	0.0%	
C.M.O.'s				
Total	\$	603,601	64.7%	

Ratings Dispersion Detail (000's)

Credit Rating Level	Corporate Bonds	International Government Bonds		orate Government Mutual Bond			Bank Loans	Non-Government Backed C.M.O.s
AAA	\$ 549	\$	31,345	\$	-	\$ -	7	
AA	-		34,359		-	-	-	
A	1,268		14,261		-	-	-	
BBB	1,585		-		-	-	-	
BB	34,902		-		-	6,326	-	
В	44,576		-		-	15,119	-	
CCC	8,409		-		-	-	-	
CC	192		-		-	-	-	
C	196		-		-	-	-	
D	109		-		-	-	-	
Not Rated	7,818		1,911		377,601	23,068		
Total	\$ 99,604	\$	81,876	\$	377,601	\$ 44,513	\$ 7	

The HPOP System's investment policy allows Investment managers full discretion in adopting investment strategies to deal with these risks. Unless otherwise provided in the individual investment manager agreement, the average quality rating of each individual fixed income portfolio on a weighted value basis shall be A-rated or higher, and no issue should have a rating below investment grade (Baa or higher). Certain managers, such as high yield managers, may be exempted from these requirements as provided for in their contracts.

Credit risk for derivative instruments held by the HPOP System results from counterparty risk, essentially that the counterparty will be unable to fulfill its obligations, assumed by the HPOP System. Information regarding the HPOP System's credit risk related to derivatives is found under the derivatives disclosures.

Policies regarding credit risk pertaining to credit risk associated with the HPOP System's securities lending program are found under the securities lending disclosures.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of the HPOP System's investment in a single issue. The HPOP System's operational guidelines for each specific portfolio limits investments in any one single domestic equity issue to 15% of each portfolio at market value and for any one single international equity issue to 5% of the HPOP System's investments. For fixed income investments, the HPOP System's policy limits, by each specific portfolio, investment in any one single fixed income security to 10% of each portfolio at market value. As of June 30, 2008, the HPOP System did not have any investments in any one organization which represented greater than 5% of plan net assets.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair values of the HPOP System's financial instruments. This risk is managed within the portfolio using the modified duration methodology. It is widely used in the management of fixed income portfolios and estimates the sensitivity of a bond's price to interest rate changes. All of the HPOP System's fixed income portfolios are managed in accordance with guidelines that are specific as to the degree of interest rate risk taken. The reporting of modified duration found in the tables below quantifies the interest rate risk of the HPOP System's fixed income investments. Interest rate risks associated with derivative instruments are found in the derivatives disclosures of these notes.

Modified Duration of Fixed Income Assets by Security Type (\$000's)

Fixed Income Security Type	Market Value June 30, 2008		% of All Fixed Income Assets	Weighted Average Modified Duration (years)
US Treasuries	\$ 329,935		35.3%	15.2
Corporate Bonds		99,604	10.7%	4.7
International				
Government Bonds		81,876	8.8%	6.4
Mutual Bond Funds		377,601	40.4%	5.0
Bank Loans		44,513	4.8%	0.0
Non-Government Backed C.M.O.'s		7	0.0%	0.2
Total	\$	933,536	100.0%	8.4

Modified Duration Analysis - Corporate Bonds, International Government Bonds, Bank Loans and Non-Government Backed C.M.O.'s (\$000's)

	 rket Value	Average Modified	Contribution Modifed
Corporate Bonds	e 30, 2008	Duration	Duration
Less than 1 year to maturity	\$ 1,277	0.7	0.0
1 to 10 years maturities	92,704	4.5	4.2
10 to 20 years maturities	4,810	8.5	0.4
Greater than 20 years maturities	 813	10.0	0.1
Total	\$ 99,604		4.7
International Government Bonds			
Less than 1 year to maturity	\$ 299	1.1	0.0
1 to 10 years maturities	56,001	3.5	2.4
10 to 20 years maturities	11,113	11.3	1.5
Greater than 20 years maturities	14,463	14.0	2.5
Total	\$ 81,876		6.4
Bank Loans			
Less than 1 year to maturity	\$ 485	0.0	0.0
1 to 10 years maturities	44,028	0.0	0.0
Total	\$ 44,513		0.0
Non-Government Backed C.M.O.'s			
Greater than 20 years maturities	7	0.2	0.2
Total	\$ 7		0.2

Foreign Currency Risk. Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely impact the fair value of an investment. The books and records of the HPOP System are maintained in US dollars. Foreign currencies and non-dollar denominated investments are translated into US dollars at the bid prices of such currencies against US dollars at each balance sheet date. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments which result from changes in foreign currency exchange rates have been included in the net appreciation in fair value of investments. Net realized foreign currency gains and losses resulting from changes in exchange rates include foreign currency gains and losses between trade date and settlement date of investment securities transactions, foreign currency transactions and the difference between the amounts of interest and dividends recorded on the books of the HPOP System and the amount actually received.

The HPOP System's exposure to foreign currency risk in U.S. dollars as of June 30, 2008, is shown in the table below:

Foreign Currency Exposure by Asset Class (\$000's)

									O_{j}	ptions on	
	Shor	t Term				Fixed	A	lternative]	Foreign	
Currency	Inves	stments]	Equities]	Income	In	vestments	C	urrencies	Total
Australian dollar	\$	(38)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (38)
British pound sterling		2		64,770		5,323		-		(5,307)	64,788
Canadian dollar		21		4,646		1,615		-		(1,615)	4,667
Danish krone		-		-		950		-		(953)	(3)
Euro		483		125,098		37,482		18,765		(37,569)	144,259
Hong Kong dollar		-		2,052		-		-		-	2,052
Japanese yen		169		91,372		36,976		-		(37,023)	91,494
New Zealand dollar		-		1,475		-		-		-	1,475
Norwegian krone		-		2,113		-		-		-	2,113
South Korean won		-		3,453		-		-		55	3,508
Swedish krona		55		9,346		401		-		(459)	9,343
Swiss franc		612		13,441		-		-		-	14,053
	\$	1,304	\$	317,766	\$	82,747	\$	18,765	\$	(82,871)	\$ 337,711

Securities Lending Program – The Board of Trustees' policies permit the HPOP System to lend securities (domestic and international equities and fixed income) to securities firms on a temporary basis through its custodian bank. The HPOP System receives fees for all loans and retains the right to all interest and dividend payments while the securities are on loan. Cash, letters of credit or various government securities having market values equal to or exceeding 102 and 105 percent of the value of the loaned securities for domestic and international securities, respectively, collateralize all security loan agreements. Whenever market value of the securities on loan changes, the borrower must adjust the collateral accordingly. At June 30, 2008, the HPOP System had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the System owes the borrowers, \$496,426 thousand, exceeds the amounts the borrowers owe the System, \$358,938 thousand, as shown in the table below.

	Fair Va	alue (\$000's)
June 30, 2008		
Investments held by System's agent in		
System's name:		
Short-term investments	\$	85,625
Fixed income		666,252
Equities		1,236,238
Alternative investments		968,618
Foreign currency contracts		-
Securities lending collateral		
investment pool		<u>496,426</u>
	\$	3,453,159
Investments held by brokers under		
Securities loans with cash collateral:		
Fixed income	\$	267,284
Equities		91,654
	\$	358,938

The HPOP System's bank pools all collateral received from securities lending transactions and invests any cash collateral. The HPOP System holds an undivided share of the collateral provided by the borrowers of the securities. At June 30, 2008 the weighted-average maturity of the collateral pool was 54 days. The relationship between the maturities of the collateral pool and the HPOP System's loans has not been determined. Cash collateral invested in the custodian bank collateral pool at June 30, 2008 was \$368,008 thousand. The balance of the collateral at June 30, 2008 was \$128,418 thousand, and consists of treasury securities and letters of credit.

The HPOP System cannot sell or pledge the collateral unless the borrower fails to return the securities borrowed. The market value of securities on loan at June 30, 2008 was \$483,249 thousand.

Derivatives – The HPOP System's investment managers may invest in derivatives if permitted by the guidelines established by the HPOP System's Board of Trustees. The HPOP System's staff monitors guidelines and compliance. From time to time the HPOP System's investment managers will invest in foreign currency contracts, options, swaps, reverse repurchase agreements, index linked bonds, collateralized mortgage obligations and mortgage-backed securities. No derivatives are purchased with borrowed funds.

These derivative instruments are subject to the following risks:

- Credit Risk The risk that the counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. The HPOP System's investment managers seek to control this
 risk through counterparty credit evaluations and approvals, counterparty credit limits, and exposure monitoring procedures.
- Interest Rate Risk The risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair values of the HPOP System's financial instruments
 or cash flows.
- Basis Risk The risk that arises when variable interest rates on a derivative and an associated bond or other interest-paying financial instrument are based on different indexes.
- Termination Risk The risk that a derivative's unscheduled end will adversely affect an investment manager's strategy.
- Rollover Risk The risk that a derivative associated with the HPOP System's fixed income investments does not extend to the maturity of
 those investments.

Foreign currency contracts are used to hedge against the currency risk in the HPOP System's investments in foreign equity and fixed income securities and also as part of a total return strategy that seeks absolute returns from relative changes in the prices of foreign currencies. The other derivatives are used to enhance yields and provide incremental income.

Futures on investments are used to take advantage of mis-pricing opportunities. When a position is taken in a futures contract, a margin is posted and the contract is subject to daily mark-to-market adjustments. To liquidate the contract prior to expiration an offsetting position in the same contract must be taken. At expiration the holder of the futures contract accepts delivery of the underlying asset at the agreed-upon price.

The average futures balance outstanding, not including foreign currency contracts, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008 was \$103,745 thousand. Futures outstanding, not including foreign currency contracts at June 30, 2008 was \$131,156 thousand.

The contract or notional amounts of these instruments reflect the extent of the HPOP System's involvement in each class of financial instrument as of June 30, 2008 as follows (in thousands):

	Notional			
Description	Contract	Value	Exposure	
Futures on Treasury Bills and Equivalents	7	\$ 4,208	\$ (33)	
Commodity Futures	20	82,634	82,634	
Equity Futures	4	48,834	(1,964)	
Fixed Income Futures	12	55,204	209	
Long foreign currency contracts	80	180,893	638	
Short foreign currency contracts	80	(181,205)	(951)	
Total		\$ 190,568	\$ 80,533	

Alternative Investments – As of June 30, 2008 the HPOP System was invested in various partnerships, separate accounts and commingled funds across various types of alternative investments as detailed in the following chart (\$000's).

	Fair	Fair Value (\$000's)				
Investment Type		2008				
Private Equity						
Leveraged Buyouts	\$	111,459				
Special Situations		99,656				
Venture Capital		77,407				
Other Alternatives						
Hedge Funds		236,114				
Real Estate		4,415				
Structured Beta		356,627				
Commodities		82,940				
	\$	968,618				

Note 4: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The following were the allowances for doubtful accounts receivable by fund as of June 30, 2008 (000's):

Fund	Amount			
General				
Uncollectible general property taxes	\$	50,382		
Ambulance charges		272,821		
Fines and forfeits		28,817		
Demolition liens		76,928		
Others		4,231		
Grant revenue		37,324		
Airport System		1,984		
Convention and Entertainment Facilities				
Accounts receivable		674		
Hotel occupancy tax		174		
Combined Utility System		94,405		
	\$	567,740		

Note 5: Property Tax

The City's annual ad valorem property tax is required to be levied by October 1, or as soon thereafter as practicable, on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and certain personal property. Taxes are due on January 31 of the year following the year of the levy. A tax lien attaches to all property on January 1 of each year to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest that is ultimately imposed on the property. The tax rate established by the City Council for the 2007 tax year was \$0.643750 per \$100 of assessed value with \$0.461975 for operations and \$0.181775 for debt service.

The City Charter limits the property tax rate to \$0.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation excluding taxes levied for "debt service," as that term is defined in Section 1 of Article III of the City Charter. The Texas Property Tax Code ("Code"), with certain exceptions, exempts intangible personal property, household goods, and family-owned automobiles from taxation. In addition, the Code provides for countywide appraisal districts.

Note 6: Capital Assets

A. Governmental activities of the Primary Government

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2008 follows (in thousands):

	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2008
Primary Government					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 298,507	\$ 6,070	\$ (13)	\$ 22,731	\$ 327,295
Right of way	1,689,296	8,535	(2,089)	6,016	1,701,758
Construction Work in Progress	376,904	309,795	_	(273,086)	413,613
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,364,707	324,400	(2,102)	(244,339)	2,442,666
Other capital assets:					
Buildings	641,426	371	(2,944)	53,874	692,727
Improvements and Equipment	674,927	44,038	(22,681)	6,734	703,018
Infrastructure	4,915,169	7,794	(2,730)	175,386	5,095,619
Total other capital assets	6,231,522	52,203	(28,355)	235,994	6,491,364
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(194,658)	(15,804)	624	821	(209,017)
Improvements and Equipment	(443,781)	(41,652)	22,152	561	(462,720)
Infrastructure	(2,094,836)	(110,174)	2,062	-	(2,202,948)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,733,275)	(167,630)	24,838	1,382	(2,874,685)
Other capital assets, net	3,498,247	(115,427)	(3,517)	237,376	3,616,679
Primary Government capital assets, net	\$ 5,862,954	\$ 208,973	\$ (5,619)	\$ (6,963)	\$ 6,059,345

B. Business-type Activities

	Balance July 1, 2007	A	dditions	Retir	ements	т	'ransfers	Balance June 30, 2008
Airport System	 200.							
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 202,214	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,225	\$ 207,439
Construction Work in Progress	302,189		141,457		-		(207,556)	236,090
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 504,403		141,457				(202,331)	443,529
Other capital assets:								
Buildings	1,807,690		7,329		-		65,790	1,880,809
Improvements and equipment	1,719,672		5,572		(942)		136,541	1,860,843
Total other capital assets	3,527,362		12,901		(942)		202,331	3,741,652
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	(433,461)		(63,516)		-		-	(496,977)
Improvements and equipment	(769,575)		(62,435)		905		-	(831,105)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,203,036)		(125,951)		905		-	(1,328,082)
Other capital assets, net	2,324,326		(113,050)		(37)		202,331	2,413,570
Airport System capital assets, net	2,828,729		28,407		(37)		-	2,857,099
Convention and Entertainment Facilities								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	99,757		-				-	99,757
Construction Work in Progress	753		1,699		-		(603)	1,849
Total capital assets not being depreciated	100,510		1,699		-		(603)	101,606
Other capital assets:								
Buildings	444,788		266		-		2,218	447,272
Garage Rights	13,144		-		-		-	13,144
Improvements and equipment	7,979		889		(26)		100	8,942
Infrastructure	110		-		-		-	110
Total other capital assets	466,021		1,155		(26)		2,318	469,468
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:								
Buildings	(138,320)		(11,304)		-		(645)	(150,269)
Garage Rights	(1,224)		(353)		-		-	(1,577)
Improvements and equipment	(5,394)		(423)		26		(189)	(5,980)
Infrastructure	(9)		(4)		-		-	(13)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(144,947)		(12,084)		26		(834)	(157,839)
Other capital assets, net	321,074		(10,929)		-		1,484	311,629
Convention and Entertainment Facilities capital assets, net	421,584		(9,230)		-		881	413,235

	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2008
Combined Utility System					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	101,371	12,141	(2,006)	3,972	115,478
Construction Work in Progress	507,292	359,868		(453,550)	413,610
Total capital assets not being depreciated	608,663	372,009	(2,006)	(449,578)	529,088
Other capital assets:					
Buildings	97,657	8	(5,592)	3,234	95,307
Improvements and equipment	101,076	9,482	(3,236)	2,050	109,372
Infrastructure	7,619,503	25,077	(66,051)	475,265	8,053,794
Water Rights	456,915				456,915
Total other capital assets	8,275,151	34,567	(74,879)	480,549	8,715,388
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:					
Buildings	(43,047)	(2,861)	4,072	-	(41,836)
Improvements and equipment	(66,632)	(6,499)	3,112	(263)	(70,282)
Infrastructure	(3,674,862)	(199,352)	43,408	(1,681)	(3,832,487)
Water Rights	(254,320)	(11,432)			(265,752)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(4,038,861)	(220,144)	50,592	(1,944)	(4,210,357)
Other capital assets, net	4,236,290	(185,577)	(24,287)	478,605	4,505,031
Combined Utility System capital assets, net	4,844,953	186,432	(26,293)	29,027	5,034,119
Combining Non-Major Enterprise Funds					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	2,856	-	-	(2,856)	-
Construction Work in Progress	213	257			470
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,069	257		(2,856)	470
Other capital assets:					
Buildings and Improvements	24,817	44	-	(5,112)	19,749
Equipment	-	132	-	470	602
Plants and Lines	138,439	-		(16,844)	121,595
Total other capital assets	163,256	176		(21,486)	141,946
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	(762)	(439)	-	-	(1,201)
Equipment	-	(12)	-	(284)	(296)
Plants and Lines	(7,902)	(4,229)		1,680	(10,451)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,664)	(4,680)		1,396	(11,948)
Other capital assets, net	154,592	(4,504)		(20,090)	129,998
Combining Non-Major Enterprise Funds, net	157,661	(4,247)		(22,946)	130,468
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 8,252,927	\$ 201,362	\$ (26,330)	\$ 6,962	\$ 8,434,921
type accentace capital account not	÷ 5,252,721	- 201,502	- (20,550)	÷ 0,702	- 0,101,721

Included in the transfers are assets of \$1,787 thousand contributed to the Combined Utility System Fund, \$881 to the Convention & Entertainment Facility Fund, and \$4,295 to the Parking Management Fund from the General Fund.

C. Depreciation Expense

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/ programs of the primary government as follows (in thousands):

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 7,175
Public safety	25,055
Public works	12,039
Health	2,689
Housing	378
Parks and recreation	8,273
Library	1,847
Infrastructure	110,174
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 167,630
Business-type activities	
Airport System	\$ 125,951
Convention & Entertainment Facilities	12,084
Combined Utility System	219,938
Nonmajor Business-type	4,636
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 362,609

D. Pension Trust Funds

In February 1998, the Firefighters' Relief and Retirement Fund purchased land in the amount of \$483,325 for use in the construction of a new office building for its operations and its members. In April of 2001, the construction of the new building was completed. The building cost of \$9,140,824 is being depreciated over 30 years. The accumulated depreciation for the building as of June 30, 2008 amounted to \$2,225,090.

Note 7: Short-Term Debt - Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2008, was as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Ba	alance				B	alance
	July	1, 2007	Issued	R	edeem ed	June	30, 2008
Tax and revenue							
Anticipation notes	\$	-	\$ 115,000	\$	115,000	\$	-

On July 2, 2007, the City closed on the sale of \$115,000,000 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes ("TRANS"), Series 2007. The proceeds of the TRANS were used to pay working capital expenditures until tax revenues were received. The stated interest rate was 4.5%, and the average yield was 3.70%. The notes matured on June 30, 2008.

Note 8: Long-Term Liabilities

A. General Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in General Long-Term Liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2008 are summarized as follows (in thousands):

								A	mounts
		Balance		Re	tirements/		Balance	Dι	ie within
	$\mathbf{J}_{\mathbf{I}}$	uly 1, 2007	 Additions	1	ransfers	Ju	ne 30, 2008	0	ne Year
Governmental Activities									
Bonds and notes payable									
General tax obligation debt	\$	2,782,083	\$ 622,784	\$	(422,041)	\$	2,982,826	\$	174,868
Accretions, net		2,113	373		(6)		2,480		-
HUD Section 108 Loans		20,200	-		(5,140)		15,060		1,745
Deferred charges for electricity		2,941	-		(1,426)		1,515		1,515
Plus premium on bonds		86,580	9,004		(6,390)		89,194		-
Less deferred amount on refundings		(18,829)	-		2,248		(16,581)		-
Total bonds and notes payable		2,875,088	632,161		(432,755)		3,074,494		178,128
Other liabilities:									
Claims and judgments		133,390	26,053		(17,074)		142,369		21,313
Compensated absences		376,962	111,865		(88,514)		400,313		130,852
Arbitrage rebate		179	78		(15)		242		-
Other Post Retirement Benefit liability		-	285,715		(46,093)		239,622		-
Pension liability		467,422	263,412		(169,069)		561,765		-
Total other liabilities		977,953	687,123		(320,765)		1,344,311		152,165
Governmental Activities Long-Term	_								
Liabilities	\$	3,853,041	\$ 1,319,284	\$	(753,520)	\$	4,418,805	\$	330,293
Discretely Presented Component Units:									
Notes payable	\$	340,187	\$ 18,934	\$	(20,213)	\$	338,908	\$	15,640
Revenue bonds		141,848	10,000		(5,763)		146,085		5,940
Discretely Presented Component									
Units Long-Term Liabilities	\$	482,035	\$ 28,934	\$	(25,976)	\$	484,993	\$	21,580

(Continued)

	J	Balance uly 1, 2007	1	Additions	 etirements/ Transfers	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2008	Dυ	mounts le within ne Year
Business-type activities									
Bonds and notes payable									
Airport System debt	\$	2,302,986	\$	329,670	\$ (336,845)	\$	2,295,811	\$	46,930
Convention and Entertainment debt		618,264		8,300	(17,540)		609,024		18,620
Combined Utility System debt		4,819,076		2,215,275	(1,907,263)		5,127,088		37,683
Deferred charges for electricity		7,518		-	(3,642)		3,876		3,876
Houston Area Water Corporation		125,410		-	(125,410)		-		-
Long-term contracts - Combined Utility		230,008		-	(21,567)		208,441		18,255
Premiums, discounts and deferred amount									
on refundings		96,385		61,684	(24,428)		133,641		-
Total bonds and notes payable		8,199,647		2,614,929	(2,436,695)		8,377,881		125,364
Other liabilities:									
Claims and judgments		6,914		3,319	(2,517)		7,716		2,517
Compensated absences		26,926		23,149	(18,797)		31,278		12,194
Arbitrage rebate		2,662		2,520	-		5,182		-
OPEB liability		-		40,803	(8,384)		32,419		-
Pension liability		75,006		29,555	(22,912)		81,649		-
Deferred Revenue		168,722		116,475	-		285,197		-
Total other liabilities		280,230		215,821	(52,610)		443,441		14,711
Business-type activities									
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	8,479,877	\$	2,830,750	\$ (2,489,305)	\$	8,821,322	\$	140,075
Total Reporting Entity									
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	12,814,953	\$	4,178,968	\$ (3,268,801)	\$	13,725,120	\$	491,948

B. Schedule of Changes in Bonds and Long-Term contracts (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Stated Interest	Face Value outstanding	FY08 Issued/		
	Rate Range	7/1/2007]	Increased	
General Tax Obligation Debt Public improvement bonds Pension obligations Commercial paper Tax and revenue certificates of obligation Deferred Electricity Note	3.00 to 5.75 3.35 to 8.50 1.81 to 10.00 3.00 to 6.00 5.26	1,760,090 420,656 521,100 80,237 2,941		219,660 51,549 343,000 8,575	
Total General Tax Obligation Debt		\$ 2,785,024	\$	622,784	
HUD Section 108 Loans		\$ 20,200	\$	-	
Revenue Bonded Debt					
Airport System Bonds Subordinate lien refunding revenue bonds Senior lien commercial paper Inferior lien contractual obligation Pension obligations Deferred Electricity Note	1.78 to 6.00 1.91 to 10.00 5.38 to 5.50 5.31 to 8.50 5.26	\$ 2,117,820 95,000 53,360 36,806 1,961	\$	298,670 31,000 - -	
Convention and Entertainment Facilities Senior lien hotel occupancy tax/parking facilities Hotel and parking revenue commercial paper Pension obligations Deferred Electricity Note	3.22 to 5.75 1.94 to 10.00 5.31 to 8.50 5.26	2,304,947 579,275 35,500 3,489 494		329,670 - 8,300 - -	
Combined Utility System Combined Utility System first lien bonds Water and Sewer System junior lien revenue bond Combined Utility System commercial paper Pension obligations Deferred Electricity Note	1.96 to 5.40 1.00 to 6.90 1.98 to 10.00 5.31 to 8.50 5.26	3,537,080 786,814 440,200 54,982 5,063 4,824,139		8,300 1,995,275 - 220,000 - 2,215,275	
Houston Area Water Corporation		125,410		-	
Long-Term Contracts-Water and Sewer System Coastal Water Authority Trinity River Authority Other long term contracts	2.50 to 7.50 3.22 to 5.87	204,115 2,000 23,893 230,008		- - -	
Total Revenue Bonded Debt and Long-Term Contracts, Primary Government		\$ 8,103,262	\$	2,553,245	
Total Bonds and Long-Term Contracts Payable, Primary Government		\$ 10,908,486	\$	3,176,029	

(Continued)

¹⁾ Adjustments consist of unamortized bond premiums, discounts, deferred (gains) losses from bond refundings and capital appreciation bond accretions.

Redec	FY08 emed/Refunded	Face Value tanding 6/30/08	A	djustments ⁽¹⁾	Outstanding 6/30/2008
	181,600 - 238,150 2,291 1,426	1,798,150 472,205 625,950 86,521 1,515		70,353 - - 4,742 -	1,868,503 472,205 625,950 91,263 1,515
\$	423,467	\$ 2,984,341	\$	75,095	\$ 3,059,436
\$	5,140	\$ 15,060	\$	-	\$ 15,060
\$	290,185 43,000 3,660 - 950 337,795	\$ 2,126,305 83,000 49,700 36,806 1,011 2,296,822	\$	(32,135)	\$ 2,094,170 83,000 49,700 36,806 1,011 2,264,687
	17,540 - - 239 17,779	561,735 43,800 3,489 255 609,279		62,824 - - - - 62,824	 624,559 43,800 3,489 255 672,103
	1,386,950 16,613 503,700 - 2,453 1,909,716	 4,145,405 770,201 156,500 54,982 2,610 5,129,698		(66,189) 166,566 - - - - 100,377	 4,079,216 936,767 156,500 54,982 2,610 5,230,075
	125,410			-	
	19,470 2,000 97 21,567	 184,645 - 23,796 208,441		(1,804) - 4,379 2,575	 182,841 - 28,175 211,016
\$	2,412,267	\$ 8,244,240	\$	133,641	\$ 8,377,881
\$	2,840,874	\$ 11,243,641	\$	208,736	\$ 11,452,377

C. Terms of Long-Term Debt

1. Public Improvement Bonds

The City has issued Public Improvement Bonds on numerous occasions. The bonds are payable from ad valorem tax revenues. The proceeds are used for street and bridge improvements, traffic signals, municipal buildings, parks, and other capital improvements. Interest is payable semi-annually; principal is payable in various amounts annually through March 1, 2037.

2. Pension Obligation Bonds

The City has issued General Obligation Taxable Pension Bonds and a Collateralized Pension Obligation Note. The proceeds were used to reduce the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Houston Municipal Employees Pension System and the Houston Police Officers Pension System. Interest is payable semi-annually, and principal is payable in varying amounts through 2037. Although these obligations have an ad valorem tax pledge, a portion of the liabilities is recorded in the enterprise funds because the liabilities are directly related and expected to be paid from those funds based on percentages of payroll.

3. General Obligation Swap Agreements

On February 20, 2004 the City entered into a basis swap referred to as a synthetic reduced variance coupon swap with RFPC, LLC ("RFPC").

Objective. The objective of the swap is for the City to reduce its fixed rate debt service costs through a swap structure that takes on basis risk.

Terms. The notional principal value of the swap is \$200,000,000, with the underlying bonds being various maturities of PIBS issued between 1998 and 2005. The City pays an amount equal to 5% plus the tax-exempt market standard SIFMA Index rate divided by .667 minus the taxable six-month US Dollar LIBOR rate minus a constant of 67.5 basis points (adjusted for day count), up to a maximum of 10%. The City receives a fixed rate of 5%. Because the two 5% fixed rates offset one another, the City is effectively making variable payments based on SIFMA and receiving variable payments based on LIBOR plus a fixed spread. The variable rate is fixed for each budget period. The agreement is effective from March 1, 2004 to March 1, 2025. Starting in fiscal year 2017, the notional value of the swap declines as the principal amount of the associated debt is repaid in varying amounts until the debt is retired in 2023. Payments will be received or made every six months based on the indices for the prior budget period.

As of June 30, 2008 the swap created synthetic variable-rate exposure as follows:

Variable rate payment to counterparty	TERMS Fixed Rate SIFMA/0.667	RATE (%) 5.000 2.927
Net payment to counterparty	-LIBOR -Constant	(3.017) (0.675) 4.235
Receipt from counterparty	Fixed	(5.000)
Net interest rate swap payment/(receipt) Fixed rate bond coupon payments Synthetic variable interest rate on bonds		(0.765) <u>5.128</u> <u>4.363</u>

<u>Fair value</u>. The fair value of the swap was \$1,800,000 as of June 30, 2008. The value was calculated using the zero coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These net payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swaps.

<u>Credit risk.</u> The City is exposed to credit risk on the swap in the amount of its fair value. RFPC, the swap counterparty, has not been rated by the rating agencies. To mitigate this potential credit risk for an unrated counterparty, the City RFPC to purchase a surety bond from Ambac Assurance Corporation (Ambac'), a AA-rated insurance company. Under the surety bond, Ambac is unconditionally and irrevocably obligated to guarantee all payments under the swap by the counterparty. The City's obligations under the swap are also insured. Should Ambac's ratings decline in the future, the counterparty will be required to post collateral for the City's benefit.

<u>Interest rate risk</u>. The City has an exposure to interest rate risk because it is paying a variable rate on the swap. However, this risk is mitigated because the payment formula has a SIFMA-based variable component that is offset by subtracting a LIBOR variable component.

Basis risk. The City is exposed to basis risk based on changes in the relationship between the SIFMA Index and six-month US Dollar LIBOR. The City entered into the swap in anticipation of savings that would be produced based on the historical trading patterns of SIFMA and LIBOR in different interest rate, tax, and economic environments over the past two decades. If, however, future trading patterns prove to be significantly different than historical ones, the City's anticipated savings could fail to materialize, and it could be exposed to additional costs. Among the factors that could cause this trading relationship to change would be a major reduction in marginal income tax rates, repeal of the tax-exemption on municipal bond interest, or other changes in federal policy that would reduce the benefit that municipal bonds currently enjoy in comparison to taxable investments.

<u>Termination risk</u>. The City may terminate the swap for any reason. The counterparty may terminate the swap if both the City and the City's insurer fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If the swap has a negative fair value at the time of termination, the City will be liable to the counterparty for that payment. The City's termination risk is significantly mitigated by a provision in the swap agreement that allows the City to make the termination payment in equal annual installments from time of termination up to termination date of the agreement in 2025.

Swap receipts and associated debt. The City received \$1,377,000 during fiscal year 2008. As of June 30, 2008, assuming current interest rates, the City will receive swap payments as reported in Note 8D. Because rates vary, variable rate bond interest payments and net swap receipts or payments will vary. Related debt service payments on the underlying Public Improvement Bonds are included in Note 8D with other City Public Improvement Bonds.

4. General Obligation Commercial Paper

The City currently may issue Commercial Paper Notes ("Notes") under its \$500 million General Obligation Commercial Paper Program Series D, its \$180 million General Obligation Commercial Paper Program Series E-1, its \$145 million General Obligation Commercial Paper Program Series E-2 Program, its \$139.5 million General Obligation Commercial Paper Program Series F, and its \$276 million General Obligation Commercial Paper Program Series G. General Obligation Commercial Paper Notes Series A and Series B were discontinued on December 4, 2006 when all outstanding Notes for those series were refunded. The Notes may be issued for a period not to exceed 270 days and will bear interest based upon the specified term of the Notes, but not to exceed 10%. Principal on the Notes is payable from ad valorem tax revenue, the issuance of new commercial paper, bond proceeds and other funds provided under credit lines. Interest is payable as the Notes mature from ad valorem tax revenue collected by the City. Proceeds from the Notes are used to finance various capital projects and public improvements for authorized City purposes. Upon maturity, the Notes will be remarketed by the commercial paper dealers or extinguished with long-term debt.

During fiscal year 2008 the average interest rate for the General Obligation Notes, including dealer and credit fees, was 2.53%. The average year-end rate, including fees, was 1.81%. The Credit Agreements expire on the following dates: Series D on May 25, 2010, Series E-1 on April 29, 2011, Series E-2 on April 29, 2011, Series F on May 25, 2010, and Series G on November 15, 2011.

5. Certificates of Obligation

Since 1988, the City has issued Certificates of Obligation each year to provide for the purchase of equipment utilized in general City operations including, without limitation, police vehicles, maintenance vehicles and equipment, computer equipment, and costs associated with demolishing dangerous structures. Each year the City is obligated to levy, assess, and collect ad valorem taxes sufficient to pay principal and interest on the certificates payable semi-annually until maturity. Generally, these certificates are not subject to redemption prior to final maturity, except for the Certificates of Obligation Series 2005D which are subject to optional redemption on or after March 1, 2015.

6. HUD Section 108 Loan

The City has borrowed money from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") and loaned it to the Houston Business Development Initiative ("HBDI") and three hotels in the downtown business district. HBDI in turn makes small business loans to under-served areas of the community. The City has pledged only certain grant revenues and its receipts from the loans to repay HUD.

7. Airport System Revenue Bonds

These funds are paid solely from a lien on the airport system's net revenues, which must total 110% of the debt service requirements for Subordinate Lien Bonds for such fiscal year. The bonds have a final maturity in the year 2032.

Airport System Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds, Series 2000P1 and 2001P2, 2002C, 2002D-1, and 2002D-2, have been issued as auction rate securities with current 7-day resets. Series 2005A has been issued as Variable Rate Demand Obligations with a 7-day reset. These bonds may all be converted to other modes including fixed rate bonds. The City has a liquidity facility in place for the Series 2005A bonds with a termination date of July 1, 2010. The maximum interest rate permitted under the ordinance is 10%.

The City has purchased municipal debt service reserve fund policies that unconditionally guarantee the payment of principal and interest on all current outstanding airport system subordinate lien issues. The reserve policies terminate upon final maturities on various dates in the future. Each of the draws made against the reserve policy shall bear interest at the Prime Rate plus two percent, not to exceed a maximum interest rate of 12%. The repayment provisions require one-twelfth of the policy costs for each draw to be repaid monthly, beginning the first month following the date of each draw.

8. Airport System Inferior Lien Contract

On July 1, 2004 the City and Continental Airlines, Inc. entered into a Sublease Agreement associated with the Special Facilities Lease for the Automated People Mover System and the City's Airport System Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (Automated People Mover Project) Series 1997A ("1997A Special Facilities Bonds"). The City assumed Continental's interest in the project upon completion of the expansion of the Automated People Mover System on January 25, 2005. As part of the Sublease, the City agreed to make sublease payments that include amounts equal to the debt service on the 1997A Special Facilities Bonds. The payments are payable from Airport system net revenues on the same priority as inferior lien bonds. Accordingly, the principal amount remaining on the 1997A Special Facilities Bonds, totaling \$49,700,000, is recorded as an Inferior Lien Contract.

9. Airport System Commercial Paper

Airport System Senior Lien Commercial Paper Notes Series A and B (the "Notes") have been authorized for \$150 million, and Airport System Inferior Lien Commercial Paper Notes Series C have been authorized for \$150 million to establish, improve, enlarge, extend and repair the City's Airport System, acquire land, and pay interest and cost of issuance of the Notes. During fiscal year 2008 the average interest rate for the Airport System Notes, including dealer and credit fees, was 2.88%. The average year-end rate, including fees, was 1.91%.

The Series A and B Notes are collateralized by a revolving credit agreement convertible to direct pay letters of credit issued by a bank, and a lien on the net revenues of the Airport System. The Letter of Credit will terminate on January 4, 2011 for Series A and B.

The Fund has pledged airport system revenues, net of operation and maintenance expenses, to pay principal and interest on outstanding Senior Lien Commercial Paper Notes, Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds, and an Inferior Lien Contract, with outstanding principal amounts of \$83,000,000, \$2,126,305,000 and \$49,700,000, respectively. The Commercial Paper Notes and Revenue Bonds are issued to establish, improve, enlarge, extend and repair the Airport System. The Inferior Lien Sublease Agreement with Continental Airlines pays debt service on the Airport System Special Facilities Bonds (Automated People Mover Project) Series 1997A.

Pledged airport system revenues exclude: proceeds of any bonds, replacement proceeds, or any investment income earned by bond proceeds; passenger facility charges; grants or gifts for construction or acquisition; insurance proceeds; revenue from special facilities pledged to Special Facility Bonds; taxes collected for others; and proceeds from the sale of property. Pledged airport system revenues, net of operation and maintenance expense, totaled \$256,113,000 in Fiscal Year 2008, covering principal of \$45,996,000 and interest of \$111,623,000. In addition to pledged airport system revenue, grants and passenger facility charges totaling \$28,022,000 were available to cover debt service in Fiscal Year 2008, making the ratio of net pledged revenue to reduced debt service cost 198%.

10. Convention and Entertainment Facilities Bonds

These bonds are special limited obligations of the City that are paid from a lien on the pledged receipts of the Hotel Occupancy Tax (HOT), revenues collected from six City-owned parking facilities, and rebates of certain taxes derived from operation of the Convention Center Hotel and Parking Garage. Proceeds of the bonds were used to refund the Series 1995 Senior Lien Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds and commercial paper notes and to fund expansion of the George R. Brown Convention Center, a new convention center hotel, and a parking garage The pledged HOT receipts are equal to 5.65% of the cost of substantially all hotel room rentals in the City, plus related penalties and interest for delinquent payments. Pledged revenues consisted of \$53.4 million generated from \$944 million of taxable hotel rentals, related penalties and interest; \$9.8 million of parking revenues; and \$6.4 million of tax rebates. Revenues are pledged to bonds until their final maturity in September 2033. In FY08, pledged revenues of \$69.6 million were used to pay principal and interest requirements of \$41.5 million. As long as any of the Senior Lien Bonds remain outstanding, the City is required to levy a Hotel Occupancy Tax at a rate not less than 7%. The City currently levies a Hotel Occupancy Tax at the rate of 7%.

The City has obtained a debt service reserve insurance policy for the Senior Lien Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenue Bonds. In addition to purchasing the surety policy, the City funded a cash reserve to ensure payment of the maximum annual debt service of the Bonds. The surety policy expires upon final maturity of all outstanding Bonds, September 1, 2033.

The City of Houston Convention Center Revenue Bonds, Series 2001C-1 and 2002C-2, have been issued as 7-day auction rate securities and are subject to conversion at the option of the City and subject to certain restrictions, to bonds that bear interest at rates other than auction rates. The maximum interest rate permitted under the ordinance is 10%.

11. Convention and Entertainment Hotel and Parking Revenue Commercial Paper

Hotel Occupancy Tax and Parking Revenue Commercial Paper Notes Series A have been authorized for \$75 million to finance the costs of site acquisition, construction, and improvements for convention center facilities. The notes are issued as subordinate lien debt. The maturity of the Notes may not exceed 270 days and the maximum interest rate may not exceed 10%. Upon maturity, the Notes will be remarketed by the commercial paper dealer or extinguished with long-term debt. The Notes are collateralized by a Letter of Credit that expires on January 16, 2011. During fiscal year 2008 the average interest rate for the Notes, including fees, was 2.80%. The average rate in effect at year-end was 1.94%.

12. Combined Utility System First Lien Revenue Bonds

City Council authorized creation of the Combined Utility System ("the System") on September 3, 2003. The Combined Utility System currently consists of the City's Water and Sewer System. In the future the City may elect to include other utility systems. Its bonds are special obligations of the City payable from Net Revenues of the System after payments for maintenance and operations and debt service on Water and Sewer Junior Lien bonds. Net Revenues must equal 110% of the First Lien Revenue Bonds debt service.

The Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004B and 2004C, were initially issued as 7-day, 28-day, and 35-day Auction Rate Securities. All of the 2004B auction rate securities were converted to variable rate demand bonds in April 2008. The Combined utility System Revenue Refunding bonds 2008A were issued as tax-exempt variable rate demand bonds to refund \$249M of the 2004C tax-exempt auction rate securities, and the Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds 2008D were issued as taxable variable rate bonds to refund \$200M of the 2004C taxable auction rate as securities. The remainder of the 2004C auction rate securities were converted to put bonds that mature on May 15, 2011.

13. Combined Utility System Commercial Paper

The Combined Utility System Commercial Paper Notes Program Series A has been authorized for \$900 million to finance costs of eligible projects for the City's combined utility system, including acquisition or construction of improvements and additions or extension for the system, and costs of issuance. The notes are issued as third lien obligations. The maturity of the Notes may not exceed 270 days and the maximum interest rate may not exceed 10%. Principal on the Notes is payable from the issuance of new commercial paper, bond proceeds and other funds provided under the line of credit available through a revolving credit agreement with four banks. The agreement expires on December 15, 2015. Interest on the Notes is payable from net revenues of the System and loans under the credit agreement. During fiscal year 2008 the average interest rate for the Notes, including credit and dealer fees, was 2.47%. The rate in effect at year-end was 1.984%.

14. Combined Utility System Synthetic Fixed Rate Swap Agreements

<u>Combined Utility System synthetic fixed rate swaps</u>. On June 10, 2004 the City entered into three identical pay-fixed, receive-variable rate swap agreements. The City pre-qualified six firms to submit competitive bids on the swap. The bidding took place on June 7, 2004. The three firms selected all matched the lowest fixed rate bid of 3.7784%.

Objective. The objective of the swaps is to hedge against the potential of rising interest rates in conjunction with the City's Combined Utility System 2004B auction rate variable interest bonds ("2004B Bonds") and to achieve a lower fixed rate than the market rate for traditional fixed rate debt at time of issuance of the 2004B Bonds. The City's goal is that its variable receipts under these swaps equal the variable payments made on the bonds, leaving the fixed payment on the swap, plus dealer and liquidity fees, as its net interest.

<u>Terms.</u> The notional amount totals \$653,325,000, the principal amount of the associated 2004B Bonds. The City's swap agreements contain scheduled reductions to outstanding notional amounts that follow anticipated payments of principal of the 2004B Bonds in varying amounts during the years 2028 to 2034.

Under the terms of the swaps, the City will pay a fixed rate of 3.7784% (lower than the rate for fixed rate debt at time of issuance) and receive a floating rate equal to 57.6% of One-Month US Dollar LIBOR plus 37 basis points. All agreements were effective June 10, 2004, the date of issuance of the 2004B Bonds. The termination date is May 15, 2034.

At June 30, 2008, the effective rate on the bonds associated with the swap was computed as follows:

	<u>TERMS</u>	RATE (%) Received (Paid)
Variable rate payment from counterparties	LIBOR x 57.6%	1.4234
	+ Constant	0.3700
Swap receipt		1.7934
Fixed rate paid to counterparties	Fixed	(3.7784)
Net rate (paid)/received for swap		(1.9850)
Average variable rate on 2004B bonds, year end		(1.5483)
Plus remarketing and liquidity fees on 2004B bonds		(0.4150)
Effective rate of 2004B bonds		(3.9483)

In contrast, the fixed rate the City paid on its Combined Utility System Series 2004A fixed rate bonds, which have a comparable maturity, was 5.08%.

<u>Fair value</u>. Because long-term interest rates have changed since inception of the swaps, the swaps had a negative fair value of \$50,700,000 on June 30, 2008. This value was calculated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These net payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swaps.

<u>Credit risk</u>. As of June 30, 2008, the City was not exposed to credit risk because the swaps had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates increase and the fair value of the swap become positive, the City would be exposed to credit risk on the swap in the amount of its fair value. The City's swap policy generally requires that swap counterparties be rated double-A or better by at least one nationally recognized rating agency. As of June 30, 2008, the ratings of the three swap counterparties all met this standard (see below). Also, under the agreements, if a counterparty's credit rating falls below double-A, collateral must be posted in varying amounts depending on the credit rating. No collateral has been required to date.

			Counterparty
	Notional		Credit Rating
<u>COUNTERPARTY</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Fair Value	(Moody's /S&P /Fitch)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	\$ 353,325,000	\$ (2,501,000)	Aa3 /AA- /AA-
Bear Stearns Financial Products	150,000,000	(1,061,000)	Aaa/AAA/
UBS AG	150,000,000	(1,061,000)	Aal /AA- /AA-
TOTAL	\$ 653,325,000	\$ (4.623.000)	

Basis risk. The City is exposed to basis risk on the swaps because the variable payment received is based on an index other than SIFMA. Should the relationship between LIBOR and SIFMA move to convergence (because of reductions in tax rates, for example), the expected cost savings may not be realized. The City has issued tax-exempt variable rate bonds with an average rate of 1.55% (not including remarketing agent and liquidity fees) as of June 30, 2008, whereas the associated LIBOR-based rate of the swap was 1.79%. For the fiscal year, the average rate paid on the auction rate bonds was 3.89%, and the average rate for the swap receipts was 2.81%.

<u>Termination risk</u>. The City may terminate for any reason. A counterparty may terminate a swap if the City fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The City's on-going payment obligations under the swap (and, to a limited extent, its termination payment obligations) are insured, and counterparties cannot terminate so long as the insurer does not fail to perform. If a swap should be terminated, the associated variable-rate bonds would no longer carry synthetic fixed interest rates. Also, if at the time of the termination the swap has a negative fair value, the City would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Remarketing risk. The City faces a risk that the remarketing agent will not be able to sell the variable rate demand bonds at a competitive rate. At times rates vary as investors shift portfolios in and out of the tax-exempt variable rate sector.

Swap payments and associated debt. As of June 30, 2008, debt service requirements for the swap agreements are reported in Note 8D, assuming current interest rates remain the same. As rates vary, variable rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary. Expected debt service payments on the associated Combined Utility System 2004B bonds are included with other Combined Utility System Bonds on Note 8D.

15. Combined Utility System Forward Interest Rate Swap

<u>Combined Utility System Forward Starting Swap.</u> On November 1, 2005 the City entered into a forward interest rate swap transaction with RBC Dain Rauscher ("RBC"). The transaction was conducted through a competitive bid process.

Objective. The objective of the swap is to hedge against the potential of rising interest rates associated with its Combined Utility System Series 2008A Bonds ("the 2008A Bonds") and to achieve a lower fixed rate than the market rate for traditional fixed rate debt. This swap was originally assigned to \$249.1 million of the 2004C auction rate bonds, which were refunded by the 2008A variable rate demand bonds in May 2008. The City's goal is that its variable receipts under these swaps equal the variable payments made on the bonds, leaving the fixed payment on the swap, plus dealer and liquidity fees, as its net interest cost.

<u>Terms</u>. Under the terms of the contract, the City will pay a fixed rate of 3.761% on a par value of \$249,075,000, and it will receive variable payments based on 70% of one-month LIBOR. The City's scheduled net swap payments are insured by Ambac Assurance Corporation.

At June 30, 2008, the effective rate on the bonds associated with the swap was computed as follows:

	<u>Terms</u>	Rate (%) Received (Paid)
Variable rate payment from counterparties	LIBOR x .70	1.7299
Fixed rate paid to counterparties	Fixed	(3.7610)
Net rate (Paid)/received for swap		(2.0311)
Average variable rate on 2008A bonds, year end		(1.5500)
Plus remarketing and liquidity fees on 2008A bonds		(0.4450)
Effective rate of 2008A bonds		(4.0261)

<u>Fair value</u>. The swap had a fair value of \$10,300,000 on June 30, 2008. This value was calculated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These net payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swaps.

<u>Credit risk</u>. As of June 30, 2008, the City was exposed to credit risk because the swaps had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates increase and the fair value of swap become positive, the City would be exposed to credit risk on the swap in the amount of its fair value. The City's swap policy generally requires that swap counterparties be rated double-A or better. As of June 30, 2008, RBC met this requirement with ratings of Aaa/AA-/AA. Also, under the agreements, if a counterparty's credit rating falls below double-A, collateral must be posted in varying amounts depending on the credit rating. No collateral has been required to date.

<u>Basis risk.</u> The City will be exposed to basis risk on the swap because the variable payment received is based on an index that is not tax-exempt. Should the relationship between LIBOR and SIFMA move to convergence (because of reductions in tax rates, for example), the expected cost savings may not be realized. At June 30, 2008, the interest rate in effect for the underlying variable rate demand bonds was 1.55%, while the rate in effect for the swap receipts was 1.73%.

<u>Termination risk</u>. The City may terminate for any reason. RBC may terminate a swap if the City fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The City's on-going payment obligations under the swap (and, to a limited extent, its termination payment obligations) are insured, and RBC cannot terminate so long as the insurer does not fail to perform. If a swap should be terminated, the associated variable-rate bonds would no longer carry synthetic fixed interest rates. Also, if at the time of the termination the swap has a negative fair value, the City would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Swap payments and associated debt. As of June 30, 2008, debt service requirements for the swap agreements are reported in Note 8D, assuming current interest rates remain the same. As rates vary, variable rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary. Expected debt service payments on the associated Combined Utility System 2004C bonds are included with other Combined Utility System Bonds on Note 8D.

16. Combined Utility System Constant Maturity Swap

<u>Combined Utility System Constant Maturity Swap</u>. In November 2006 the City executed a constant maturity swap with Goldman Sachs Capital Markets, Inc. ("Goldman") on a forward basis. The swap was priced competitively.

Objective. This swap essentially trades receipts on the forward rate lock with RBC for receipts based on a longer index. The objective of the swap is to minimize interest expense associated with the 2004C-2 Bonds. The City's goal is that over time, as the yield curve returns to its normal ascending slope, receipts from this swap will exceed the payments made on the swap.

<u>Terms.</u> The notional amount of the swap is \$249.1 million with the underlying bonds being part of the 2004C Bonds converted to a tax-exempt status in December 2007. The swap agreement contains scheduled reductions to the outstanding notional amount that follows anticipated payments of principal of the 2004C Bonds during the years 2028 to 2034.

Under terms of the swap, the City will pay a variable rate of 70% of 1 Month LIBOR (equal to its receipts on the RBC forward rate lock swap) and receive a variable rate equal to 64.29% of Ten Year US Dollar LIBOR. The agreement became effective December 3, 2007 and has a termination date of May 15, 2034.

Receipts and Payments. Through June 30, 2008, revenue earned on the constant maturity swap was \$580,000.

<u>Fair value</u>. As a result of changes in the swap yield curve, the estimated fair value of the swap at June 30, 2008 was positive \$3,600,000. The amount was calculated using the zero-coupon method.

<u>Credit risk.</u> The City's swap policy generally requires that swap counterparties be rated double-A or better by at least one nationally recognized rating agency. As of this date, Goldman met this requirement with ratings of Aa3/AA-/AA-. Also, under the agreement, if Goldman's credit rating falls below double-A, collateral must be posted in varying amounts depending on the credit rating and swap fair value. No collateral has been required to date.

<u>Basis risk</u>. The City will be exposed to basis risk on the swap because the variable payment received is based on a longer-term index than the rate paid by the City on the bonds. In the future, if long term 10- year LIBOR rates equal or fall below the One-Month LIBOR index, the expected cost savings may not be realized, resulting in a higher synthetic rate.

<u>Termination risk</u>. The City may terminate for any reason. Goldman may terminate a swap if the City fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If the swap is terminated, the City would revert to receipts on the One-Month LIBOR index on its 2004C Bonds. Also, if the swap has a negative fair value at termination, the City would be liable to Goldman for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Swap payments and associated debt. As of June 30, 2008, debt service requirements for the swap agreements are reported assuming current interest rates remain the same. As rates vary, variable rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary. Expected debt service payments on the associated Combined Utility System 2004C bonds are included with other Combined Utility System Bonds on Note 8D.

17. Water and Sewer System Junior Lien Revenue Bonds

These bonds are paid solely from a lien on the net water and sewer system revenues, which must total 110% of the current debt service requirements on the junior lien bonds. As part of the restructuring to the new Combined Utility System, the City refunded a substantial portion of the outstanding junior lien bonds on June 10, 2004 and reissued bonds as Combined Utility System bonds. Debt service payments on remaining Water and Sewer Junior Lien Revenue Bonds will be made after payment of operating expenses and prior to any debt service payments on the Combined Utility System bonds. The final maturity date for the remaining junior lien bonds is December 1, 2028.

18. Coastal Water Authority ("CWA")

The contract payable relating to CWA represents the outstanding principal balance of \$101,785,000 at June 30, 2008 of City of Houston Water Conveyance System Contract Certificates of Participation, Series 1993, representing contract payments owed by the City to pay debt service on bonds issued by CWA, plus \$82,860,000 of CWA Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1999 and Series 2004, issued by CWA, a governmental agency of the State of Texas, to finance the construction of a water conveyance system.

Pursuant to a series of exchange agreements with CWA, the City issued the Certificates and endorsed the bonds and is unconditionally obligated to pay from the gross operating revenues of the City's water and sewer system all debt service payments on these Certificates and Bonds, as well as amounts necessary to restore deficiencies in funds required to be accumulated under the CWA bond resolutions. The bonds mature on December 15, 2034.

19. Trinity River Authority ("TRA")

Pursuant to a contract with TRA, a governmental agency of the State of Texas, the City had endorsed bonds associated solely with the project to finance construction of a dam and reservoir on the Trinity River near Livingston, Texas and was unconditionally obligated to pay from the gross operating revenues of the City's water system maintenance and operating expense of the reservoir and amounts necessary to restore any deficiencies in funds required to be accumulated under the TRA bond resolutions.

As consideration for the above obligation, the City receives a perpetual 70% beneficial interest in these reservoir facilities and the use of 70% of the reservoir water. As consideration for the remaining 30% interest in the reservoir facilities and water, TRA is obligated to allow the City credits for water usage. Consequently, the cost of the City's obligation of TRA was not reflected in the City's accounts as a receivable or as a reduction of the cost of the City's 70% interest in the facilities. The bonds matured on April 15, 2008.

20. Houston Area Water Corporation ("HAWC")

The HAWC Series 2002 Bonds were special obligations of the City that were issued to provide financing for the acquisition of rights-of-way and real property interests, and the design, construction and equipping of the Northeast Water Purification Plant and a water conveyance system. The HAWC Bonds were refunded with proceeds of the Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding bonds, Series 2007B, issued on July 17, 2007.

21. Other Contracts

On June 20, 1967 the City, TRA, and Chambers-Liberty Counties Navigation District contracted with the United States of America to have the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers build a salinity control barrier and recreation facilities at Wallisville Lake. Because of legal actions, construction was blocked for a long period, and the project was not completed until April 2003. The City's share of the project cost was \$10,580,707, which will be paid to the U.S. government over 50 years at 3.222% interest with final payment due January 1, 2053. Payments will be made only after funding all maintenance and operation costs and debt service payments for the water and sewer system, including required reserves.

In April 2000 the City, Brazos River Authority ("BRA"), and the Texas Water Development Board ("TWDB") entered into an agreement to develop the Allen's Creek water supply reservoir in Fort Bend County as a regional water supply. TWDB committed to provide up to \$20,000,000, or up to 50% of funding, to provide for construction of the project. The City and BRA agreed to purchase TWDB's ownership share in future years. In 2004 the TWDB paid \$14 million for site acquisition for the project. The City will purchase TWDB's share. Interest payments on the lease-purchase began in 2005 at an average rate of 5.85%. Interest costs over the first eight years will be partially deferred to later years. Principal payments will begin in 2022, and the final principal payment will be made in 2036.

22. Deferred Electrical Charges

On February 27, 2006 the City entered into an agreement with its electricity provider, the Texas General Land Office, that changed the City's pricing formula to allow certain electricity expenses to be deferred. The City opted to defer \$15,000,000 at that time. At June 30, 2008 the remaining deferred charges totaled \$5,391,000 distributed over the governmental and the enterprise funds as reported in Note 8A. The deferred amounts will be paid in monthly increments according to formula adjustments through June 2009, or the City may pay the remaining balance at any time. The payments will be paid from the operating funds that originally incurred the charges.

D. Schedule for Debt Service Requirements to Maturity (in thousands):

1. General Long-Term Tax Obligation Debt (adjusted for Capital Appreciation and Deferred Interest Bonds reclassification of principal & interest) (in thousands):

	Public Improvement Bonds		General Swap A		Pension Obligation Bonds						
Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal]	Interest		yment eceipts		P	rincipal	incipal I	
2009	\$	133,880	\$	91,013		\$	(1,530)	\$	35,050	\$	32,919
2010		133,785		84,242			(1,530)		-		31,716
2011		131,765		77,516			(1,530)		547		31,716
2012		125,640		70,793			(1,530)		1,164		31,645
2013		118,665		64,500			(1,530)		-		-
2014-2018		565,055		234,125			(7,416)		18,779		154,973
2019-2023		391,260		107,902			(2,984)		24,904		145,127
2024-2028		142,725		27,974			(154)		2,332		138,493
2029-2033		30,670		11,149			-		56,047		135,182
2034-2038		24,705		2,798					333,381		61,070
Total	\$	1,798,150	\$	772,012		\$	(18,204)	\$	472,204	\$	762,841

		General Obligation Commercial Paper			Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation				Deferred Electricty Note			
Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal	I	nterest	P	rincipal		Interest	Pr	incipal	In	terest
2009	\$	-	\$	11,346	\$	5,938	\$	4,343	\$	1,515	\$	80
2010		443,950		10,579		6,440		3,684		-		-
2011		159,000		2,623		6,523		6,161		-		-
2012		23,000		154		6,250		3,269		-		-
2013		-		-		11,095		2,984		-		-
2014-2018		-		-		15,835		10,925		-		-
2019-2023		-		-		19,065		6,684		-		-
2024-2028		-		-		15,375		1,969		-		-
2029-2033		-		-		-		-		-		-
2034-2038		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total	\$	625,950	\$	24,702	\$	86,521	\$	40,019	\$	1,515	\$	80

	Total Future Requirements									
Year Ending	-		Swaps	Total Future Requirements						
June 30	Principal	Interest	(Receipts)							
2009	\$ 176,383	\$ 139,701	\$ (1,530)	\$ 314,554						
2010	584,175	130,221	(1,530)	712,866						
2011	297,835	118,016	(1,530)	414,321						
2012	156,054	105,861	(1,530)	260,385						
2013	129,760	67,484	(1,530)	195,714						
2014-2018	599,669	400,023	(7,416)	992,276						
2019-2023	435,229	259,713	(2,984)	691,958						
2024-2028	160,432	168,436	(154)	328,714						
2029-2033	86,717	146,331	-	233,048						
2034-2038	358,086	63,868	-	421,954						
Total	\$ 2,984,340	\$ 1,599,654	\$ (18,204)	\$ 4,565,790						

2. HUD Section 108 Loans (in thousands):

	Section 108 Loans											
Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal	1	nterest	Total Future Requirements							
2009	\$	1,745	\$	968	\$	2,713						
2010		1,825		866		2,691						
2011		1,700		760		2,460						
2012		1,389		659		2,048						
2013		1,077		574		1,651						
2014-2018		4,019		1,906		5,925						
2019-2023		3,305		499		3,804						
Total	\$	15,060	\$	6,232	\$	21,292						

3. Business-Type Funds (adjusted for Capital Appreciation and Deferred Interest Bonds reclassification of principal & interest) (in thousands):

	Airport Revenu	•		Airport System Commercial Paper					Airport System Inferior Lien Contract					
Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest	P	Principal In		nterest	P	rincipal	I	nterest			
2009	\$ 43,050	\$	104,096	\$	-	\$	1,588	\$	3,880	\$	2,602			
2010	40,840		101,814		-		1,588		4,085		2,388			
2011	51,885		99,600		83,000		818		4,305		2,163			
2012	52,285		96,863		-		-		4,535		1,925			
2013	51,240		94,124		-		-		4,780		1,675			
2014-2018	316,585		425,163		-		-		28,115		4,031			
2019-2023	406,125		333,274		-		-		-		-			
2024-2028	523,495		217,302		-		-		-		-			
2029-2033	640,800		81,626		-		-		-		-			
2034-2038	 													
Total	\$ 2,126,305	\$	1,553,862	\$	83,000	\$	3,994	\$	49,700	\$	14,784			

		Airport Pension C	•		Airport System Deferred Electricity Contrac							
Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal		Interest	Pr	incipal	In	terest				
2009	\$	-	\$	3,064	\$	1,011	\$	53				
2010		-		3,064		-		-				
2011		-		3,064		-		-				
2012		-		3,064		-		-				
2013		-		3,065		-		-				
2014-2018		-		15,323		-		-				
2019-2023		-		15,323		-		-				
2024-2028		-		15,323		-		-				
2029-2033		1,627		15,159		-		-				
2034-2038		35,179		3,491		-						
Total	\$	36,806	\$	79,940	\$	1,011	\$	53				

Airport System
Total Future Requirements

Total Future											
Principal		Interest	Re	quirements							
\$ 47,941	\$	111,403	\$	159,344							
44,925		108,854		153,779							
139,190		105,645		244,835							
56,820		101,852		158,672							
56,020		98,864		154,884							
344,700		444,517		789,217							
406,125		348,597		754,722							
523,495		232,625		756,120							
642,427		96,785		739,212							
35,179		3,491		38,670							
\$ 2,296,822	\$	1,652,633	\$	3,949,455							

		nvention an Facilities Ro				nvention and acilities Com		Convention and Entertainment Pension Obligations				
Year Ending June 30	P	Principal		Interest	P	Principal		nterest	Pr	rincipal	I	nterest
2009	\$	18,620	\$	20,114	\$	-	\$	848	\$	-	\$	291
2010		21,230		19,052		-		848		-		291
2011		23,260		17,938		43,800		451		-		291
2012		24,835		16,543		-		-		-		291
2013		27,830		15,103		-		-		-		291
2014-2018		116,385		78,444		-		-		-		1,452
2019-2023		94,642		101,295		-		-		-		1,452
2024-2028		98,384		121,335		-		-		-		1,452
2029-2033		112,483		131,108		-		-		153		1,437
2034-2038		24,065		25,808		-		-		3,336		331
Total	\$	561,734	\$	546,740	\$	43,800	\$	2,147	\$	3,489	\$	7,579

	Convention and Entertainment Convention and Entertainment									t
Year Ending June 30	Pri	rincipal Interest P		Principal		Principal		Interest		otal Future equirements
2009	\$	255	\$	13	\$	18,875	\$	21,266	\$	40,141
2010		-		-		21,230		20,191		41,421
2011		-		-		67,060		18,680		85,740
2012		-		-		24,835		16,834		41,669
2013		-		-		27,830		15,394		43,224
2014-2018		-		-		116,385		79,896		196,281
2019-2023		-		-		94,642		102,747		197,389
2024-2028		-		-		98,384		122,787		221,171
2029-2033		-		-		112,636		132,545		245,181
2034-2038		-		-		27,401		26,139		53,540
Total	\$	255	\$	13	\$	609,278	\$	556,479	\$	1,165,757

		Utility System nue Bonds	Combined Utility System Swap Agreements		Itility System cial Paper
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Net Swap Payment	Principal	Interest
2009	\$ 16,400	\$ 174,827	\$ 14,549	\$ -	\$ 3,105
2010	41,665	174,649	14,549	-	3,105
2011	43,100	172,560	14,549	-	3,105
2012	28,320	170,249	14,549	-	3,105
2013	40,940	168,449	14,549	-	3,105
2014-2018	434,675	792,587	72,744	156,500	7,639
2019-2023	630,390	680,826	72,744	-	-
2024-2028	979,940	473,758	72,744	-	-
2029-2033	1,316,915	243,666	56,405	-	-
2034-2038	613,060	45,009	4,527_		
Total	\$ 4,145,405	\$ 3,096,580	\$ 351,909	\$ 156,500	\$ 23,164

Water and Sewer Jr. Lien Revenue Bonds						Combined Utility System Pension Obligations							
Year Ending June 30	Pr	incipal	Interest			P	rincipal	1	Interest				
2009	\$	21,283	\$	52,070		\$	-	\$	4,566				
2010		26,022		56,246			-		4,566				
2011		30,754		56,415			-		4,565				
2012		42,045		65,812			-		4,566				
2013		41,523		65,665			-		4,565				
2014-2018		307,990		81,432			-		22,828				
2019-2023		236,432		71,586			-		22,828				
2024-2028		55,721		91,903			-		22,828				
2029-2033		8,430		35,664			2,743		22,552				
2034-2038		-		-			52,239		5,185				
Total	\$	770,200	\$	576,793		\$	54,982	\$	119,049				

		Combined ferred Ele	•	System Contract			•	ility System Requirements				
Year Ending June 30	 Pr	incipal	Interest		 Principal	Interest		Net Swap Pavment	Total Future Requirements			
2009	\$	2,610	\$	137	\$ 40,293	\$ 234,705	\$			289,547		
2010		´-		-	67,687	238,566		14,549		320,802		
2011		-		-	73,854	236,645		14,549		325,048		
2012		-		-	70,365	243,732		14,549		328,646		
2013		-		-	82,463	241,784		14,549		338,796		
2014-2018		-		-	899,165	904,486		72,744		1,876,395		
2019-2023		-		-	866,822	775,240		72,744		1,714,806		
2024-2028		-		-	1,035,661	588,489		72,744		1,696,894		
2029-2033		-		-	1,328,088	301,882		56,405		1,686,375		
2034-2038		-		-	665,299	50,194		4,527		720,020		
Total	\$	2,610	\$	137	\$ 5,129,697	\$ 3,815,723	\$	351,909	\$	9,297,329		

4. Long-Term Contracts-Combined Utility System (in thousands):

Coastal Water Authority Future Requirements

Year Ending June 30	P	rincipal	I	nterest		Total		
2009	\$	18,155	\$	9,948		\$	28,103	
2010		14,825		8,991			23,816	
2011		13,250		8,117			21,367	
2012		13,340		7,246			20,586	
2013		13,440		6,394			19,834	
2014-2018		48,950		20,675			69,625	
2019-2023		20,730		12,928			33,658	
2024-2028		20,870		7,288			28,158	
2029-2033		14,345		3,371			17,716	
2034-2039		6,740		324			7,064	
Total	\$	184,645	\$	85,282		\$	269,927	

Water & Sewer System Contracts

Other Contracts Total

	U.S	S. Army C	Corps	of Engineers	Texas Water Development Board					Future Requirements						
Year Ending June 30	Pr	incipal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest			Total		
2009	\$	100	\$	316	\$	-	\$	327	\$	100	\$	643	\$	743		
2010		103		312		-		450		103		762		865		
2011		106		309		-		573		106		882		988		
2012		110		306		-		696		110		1,002		1,112		
2013		113		302		-		819		113		1,121		1,234		
2014-2018		623		1,454		-		6,127		623		7,581		8,204		
2019-2023		730		1,347		610		1,497		1,340		2,844		4,184		
2024-2028		855		1,221		3,620		3,520		4,475		4,741		9,216		
2029-2033		1,002		1,074		4,805		2,335		5,807		3,409		9,216		
2034-2038		1,175		902		4,965		750		6,140		1,652		7,792		
2039-2043		1,376		700		-		-		1,376		700		2,076		
2044-2048		1,613		464		-		-		1,613		464		2,077		
2049-2053		1,890		187				-		1,890		187		2,077		
Total	\$	9,796	\$	8,894	\$	14,000	\$	17,094	\$	23,796	\$	25,988	\$	49,784		

E. Debt Issuances and Refundings

Throughout its history, the City has issued refunding bonds from time to time when there has been an operational or economic gain for the City. These refundings have been structured as legal defeasances of the old debt as ruled by the Texas Attorney General, and such debt, including the debt balances refunded during fiscal 2007 described below, has been removed from the City's books.

Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds

On July 10, 2007 the City closed the sale of \$392,230,000 of Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2007A. The bonds were issued at rates of 4.5% and 5.0% with an average yield of 4.83%. The bonds are due in varying amounts from 2012 to final maturity on November 15, 2036. The proceeds were used to currently refund \$400,200,000 of outstanding Combined Utility System Commercial Paper Notes at fixed rates rather than to achieve present value savings

On July 17, 2007 the City closed the sale of \$123,555,000 of Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2007B. The bonds were issued at a rate of 5.0% with an average yield of 4.69%. The bonds are due in varying amounts from 2012 to final maturity on November 15, 2031. The proceeds were used to advance refund all outstanding Houston Area Water Corporation Bonds, Series 2002, and to pay costs of issuance. The transaction resulted in increased cash payments of \$1,440,000, but the net present value savings of the transaction was \$3,542,000 or 2.82%.

On April 21, 2008 the City closed the sale of \$45,050,000 of Combined Utility System Revenue and Refunding Bonds Series 2008B and \$52,650,000 of Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2008C. The bonds were sold to the Texas Water Development Board ("TWDB") in a private placement. The bonds were issued at rates ranging from 0.35% to 4.05% with an average yield of 3.29%. The bonds are due in varying amounts from 2008 through 2037. Proceeds were used to currently refund \$62 million of Combined Utility System Commercial Paper at fixed rates, to fund future projects approved by TWDB, and to pay costs of issuance.

Because of problems in the auction rate bond market, on May 8 and May 9, 2008 the City issued \$249,075,000 of Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008A, in a weekly mode as variable rate demand bonds. The proceeds were used to refund \$249,075,000, a part of Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004C, that had been issued as auction rate bonds.

On June 20, 2008 the City closed the sale of \$132,010,000 of Combined Utility System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2008D1. The bonds were issued as adjustable rate bonds with interest rates resetting on a weekly basis. The bonds were issued to refund Combined Utility System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2004C5, which were issued as auction rate bonds, and to pay cost of issuance. The bonds are due in varying amounts from 2028 to final maturity on May 15, 2034.

On June 25, 2008 the City closed the sale of \$73,255,000 of Combined Utility System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2008D2 and 2008D3. The bonds were issued as adjustable rate bonds with interest rates resetting on a weekly basis. The bonds were issued to refund Combined Utility System Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2004C3 and 2004C4, which were issued as auction rate bonds, and to pay cost of issuance. The bonds are due in varying amounts from 2028 to final maturity on May 15, 2034.

Combined Utility System First Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2004 Conversions

During the first week of December 2007 Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004C2, (the "Series 2004C2 bonds") converted from taxable to tax-exempt status. The Series 2004C2 bonds were originally issued as taxable bonds to advance refund certain obligations (the "Original Bonds") because the original bonds could not be advance refunded at that time on a tax-exempt basis. The Series 2004C2 bonds became eligible for tax-exempt status and were therefore converted between December 3 and December 7, 2007.

Because of problems in the auction bond market, between April 8 and April 14, 2008 the City converted all \$653,325,000 of Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004B, from an auction rate mode to a weekly mode as variable rate demand obligations.

Because of problems in the auction bond market, between May 22 and May 27, 2008 the City converted \$274,125,000 of Combined Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004C from an auction rate mode to a special term rate mode. The bonds were converted at a yield of 3.9%; the bonds will be remarketed at the prevailing market rate on May 15, 2011.

Airport System Subordinate Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds

On September 12, 2007 the City issued \$298,670,000 of Airport System Subordinate Lien Revenue Refundings Bonds Series 2007B (Non-AMT). The bonds were issued at rates of 4.0 to 5.0% with an average yield of 4.77%. The bonds are due in varying amounts from 2008 to final maturity on July 1, 2027. The proceeds were used to currently refund \$30,960,000 of Airport System Subordinate Lien Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1997 and \$43,000,000 of Airport System Senior Lien Commercial Paper Notes, to advance refund \$224,725,000 of Airport System Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds Series 2000B, and to pay costs of issuance. The commercial paper was refunded to lock in fixed rates rather than to achieve present value savings. Cash savings on the current refunding will be \$2,579,000, and the net present value savings are \$1,507,000 or 4.87%. Cash savings on the advance refunding will be \$30,493,000, and the net present value savings are \$14,982,000 or 6.67%.

<u>Taxable Pension Deferred Interest Certificate</u>

On October 1, 2007 the City elected to defer \$16,498,500 in interest payments on its \$300,000,000 Collateralized Pension Obligation Note, and to allocate such deferred interest to the Uncollateralized Deferred Interest Certificate ("the Certificate"), as allowed by the ordinance authorizing issuance of the Note. (The City made a partial payment of \$9,001,500 on the \$25,500,000 interest incurred on the Note.) The Certificate will bear interest at the greater of a) 8.5%, or b) the yield on April 1 of each year for the Treasury obligation maturing closest to December 1, 2033, plus a predefined rate adjustment. Under the authorizing ordinance, the City is allowed to defer up to \$150,000,000 in interest on the Note. Under the authorizing ordinance, the City must pay down the Certificate by December 1, 2033.

HUD Loan Defeasance

On November 1, 2007 the City advance refunded \$3,160,000 of its HUD Section 108 loan with proceeds received from an early payment by Crowne Plaza.

Public Improvement Refunding Bonds

On December 6, 2007 the City issued \$219,660,000 of Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2007A, at rates ranging from 4.0 to 5.0%. Average yield was 4.46%. The bonds are due in varying amounts from March 2009 to March 2037. Proceeds were used to advance refund \$47,870,000 of Public Improvement Refunding Bonds Series 1997A; to currently refund \$177,800,000 of General Obligation Commercial Paper Series D, E and F; and to pay costs of issuance. Cash savings on the advanced refunding will be \$2,212,000, and the net present value savings of the transaction was \$1,886,000 or 3.94%. The commercial paper was refunded to lock in fixed rates rather than to achieve present value savings.

General Obligation Certificates of Obligation

On December 6, 2007 the City issued \$8,575,000 Certificates of Obligation, Series 2007B, with a 5.0% interest rate. Average yield was 3.79%. Proceeds will be used to fund the demolition of dangerous buildings within the City and to pay costs of issuance.

Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds

On February 15, 2008 the City issued a \$35,050,000 Taxable Pension Obligation Note at a 3.35% rate. The Note will mature on February 18, 2009. Proceeds were used to fund \$35,000,000 of the Houston Police Officers Pension System Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and to pay costs of issuance.

F. Bond Compliance Requirements

The revenue bond ordinances require that during the period in which the bonds are outstanding the City must create and maintain certain accounts or funds to receive the proceeds from the sale of the revenue bonds and to account for the revenues (as defined), which are pledged for payment of the bonds. The assets can be used only in accordance with the terms of the bond ordinance and for the specific purpose(s) designated therein. The City is generally required to make a monthly transfer to debt service funds equal to one-sixth of the next interest payment and one-twelfth of the next principal payment. Certain bond ordinances have additional requirements for the establishment of rates and the accumulation of principal and interest repayment amounts from surplus operating funds. Generally, the bonds may be redeemed prior to their maturities in accordance with the bond ordinances and at various premiums equal to or less than 2%. During fiscal year 2008 the City has complied with the requirements of all revenue bond ordinances and related bond restrictions.

G. Voter Authorized Obligations

On November 4, 2001, voters of the City authorized the issuance of \$776,000,000 of Public Improvement Bonds. Since June 2002 City Council has authorized issuance of \$500,000,000 as General Obligation Commercial Paper Series D and \$276,000,000 as General Obligation Commercial Paper Series G.

On November 7, 2006, voters of the City authorized the issuance of \$625,000,000 in additional Public Improvement Bonds.

In addition, the City is authorized by the City Charter to issue \$100,000 annually in general improvement bonds without voter approval.

H. Legal Debt Margin

At June 30, 2008 the City's legal debt limit was 10% of assessed property valuation totaling \$173,824,873. The City's legal debt margin was \$14,304,375.

Note 9: Leases

Operating Leases

A. City as Lessee

The City has obtained office space, data processing and other equipment through long-term operating leases. The total cost for such leases was \$9,409,239 for the year ended June 30, 2008. The cost is \$5,037,494 for the General funds, \$1,516,202 for the Grant funds, \$1,435,209 for the Non-Major Governmental funds, \$808,252 for the Combined Utility System funds, \$312,576 for the Airport System funds, \$217,000 for the Capital Projects funds, \$42,945 for the Convention and Entertainment Facilities funds and \$39,561 for the Internal Service funds.

The future minimum payments under these agreements are as follows (in thousands):

	Op	erating
Year ended June 30	Lease	Payments
2009	\$	5,257
2010		3,851
2011		3,403
2012		3,045
2013		2,289
2014-2018		992
Total	\$	18,837

B. City as Lessor

The Convention and Entertainment Facilities department is the lessor of one (1) land lease, Toyota Center Land Lease, with an asset cost of \$20,000,000; five (5) building leases of which all are substantially leased with asset costs of \$117,127,453 and carrying costs of \$72,838,575. Accumulated depreciation on these assets is \$44,288,877. These buildings located in the Theater District are; Houston Center for the Arts, Wortham Theater, Jones Hall Theater, Talento Bilingue and the Downtown Aquarium. All buildings are used for performance and entertainment purposes.

The Airport System is the lessor of approximately 10 percent of its land and substantially all of its buildings and improvements. These lease agreements are non-cancelable operating leases with fixed minimum rentals and non-cancelable operating use and lease agreements with annually adjusted rates. Rental income is earned from leasing various parcels of land with asset costs of \$20,743,916 to airlines, fixed base operators and various corporations for hangars, aircraft maintenance facilities, flight kitchens and cargo buildings; to auto rental companies for their service facilities and storage lots; and to a variety of other entities for buildings and other permanent improvements. Airlines and airport concessionaires lease various sections of City owned airport buildings and improvements for ticket counters, passenger hold rooms, baggage carousels, restaurants, retail stores and other facilities. Leased buildings, improvements and equipment have asset costs of \$3,741,651,798 and carrying costs of \$2,413,570,166. Accumulated depreciation on all these assets is \$1,328,081,632. Minimum guaranteed income on such non-cancelable operating leases is as follows (in thousands):

	Op	perating Leases
Year Ended June 30	Minin	num Rental Income
2009	\$	38,569
2010		30,324
2011		28,572
2012		27,914
2013		24,010
2014-2018		112,902
2019-2023		103,449
2024-2028		86,168
2029-2033		23,782
2034-2038		15,017
2039-2043		11,086
2044-2048		395
2049-2053		250
Total	\$	502,438

The contingent income associated with these non-cancelable operating leases was approximately \$12,088,511 in fiscal year 2008. In addition, income is earned from certain non-cancelable operating use and lease agreements for landing fees and terminal building rentals. Such income is adjusted annually based on a compensatory formula to recover certain operating and capital costs of the related facilities. Such income for fiscal year 2008 was approximately \$288,645,392.

Note 10: Pension Plans

A. Plan Descriptions

The City has three single employer defined benefit pension plans (Firefighters' Relief and Retirement Fund, Municipal Employees' Pension System, and the Police Officers' Pension System), which cover substantially all of its employees. These pension plans were established under the authority of Texas statutes (Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes, Articles 6243.e2 (1), 6243g, 6243g-4, respectively), which establish the various benefit provisions. All plans provide for service-connected disability and death benefits to survivors, with no age or service eligibility requirements. Employer and employee obligations to contribute, as well as employee contribution rates, are included in the statutes, and for the Municipal Employees' Pension System and the Houston Police Officers' Pension System, some requirements are delineated in new (September '04) meet and confer agreements. Additionally, these laws provide that employer funding be based on periodic actuarial valuations, statutorily approved amounts or, in the cases of the Municipal Employees' Pension System and the Police Officers' Pension System, amounts agreed to in meet and confer agreements. All pension plans provide service, disability, death, and vesting benefits. In addition, each pension plan recognizes participant and employer contributions as revenues in the period in which they are due pursuant to formal commitments and recognizes benefits and refunds when they are due and payable in accordance with the terms of the pension statutes. The specific summary plan description for each Plan is available at the plan offices.

On November 10, 2004 the City issued a \$300,000,000 collateralized note ("The Collateralized Note") to HMEPS as part of the meet and confer agreement with HMEPS to fund part of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability of its pension plan. The collateralized note bears interest at 8.5% per year unless the rate of adjustment formula based on U.S. Treasury securities maturing in 2003, calls for a higher interest rate. The promissory note from the Houston Hotel Corporation to the City, as well as the related Deed of trust, is pledged as collateral on the collateralized notes. Interest on the collateralized notes may be paid or deferred, at the City's option, up to a maximum of \$150,000,000 plus 75% of the amount by which the appraisal value of the hotel exceeds \$300,000,000. If the interest is deferred, the City will issue uncollateralized deferred interest certificates that may be converted to assignable certificates at the request of HMEPS up to \$150 million, or collateralized deferred interest certificates up to the limit based on the appraisal value of the hotel. The Collateralized Note constitutes a general obligation of the City with an ad valorem tax pledge, but the City may look to other revenue sources available to pay the debt, including the collateral and its proceeds as well as interest deferrals.

B. Actuarially Determined Contribution Requirements and Contributions Made

Historically, the City's funding policies have provided for actuarially determined periodic contributions at rates such that, over time, they will remain level as a percent of payroll, except for the police officers pension system, which has had a statutorily limited level of employer contributions. The contribution rate for normal cost is determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The firefighters' and municipal pension plans use the level percentage of payroll method to amortize the unfunded actuarially accrued liability (or surplus) over 30 years from July 1, 2004 and the police pension uses the level percentage of payroll method to amortize the unfunded actuarially accrued liability over 30 years (constant). (See "Subsequent Events" note on page 114 and 115 for further pension information related to the municipal and police pension funds.)

The reported contributions to the pension funds for the year ended June 30, 2008, were different from the actuarially determined requirements based on July 1, 2007 actuarial valuation for Municipal, Fire, and Police. Contributions are as follows:

Fir	efighters	\mathbf{M}	lunicipal		Police
	21.5%		5.8%		16.0%
	7.9%		13.6%		16.1%
	29.4%		19.4%		32.1%
	23.9%		15.7%		16.3%
	9.0%		5.0%		9.0%
\$	86,742	\$	114,090	\$	155,186
	53,981		75,000		63,000
	20,431		21,176		31,003
\$	74,412	\$	96,176	\$	94,003
	\$	7.9% 29.4% 23.9% 9.0% \$ 86,742 53,981 20,431	21.5% 7.9% 29.4% 23.9% 9.0% \$ 86,742 \$ 53,981 20,431	21.5% 5.8% 7.9% 13.6% 29.4% 19.4% 23.9% 15.7% 9.0% 5.0% \$ 86,742 \$ 114,090 53,981 75,000 20,431 21,176	21.5% 5.8% 7.9% 13.6% 29.4% 19.4% 23.9% 15.7% 9.0% 5.0% \$ 86,742 \$ 114,090 \$ 53,981 75,000 20,431 21,176

C. Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension (Obligation) Asset

The annual pension cost associated with the City's three pension funds for the current year is as follows (in thousands):

	Fir	Iouston efighters' Pension	N E	Houston Aunicipal mployees' Pension	Houston Police Officers' Pension
Annual required contribution Interest on net pension obligation	\$	66,311 2,267	\$	92,914 22,416	\$ 124,183 21,424
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(1,879)		(18,585)	(16,084)
Annual pension cost		66,699		96,745	 129,523
Contribution made		53,981		75,000	63,000
Change in net pension obligation		(12,718)		(21,745)	(66,523)
Net pension obligation beginning		(26,666)		(263,718)	(252,044)
Net pension obligation end of year	\$	(39,384)	\$	(285,463)	\$ (318,567)

D. Schedule of Funding Progress (in millions)

	Houston Firefighters' Pension	Houston Municipal Employees' Pension	Houston Police Officers' Pension
Actuarial Valuation Date	July 1, 2007	July 1, 2007	July 1, 2007
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	\$2,633.6	\$2,193.7	\$3,004.9
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	\$2,892.3	\$3,128.7	\$3,857.7
Unfunded AAL (Surplus UAAL) (b - a)	\$258.7	\$935.0	\$852.8
Funded Ratio (a/b)	91%	70%	78%
Projected Annual Covered Payroll (c)	\$232.4	\$448.9	\$336.0
UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a)/c)	111%	208%	254%

E. Houston Firefighters' Pension System

Schedule of Employer Contributions (in millions)

Year Ended June 30	Annual Pension Cost	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension Asset (Obligation)	Annual Required Contribution as a % of Base Pay
2005	\$52.2	62.5%	\$29.7	31.1%
2006	\$90.8	61.9%	(\$4.8)	31.1%
2007	\$74.7	70.8%	(\$26.7)	33.5%
2008	\$66.7	80.9%	(\$39.4)	29.4%

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as to the actuarial valuation used for purposes of the financial statements is as follows:

Valuation date July 1, 2007

Actuarial cost method Entry age Normal Cost

Amortization method Level percent of payroll over an open period of 30 years

Remaining amortization period Rolling 30 year

Asset valuation method 5 year smoothed market

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return 8.5%, net of expenses

Inflation rate 3.0% Payroll growth rate 3.0%

Annual increase attributable to 3.0% to 7%

seniority/merit

Cost of living adjustment 3% annually

F. Houston Municipal Pension System Information

Schedule of Employer Contributions (in millions)

Year Ended June 30	Annual Pension Cost	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension Obligation	Required Contribution as a % of Base Pay
2005	\$129.4	51.1%	\$231.1	29.4%
2006	\$62.2	111.0%	\$224.3	24.1%
2007	\$111.4	64.6%	\$263.7	24.1%
2008	\$96.7	77.5%	\$285.5	19.5%

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as to the actuarial valuation used for purposes of the financial statements is as follows:

Valuation date July 1, 2007

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal cost

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll over an open period of 30

years

Remaining amortization period Rolling 30 year period
Asset valuation method 5 year smoothed market

Actuarial assumptions:

investment rate of return 8.5%, net of expenses

Payroll growth factor 3.09

Projected individual salary increases Graded rates based on years of service

General inflation rate 3.0%

G. Houston Police Officer's Pension System Information

Schedule of Employer Contributions (in millions)

Year Ended June 30	Annual Pension Cost	Percentage Contributed	Net Pension Obligation	Annual Required Contribution as a % of Base Pay
2005	\$105.9	34.6%	\$125.9	31.2%
2006	\$106.7	49.7%	\$179.4	31.2%
2007	\$130.6	44.4%	\$252.0	34.0%
2008	\$129.5	48.6%	\$318.6	32.1%

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as to the actuarial valuation used for purposes of the financial statements is as follows:

Valuation date	July 1, 2007
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost
Amortization method	Level percent of payroll Amortized over a constant open period of 30 years
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	5 year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return	8.5%, with a maximum of 5-year average of 7.0%
Payroll growth rate, attributable entirely to inflation	3.5 %
Annual increase attributable to seniority/merit	0.0% to 9.5%
Annual cost of living adjustment	3.0%
Projected salary increases	Graded rates based on years of service

Note 11: Other Employee Benefits

A. Post-Retirement Health Insurance Benefits

Pursuant to a City Ordinance, the City provides certain health care benefits for retired employees. Substantially all of the City's employees become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. Contributions are recognized in the year paid. The cost of retiree health care premiums incurred by the City amounted to \$54,477,067 for the year ended June 30, 2008. Retiree health care is accounted for in the Health Benefits Fund, an Internal Service Fund. At June 30, 2008, there were 8,653 retirees eligible to receive benefits.

Annual Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Cost and Net OPEB (Obligation) Asset

The annual OPEB cost associated with the City's retiree health care costs for the current year is as follows (in thousands):

	ОРЕВ
\$	326,518
	326,518
'	(54,477)
	272,041
\$	272,041

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2008	\$326,518	16.7%	\$272,041

Schedule of Funding Progress (in millions)

Year Ended June 30	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (b-a)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
2008	\$54.5	\$326.5	\$272.0	16.7%	\$1.090.1	25.0%

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as to the actuarial valuation used for purposes of the financial statements is as follows:

Valuation date June 30, 2006

Actuarial cost method Entry age Normal Cost

Amortization method Level percent of payroll over an open period of 30 years

Remaining amortization period Rolling 30 year

Discount Rate 4.5%

Annual increase attributable to seniority/merit 3.0% to 12%

B. Health Benefits Internal Service Fund

The City's Health Benefits plan is currently administered by HMO Blue Texas. Employees and retirees are able to choose between an HMO Plan with all benefits covered by third party purchased insurance or a substantially self-insured Preferred Provider Organization Plan (PPO) with specific individual aggregate stop loss features. Specific and aggregate stop loss insurance is provided for the PPO plan of \$300,000 and approximately \$11,600,000 aggregate bases on enrollment. Premiums paid (employer and subscriber) for current employees to third party administrators totaled \$180,912,419 for the year ended June 30, 2008.

The City also provides one times salary of basic life insurance, with a minimum of \$15,000, at no cost to the employee. The employee, at no cost to the City, may then obtain additional life insurance up to four times their annual salary. The current cost for active employees for both basic and voluntary life insurance totaled \$6,157,628 for the year ended June 30, 2008.

PPO/POS and PPO/OOA Schedule of Changes in Liability (in thousands) June 30, 2008 June 30, 2007

	June 30, 2008		June 30, 2007	
Beginning actuarial estimate of				
claims liability, July 1	\$	937	\$	971
Incurred claims for fiscal year		9,398		9,784
Payments on claims		(9,483)		(10,034)
Actuarial adjustment		59		216
Ending actuarial estimate of claims liability, June 30	\$	911	\$	937
ciamis natinty, sanc 50	Ψ	711	Ψ	731

C. Long-Term Disability Plan

The long-term disability plan, accounted for as an internal service fund, is a part of the Income Protection Plan implemented effective September 1, 1985 (renamed the Compensable Sick Leave Plan (CSL) in October, 1996) and is provided at no cost to City employees who are members of CSL. Coverage is effective the later of September 1, 1985 or upon completion of two years of continuous service. When an employee cannot work because of injury or illness, the plan provides income equal to 50% of base pay plus longevity or 70% of base plus longevity when combined with income benefits available from other sources. Plan benefits may be payable after all CSL scheduled sick leave benefits, including frozen sick leave days, have been used, however, not before six months absence from work. The plan is administered by Disability Management Alternatives, Inc., which is reimbursed from the fund for claims as they are paid along with a fee for administrative services. Effective September 1, 2001 the Meet and Confer Agreement established Paid Time Off (PTO) for police classified officers. This replaces their participation in the LTD plan.

Schedule of Changes in Liability (in thousands) June 30, 2008 June 30, 2007 Beginning actuarial estimate of claims liability, July 1 7,783 7,046 Incurred claims for fiscal year 1.939 1.962 Payments on claims (805)(761)Actuarial adjustment (657)(464)Ending actuarial estimate of claims liability, June 30 8,260

D. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (Plan), created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 as a separately administered trust. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation funds are not available until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. However, the Plan now offers loans to participant employees. The maximum amount is the lesser of \$50,000 or 50% of the total account balance, less any outstanding loans. The minimum loan amount is \$1,000. Pursuant to tax law changes, the Plan's assets are no longer subject to the City's general creditors and are not included in these financial statements.

7,783

E. Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Plan

The City has established a Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Plan, accounted for within the various operating funds. The plan is administered by Cambridge Integrated Services Group, Inc. Funds are wire transferred to Cambridge as needed to pay claims.

At June 30, 2008 the City has an accumulated liability in the amount of \$78 million covering estimates for approved but unpaid claims and incurred but not reported claims (calculated on an actuarial basis) recorded in the Statement of Net Assets and Enterprise Funds. The amount of liability is based on an actuarial study.

Schedule of Changes in Liability

		(in thou	(in thousands)									
	Jun	e 30, 2008	Jun	e 30, 2007								
Beginning actuarial estimate of		•										
claims liability, July 1	\$	77,724	\$	76,020								
Incurred claims for fiscal year		15,366		12,965								
Payments on claims		(15,094)		(14,082)								
Actuarial adjustment		(10)		2,821								
Ending actuarial estimate of claims liability, June 30	\$	77,986	\$	77,724								

Note 12: Interfund Transactions

A. Transfers

Transfers during the year ended June 30, 2008, were as follows (in thousands):

	Transferred to:													
		N	onmajor		Combined Convention & Houston							Total		
	General	Gov	ernmental	Debt	C	apital	1	Utility	Er	ntertainment	Are	ea Water	Parking	Transfers
Transferred from:	Fund		Funds	Service	Pr	ojects		System		Facilities	Cor	poration	Mngt.	Out
General Fund	\$ -	\$	11,123	\$ 243,855	\$	92	\$	1,787	\$	2,185	\$	-	\$ 4,295	\$ 263,337
Grants Fund	-		561	-		-		-		-		-		561
Nonmajor Funds	2,483		-	5,884		287		1,020		-		-		9,674
Capital Projects	-		950	61,314		-		-		-		-		62,264
Convention and Entertainment	533		-	-		60		-		-				593
Combined Utility System	-		36,540	25,804		-		-		-		8,823		71,167
Parking Management	6,000		1,107	67								-		7,174
Total transfers in	\$ 9,016	\$	50,281	\$ 336,924	\$	439	\$	2,807	\$	2,185	\$	8,823	\$ 4,295	\$ 414,770

Transfers are used to (1) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, (3) use unrestricted revenues in the Combined Utility fund and special revenue fund to finance general fund programs.

The General Fund transferred capital assets valued at \$1,787 thousand to the Combined Utility System Fund, \$881 to the Convention & Entertainment Facility Fund, and \$4,295 to the Parking Management Fund. These transfers are reported as capital contributions by the Combined Utility System, the Convention and Entertainment Facility, and the Parking Management Fund.

B. Transfers to Component Units

Transfers to the Houston Arts Alliance from the Convention and Entertainment Facilities during the year ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$11,910,596.

C. Interfund Charges

The General Fund charges the Airport System, Convention and Entertainment Facilities, Combined Utility System, Capital Project, Sign Administration, Auto Dealer's and Cable Television Funds for services provided by the General Fund on behalf of these funds. Such charges totaled \$52,345,000 for the year ended June 30, 2008, and are recorded as revenue in the General Fund and as expense, expenditure or capital assets in the funds assessed.

Included in the Fiscal Year 2008 total are charges to the funds for direct and indirect expenses as shown below (in thousands):

	Airport System	Ente	vention & rtainment acilities	 mbined ty Sytem	Oth	er Funds	Total
General Services	\$ 2,141	\$	443	\$ 923	\$	7,443	\$ 10,950
Fire Services	13,418		-	-		-	13,418
Police Services	17,744		-	-		-	17,744
Legal	-		-	1,097		16	1,113
Other	189		217	1,295		7,419	9,120
Total	\$ 33,492	\$	660	\$ 3,315	\$	14,878	\$ 52,345

D. Schedule of Amounts Due To and Due From Other Funds

The interfund balances are primarily due to charges for services between funds during the fiscal year and settled shortly after year-end. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2008 is as follows (in thousands):

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Combined Utility System	\$ 316
	Airport System	7
		\$ 323
Airport System	General Fund	\$ 34 \$ 34
Convention and Entertainment Facilities	General Fund	\$ 102 \$ 102
Combined Utility System	HAWC	\$ 98,403 \$ 98,403
HAWC	Grants revenue	\$ 200 \$ 200

Note 13: Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation and Claims

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits and is aware of pending claims arising in the ordinary course of its municipal and enterprise activities, certain of which seek substantial damages. That litigation includes lawsuits and claims alleging that the City caused personal injuries and wrongful deaths; class actions and other lawsuits and claims alleging discriminatory hiring and promotional practices and certain civil rights violations arising under the Federal Voting Rights Act; various claims from contractors for additional amounts under construction contracts; and claims involving property tax assessments and various other liability claims. Alleged damages in the lawsuits are approximately \$214.9 million. The status of such litigation ranges from an early discovery stage to various levels of appeal of judgments both for and against the City. The amount of damages is limited in certain cases under the Texas Tort Claims Act and is subject to appeal. The City intends to defend itself vigorously against the suits. There is other threatened litigation for which an amount cannot be determined. The City typically utilizes the General Fund to liquidate claims and judgments. In the Statement of Net Assets, the City has recognized a liability of \$60.2 million for potential litigation losses arising from various lawsuits.

In 2004, Houston voters approved two ballot propositions limiting City revenue growth. Proposition 1 generally limits annual growth in property tax revenues to the lesser of the actual revenues in the preceding fiscal year, plus 4.5 percent, or the revenues received in the previous fiscal year, plus the cumulative combined rates of inflation and the City's population growth. With the exception of grant monies, revenue received from other governmental entities and interfund transfers, Proposition 2 caps growth in all City revenues, including the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Enterprise Funds ("combined revenues"). Proposition 2 would require a 60 percent vote at a regular election before the City could increase combined revenues over the combined revenues for the preceding fiscal year as adjusted for rates of change in the consumer price index and population growth. Any combined revenues collected by the City in excess of the Proposition 2 restriction would be placed in a taxpayer relief fund. Although both propositions received a majority of votes in the 2004 election, it is the City's position that only Proposition 1 is effective because it received a higher number of favorable votes.

Supporters of Proposition 2 have sued in State District court to enforce the provisions of Proposition 2. The district court ruled in favor of the plaintiffs and ordered that both propositions be in effect. The City filed an appeal, and the Fourteenth Court of Appeals revised the district court, finding that the supporters of Proposition 2 did not have standing to sue. The appeals court gave plaintiffs an opportunity to amend their pleadings in the district court in an effort to plead facts sufficient to demonstrate standing. According to an analysis conducted by the City Controller's Office, the Fiscal Year 2006 budget complies with the requirements of both propositions. The City does not believe that the plaintiffs will be able to establish facts sufficient to demonstrate standing.

In 2007, Houston voters approved several ballot propositions including Proposition G, which eliminated some of the most serious concerns created by the potential application of Proposition 2 - by revising how the City's revenues limited by the Charter would be calculated (including the removal of the revenues of the City's Enterprise Funds from the revenues limited by the City Charter), and Proposition H, which allowed the City to raise revenues for police, fire, and emergency services in excess of the revenues allowed under any revenue limitations contained in the City Charter. A supporter of Proposition 2 has filed a second suit in State District court seeking to invalidate Propositions G and H. The court dismissed the lawsuit, and the plaintiff has appealed the ruling.

B. Environmental Liabilities

The City is aware of various sites contaminated by asbestos or other hazardous materials. The City has recorded accrued liabilities of \$10.6 million, to be used for: assessment and remediation of asbestos, lead and mold; Phase I and II environmental site assessments and remediation; and remediation of radioactive material.

C. Commitments for Capital Facilities

At June 30, 2008, the City had appropriated but not yet spent from Capital Projects and Enterprise Funds approximately \$1,491,377,000 for capital projects.

The City leased a tract of land for 30 years with a 30-year renewal option for \$100 per year to The Houston Music Hall Foundation. On this site, the Houston Music Hall Foundation constructed the new music hall named the Hobby Center for the Performing Arts. Substantial completion occurred by October 31, 2002, as required by the agreement. The grand opening was in May of 2003. The Music Hall was to be conveyed to the City upon completion of various improvements. However, the Music Hall became involved in litigation with the contractor regarding these improvements and the transfer of the title was delayed. However, during the month of August 2008 the title was conveyed to the Mayor.

The City is obligated to pay from parking revenues \$1.1 million per year for 30 years beginning on the commencement of the lease. The City's annual obligation is secured by a pledge of the parking revenues from the Civic Center and Tranquility Park Parking Garages equal to \$1.2 million per year for 30 years.

D. Risk Management

The City carries fidelity coverage to comply with City ordinance, boiler and machinery insurance and purchases commercial property insurance with a per occurrence loss limit of \$250 million. Property insurance provides deductibles as follows: \$2.5 million per occurrence for all perils; 3% of the damaged insured value for windstorm or hail from a named storm, subject to \$2.5 million minimum and a \$20 million maximum; and 5% of the damaged insured value for flood, subject to a \$5 million minimum and a \$20 million maximum. Should a named storm event occur that involves the perils of windstorm and flood, the maximum deductible is \$20 million. Although no losses were sustained in excess of the \$150 million per occurrence loss limit in the last six years, Tropical Storm Allison (2001) caused damages in excess of the \$5 million sub-limit to locations in the 100-year flood plain (Flood Zone A). Insurance reimbursed the City \$32.6 million for property damage. The current sub-limit for flood is \$75 million, of which \$50 million may apply to Flood Zone A.

Self-insured claims are reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. This determination is based on reported pending claims, estimates of claims incurred but not yet reported, actuarial reports and historical analysis. All claims are accounted for in the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets.

Claims that are expected to be paid with expendable, available financial resources are accounted for in the General Fund and the appropriate Enterprise Funds.

Through its Health Benefit Plan, the City has consistently purchased commercial insurance up to certain limitations in the event of adverse loss experience.

Unampleyment Claim Activity

For unemployment claims, the City pays claims as they are settled. Unemployment claim activity is as follows:

	Chemployment	Claim Activity
	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2007
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$123,964	\$156,046
Incurred claims (including IBNRs)	583,298	562,418
Claim payments	(589,660)	(594,500)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$117,602	\$123,964

E. Electricity Futures Contracts

Objective of the futures contracts. The City's electric supply agreement provides that the City will purchase electricity at prices based on market prices of natural gas at time of delivery. Therefore the City is exposed to significant price fluctuations in its electricity purchases. The agreement also allows the City to lock in fixed natural gas prices for future periods. To hedge the risk of increases and to be able to accurately budget future purchases, the City has entered into contracts to lock in fixed rates for the natural gas price component of future electricity purchases.

<u>Terms</u>: At June 30, 2008 the City had two outstanding agreements to cover natural gas purchases for August 2008 through June 2009. As of June 30, 2008 the aggregate notional amount of the agreements was 223 contracts or 2,230,000 million British thermal units (MMBtu's) of natural gas. Locked-in prices ranged from \$7.52 to \$9.06 per MMBtu.

<u>Fair value</u>: As of June 30, 2008 because natural gas futures prices had changed from the time of the agreements, the contracts had a total net fair value of \$11,138,000.

<u>Credit risk</u>: As of June 30, 2008 the City is exposed to credit risk on the contracts for a total fair positive value of \$11,138,000. The City's electrical provider is the Texas General Land Office ("GLO"), an agency of the State of Texas, which is rated AA1 by Moody's, AA by Standard and Poor's, and AA+ by Fitch.

<u>Termination risk</u>: GLO can terminate the electrical supply agreement (and related price agreements) only if the City defaults on its obligations. The City can unwind the price agreements at its discretion, paying or receiving market value credit at the time of the unwind.

F. Purchase Commitments - Renewable Energy Credits and Fixed Power Price Transactions

Objective of the Renewable Energy Credit Agreements: To diversify energy sources, to manage its utility costs, and as part of its commitment to protect the environment, the City has entered into contracts for fixed power price transactions and renewable energy credits ("RECs"). RECs means Renewable Energy Credits produced in Texas and obtained from any type of renewable resource qualified under Texas Rules, including solar, landfill gas, wind and other renewable resources.

<u>Terms</u>: At June 30, 2008 the City had four outstanding fixed power price transactions and RECs contracts with GLO to receive 1,753,000 RECs from 2008 through 2013. This represents about 25% of the City's anticipated electrical use. Each contract was for 10 MW of power at prices ranging from \$69 per MWhr to \$91 per MWhr.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: As of June 30, 2008 the City is exposed to credit risk on the contracts as to delivery. The City's electrical provider is the Texas General Land Office ("FLO"), an agency of the State of Texas, which is rated AA1 by Moody's, AA by Standard and Poor's, and AA+ by Fitch.

<u>Termination risk</u>: GLO can terminate the electrical supply agreement (and related price agreements) only if the City defaults on its obligations. The City can unwind the price agreements at its discretion, paying or receiving market value credit at time of the unwind.

G. Federal and State

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, could be a liability of the City.

Note 14: Related Organization Transactions

A. Metropolitan Transit Authority ("Metro")

The City and Metro have an interlocal agreement covering shared costs of street maintenance/construction and traffic control during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The City received \$78.273 million from Metro under this contract in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. The breakout was \$47.277 million to Capital Projects, \$30.489 million to General Fund, and \$507 thousand to Special Revenues. None of these payments were for the prior contract year. In addition, the City paid Metro \$418 thousand for transportation services.

B. Trinity River Authority ("TRA")

As described in Note 8C, the City and TRA have a long-term contract under which the City is obligated to pay debt service for certain bonds as well as certain maintenance and operating expenses for a TRA dam and reservoir. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 the City paid \$2.1 million for debt service and \$3.1 million for maintenance and operating expenses under the terms of the contract.

C. Coastal Water Authority ("CWA")

The City has a long-term contract with Coastal Water Authority (CWA) for the water conveyance. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the City paid CWA \$30.5 million for debt service and \$20.3 million for maintenance and operating expenses.

D. Houston Convention Center Hotel Corporation

Upon formation of the Houston Convention Center Hotel Corporation (HCCHC), the City entered into various agreements with HCCHC, as part of the agreements, the City agreed to loan HCCHC \$310 million of the convention & entertainment facility bonds, primarily for construction of the Hilton Americas Hotel. Repayment terms of the loan (including interest rates) coincide with the City's scheduled debt service payments

In accordance with the Interlocal Agreement and the hotel management agreement, after meeting certain other funding and reserve requirements, the City can require the distribution of a preferred return from available cash flow (as defined) equal to the preferred return amount (approximately \$1 million for 2003, \$20 million for 2004, and \$25 million per year thereafter) minus the debt service for the applicable year. In December 2007, a preferred return payment of \$2,405,970 was made to the City.

E. Component Units

As described in note 16, the City has a number of component units, most of which have fiscal years ended June 30, 2008. Three component units; Houston Convention Center Hotel Corporation (HCCHC), Houston Housing Financing Corporation (HHFC) and Miller Theatre Advisory Board, Inc (MTAB) have fiscal years ended December 31, 2007. Subsequent to December 31, 2007, the City received interest payments of \$6,592 thousand from HCCHC, \$58 thousand from HHFC and none from MTAB. These payments are necessary to reconcile to the City's due from component units as of June 30, 2008. The following governmental discretely presented component units had restatements for their most recent audited financial statements: (a) Greater Greenspoint Redevelopment Authority, (b) Greater Houston Convention Center and Visitors Bureau, and (c) Uptown Development Authority.

Note 15: Conduit Debt Obligations

To provide for the airport facilities, the City has issued eight series of Special Facility Revenue Bonds. These bonds are limited special obligations of the City, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of revenue to be received from agreements between the City and various third parties. The bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge of the faith and credit of the City and accordingly have not been reported in the accompanying financial statements, except for the City of Houston Special Facility Revenue Bonds (Automated People Mover System), Series 1997A, which are reported as an Inferior Lien Obligation because the City has contracted with Continental Airlines to operate certain facilities and pay related debt service. See Note 8D.

At June 30, 2008, the aggregate value of Special Facility Revenue Bonds outstanding was \$638,465,000, which includes \$49,700,000 of City of Houston Special Facility Revenue Bonds (Automated People Mover System), Series 1997A.

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Note 16: Major Discretely Presented Component Units

The following discretely presented component units represent major component units. For reporting purposes, the City considers a component unit to be major if assets, liabilities, revenues or expenses exceed 10% of that component unit's class and exceed 5% of all component units combined.

During fiscal year 2008, the City added two new discretely presented governmental component units (Fifth Ward Redevelopment Authority and Miller Theatre Advisory Board, Inc.) which resulted in the addition of \$1,917 of beginning net assets. In addition, three discretely presented component units (Greater Greenspoint Redevelopment Authority, Greater Houston Convention & Visitor's Bureau and Upton Redevelopment Authority) restated their financial statements which had an additive affect to beginning net assets of \$537.

Net Assets Major Component Units - Discretely Presented Governmental June 30, 2008

(in thousands)

	Conv	er Houston vention & r's Bureau	Houston Arts Alliance	Houston Downtown Park Corporation		
Cash, receivable and other current assets	\$	7,629	\$ 5,488	\$	510	
Noncurrent assets		-	-		75	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		161	14		56,987	
Total assets		7,790	5,502		57,572	
Current liabilities		2,266	2,376		-	
Long-term liabilities						
Total liabilities		2,266	2,376		_	
Net as sets			_		_	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		-	1,635		56,987	
Restricted		-	-		-	
Unrestricted (deficit)		5,524	1,491		585	
Total net assets (deficit)	\$	5,524	\$ 3,126	\$	57,572	

(Continued)

Houston Parks Board	rks Redevelopment			Uptown velopment authority	onmajor omponent Units	_	2008
\$ 10,367	\$	51,570	\$	22,857	\$ 118,404	\$	216,825
-		1,940		481	26,467		28,963
14,553		8,701		249	13,453		94,118
24,920		62,211		23,587	158,324		339,906
238		5,075		7,665	28,226		45,846
 		51,575		46,440	75,549		173,564
238		56,650		54,105	103,775	_	219,410
5,126		5,694		248	8,363		78,053
18,737		37,971		6,274	41,124		104,106
819		(38,104)		(37,040)	5,062		(61,663)
\$ 24,682	\$	5,561	\$	(30,518)	\$ 54,549	\$	120,496

Change in Net Assets Major Component Units - Discretely Presented Governmental For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(in thousands)

		Cha	rges for		perating ants and		apital nts and	Ho	reater ouston ention &
Component Units	Expenses		ervices	Con	tributions	Cont	ributions	Visit	. Bureau
Greater Houston Convention & Visitors Bureau	\$ 15,823	\$	590	\$	16,537	\$	-	\$	1,304
Houston Arts Alliance (frmly Cultural Arts Cou)	13,237		-		12,238				-
Houston Downtown Park Corporation	4,103		-		42		-		-
Houston Parks Board	10,273		500		6,988		317		-
Midtown Redevelopment Authority	8,878		-		390		-		-
Uptown Development Authority	16,407		-		-		-		-
Nonmajor Component Units	43,621		1,386		9,161		-		
Total component units	\$ 112,342	\$	2,476	\$	45,356	\$	317	\$	1,304
General Revenues: Taxes Property taxes levied for general purposes Intergovermental - grants Unrestricted investment earnings Other									301
Loss on sales of assets									-
Total general revenues, special items and									
transfers									301
Change in net assets									1,605
Net assets beginning									3,896
New component unit & restatement									23
Net assets ending								\$	5,524

(Continued)

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change In Net Assets

Houston Arts Alliance	Down	ouston town Park poration	louston Parks Board	Midtown Redevelopment Authority		Uptown Redevelopment Authority		Redevelopment		Non-Major Component Units		Component Units		Total mponent Units	
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,304					
(999)		-	-		-		-		-	(999)					
-		(4,061)	-		-		-		-	(4,061)					
-		-	(2,468)		-		-		-	(2,468)					
-		-	-		(8,488)		-		-	(8,488)					
-		-	-		-		(16,407)		-	(16,407)					
-		-	-		-		-		(33,074)	(33,074)					
\$ (999)	\$	(4,061)	\$ (2,468)	\$	(8,488)	\$	(16,407)	\$	(33,074)	\$ (64, 193)					
122 - 1,254 -		- - - -	3,617 537 - 101		11,276 - 1,003 176 -		14,604 - 398 -		40,597 - 2,015 1,831 -	66,477 3,739 4,254 3,261 101					
1,376		_	4,255		12,455		15,002		44,443	77,832					
 377		(4,061)	1,787		3,967		(1,405)		11,369	 13,639					
2,749		61,633	22,895		1,594		(29,927)		41,563	104,403					
-		-	-		-		814		1,617	2,454					
\$ 3,126	\$	57,572	\$ 24,682	\$	5,561	\$	(30,518)	\$	54,549	\$ 120,496					

Net Assets Major Component Units - Discretely Presented Business-type June 30, 2008

(in thousands)

	Houston Convention Center Hotel Corp.		Houston Housing Finance Corp.		Houston Zoo Inc.		Nonmajor Component Units		Tot al
Cash, receivable and other current assets	\$	53,212	\$	25,858	\$	35,234	\$	-	\$ 114,304
Noncurrent assets		2,473		14,001		-		-	16,474
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		238,875		3,310		29,208		22,941	294,334
Total assets		294,560		43,169		64,442		22,941	425,112
Current liabilities		22,267		887		3,516		2,068	28,738
Long-term liabilities		296,461		1,603		-		20,674	318,738
Total liabilities		318,728		2,490		3,516	'	22,742	347,476
Net assets							'		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		(35,773)		-		-		695	(35,078)
Restricted		29,770		1,580		38,917		-	70,267
Unrestricted (deficit)		(18,165)		39,099		22,009		(496)	42,447
Total net assets (deficit)	\$	(24,168)	\$	40,679	\$	60,926	\$	199	\$ 77,636

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Change in Net Assets Major Component Units - Discretely Presented Business-type For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(in thousands)

Component Units	E	xpenses	arges for ervices	Operating Grants and Contributions		
Houston Convention Center Hotel Corp.	\$	82,673	\$ 74,304	\$	-	
Houston Housing Finance Corp.		1,942	570		-	
Houston Zoo Inc.		22,307	21,810		5,678	
Nonmajor Component Units		516	365		-	
Totals	\$	107,438	\$ 97,049	\$	5,678	

General Revenues:

Taxes

Property Taxes levied for general purposes Unrestricted investment earnings Other

Total general revenues, special items, and transfers

Change in net assets Net assets (deficit) beginning Net assets (deficit) ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Assets

Co	louston nvention Hotel Corp.	H	Iouston Iousing ance Corp.	Houston Loo Inc.	Con	-Major nponent Units	Total
\$	(8,369)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (8,369)
	-		(1,372)	-		-	(1,372)
	-		-	5,181		-	5,181
	-		-	-		(151)	(151)
\$	(8,369)	\$	(1,372)	\$ 5,181	\$	(151)	\$ (4,711)
	2,157		750 2,207	- 506		- -	750 4,870
	10,597		201	154		-	10,952
	12,754		3,158	660		-	16,572
	4,385		1,786	5,841		(151)	11,861
	(28,553)		38,893	55,085		350	65,775
\$	(24,168)	\$	40,679	\$ 60,926	\$	199	\$ 77,636

Note 17: Subsequent Events

A. Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes

On July 1, 2008, the City closed the sale of \$80,000,000 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes ("TRANS"), Series 2008. The proceeds of the TRANS will be used to pay working capital expenditures until tax revenues are received in early 2008. The stated interest rate was 3.0%, and the average yield was 1.70%. The notes will mature on June 30, 2009.

B. On October 8, 2008, the City authorized the issuance of supplemental Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes ("TRANS"), for an amount not to exceed \$95,000,000. The City can elect to pay interest based on a 1 Month Libor or prime rate. Currently, there are \$40 million of supplemental notes outstanding. These notes can be prepaid any time prior to the June 30, 2009 maturity.

C. Taxable Pension Deferred Interest Certificate

On October 1, 2008 the City elected to defer \$25,500,000 in interest payments on its \$300,000,000 Collateralized Pension Obligation Note, and to allocate such deferred interest to the Uncollateralized Deferred Interest Certificate ("the Certificate"), as allowed by the ordinance authorizing issuance of the Note. The Certificate will bear interest at the greater of a) 8.5%, or b) the yield on April 1 of each year for the Treasury obligation maturing closest to December 1, 2033, plus a predefined rate adjustment. Under the authorizing ordinance, the City is allowed to defer up to \$150,000,000 in interest on the Note. Under the authorizing ordinance, the City must pay down the Certificate by December 1, 2033.

D. Public Improvement Refunding Bonds

On November 13, 2008, the City issued \$324,030,000 of Public Improvement Refunding Bonds, Series 2008A, at rates ranging from 4.0 to 5.5%. Average yield was 5.24%. The bonds are due in varying amounts from March 2012 to March 2038. Proceeds were used to currently refund \$320,705,000 of General Obligation Commercial Paper Series D and F; and to pay costs of issuance.

E. Credit Market Conditions

Beginning in September 2008, certain City of Houston outstanding commercial paper notes and variable rate demand notes were not successfully remarketed as a result of the national credit crisis and downgrade or potential downgrade of certain of the City's liquidity providers. Notes that were not successfully remarketed were held by the City's liquidity providers. As of December 12, 2008, all of the City's commercial paper notes have been successfully remarketed, while approximately \$107 million of its \$1 billion outstanding variable rate notes are held by liquidity providers. The notes held by the liquidity providers are at rates of interest currently within budgeted amounts for Fiscal Year 2009.

F. Pension Obligation Bonds

On December 4, 2008, the City priced \$382,630,000 of Pension Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2008A and \$20,190,000 of Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2008B. The City expects to close on the bonds on January 8, 2009. The stated interest rate and yield on the Series 2008A and Series 2008B bonds was 6.29%. Proceeds of the 2008A bonds will be used to refund the \$300,000,000 Collateralized Pension Obligation Note, related Uncollateralized Deferred Interest Certificates, and the \$35,050,000 Taxable Pension Obligation Note and to pay costs of issuance. Proceeds of the 2008B bonds will be used to fund the Houston Police Officers Pension System Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and pay costs of issuance.

Required Supplementary Information - (unaudited)

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS GENERAL OPERATING FUND

${\bf Schedule\ of\ Budgeted\ and\ Actual\ Revenues\ and\ Expenditures}$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

amounts expressed in thousands (unaudited)

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts	Ac	tual Budget	Varian Final B	
		Original		Final		Basis	Po	os (Neg)
Revenues								
Taxes and assessments							_	
Property Taxes	\$	796,368	\$	796,368	\$	830,889	\$	34,521
Industrial Assessments		15,700		15,700		17,787		2,087
Sales Tax		477,217		477,217		495,173		17,956
Franchise Tax		184,476		184,476		190,193		5,717
Mixed Beverage Tax		9,874		9,874		10,479		605
Bingo Tax		289		289		256		(33)
Total taxes and assessments		1,483,924		1,483,924		1,544,777		60,853
Licenses and permits								
General		12,700		12,700		13,943		1,243
Health Permits		6,338		6,338		6,898		560
Total licenses and permits		19,038		19,038		20,841	'	1,803
Charges for services								
Ambulance service		26,000		26,000		24,735		(1,265)
Parking		228		228		193		(35)
Services performed for other funds								
Direct		47,281		47,281		41,395		(5,886)
Indirect		14,354		14,354		10,950		(3,404)
Rents and royalties		1,166		1,166		1,307		141
Others		15,656		14,561		13,252		(1,309)
Total charges for services	-	104,685	-	103,590		91,832		(11,758)
Intergovernmental - grants	-	34,038	-	33,990		32,950		(1,040)
Fines and forfeits	-		-			2_,,,,		(-,,
Municipal Courts		42,572		42,572		37,140		(5,432)
Others		2,758		2,758		4,491		1,733
Total fines and forfeits	-	45,330	-	45,330	-	41,631		(3,699)
Contributions	-	13,330	-	-	-	- 11,031		(3,077)
Interest		11,950		11,950		16,992		5,042
Other		11,750		11,550		10,772		3,042
Sale of Property		472		472		1,572		1,100
Other		7,902		7,950		11,142		3,192
Total Other	-	8,374	-	8,422	-	12,714		4,292
Total revenues	-	1,707,339		1,706,244		1,761,737		55,493
		1,707,339		1,700,244		1,/01,/3/		33,493
Other financing sources (uses)		0.500		10.505		11 210		624
Transfers in Sale of capital assets		9,500 4,150		10,595 4,150		11,219 4,003		624 (147)
Other financing sources (uses)		35,000		35,000		35,000		(147)
Total other financing sources (uses		48,650		49,745		50,222		477
			_		Φ.	1011.55		
Total revenues and other financing source	\$	1,755,989	\$	1,755,989	\$	1,811,959	\$	55,970

^{*} See note to Required Supplementary Information*

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS GENERAL OPERATING FUND

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Revenues and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

amounts expressed in thousands

imounts expressed in thousands (unaudited)

	De leaded Assessed			Variance with	
	Budgeted Amou Original	Final	Actual Budget Basis	Final Budget- Pos (Neg)	
General government			-		
Legislative and executive					
Legislative - Council					
Personnel services	4,458	4,387	4,513	(126)	
Other current expenditures	611	536	344	192	
Equipment acquisition	<u> </u>	35	31	4	
Total legislative - council	5,069	4,958	4,888	70	
Legislative - Mayor's Office					
Personnel services	2,752	2,767	2,725	42	
Other current expenditures	250	249	172	77	
Equipment acquisition	-		-		
Total executive - mayor's office	3,002	3,016	2,897	119	
Total legislative and executive	8,071	7,974	7,785	189	
Affirmative Action					
Personnel services	2,146	2,150	1,981	169	
Other current expenditures	139	147	141	6	
Equipment acquisition	-	3	4	(1)	
Total affirmative action	2,285	2,300	2,126	174	
Judicial					
Municipal Courts Judges					
Personnel services	4,464	4,512	4,429	83	
Other current expenditures	360	360	320	40	
Equipment acquisition		- -	-		
Total municipal court judges	4,824	4,872	4,749	123	
Municipal Courts Administration					
Personnel services	11,592	12,691	12,623	68	
Other current expenditures	3,637	3,644	3,660	(16)	
Equipment acquisition	47	40	30	10	
Total municipal court administration	15,276	16,375	16,313	62	
Total judicial	20,100	21,247	21,062	185	
Elections	2,400	1,820	1,820		
Finance administration					
Controller					
Personnel services	5,612	5,643	5,592	51	
Other current expenditures	1,099	1,099	1,004	95	
Equipment acquisition			-		
Total controller	6,711	6,742	6,596	146	
Administrative and Regulatory Affairs	45.00			***	
Personnel services	17,382	17,415	16,732	683	
Other current expenditures	363	2,950	2,783	167	
Equipment acquisition	4,032	66	150	(84)	
Total administrative and regulatory affairs	21,777	20,431	19,665	766	
Finance	5.005	4.67.6	4.200	267	
Personnel services	6,086	4,676	4,309	367	
Other current expenditures	-	3,671	3,861	(190)	
Equipment acquisition		30	1	29	
Total finance	6,086	8,377	8,171	206	
Information Technology	11 470	10.667	10.071	(20.1)	
Personnel services	11,472	12,667	12,871	(204)	
Other current expenditures	2,139	4,301	4,441	(140)	
Equipment acquisition	15	10	17.212	9 (225)	
Total information technology	13,626	16,978	17,313	(335)	
Audits	40	15	7	8	
Bond and Legal	1,285	1,158	836	322	
Total finance administration	49,525	53,701	52,588	1,113	

^{*}See note to required Supplementary Information*

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS GENERAL OPERATING FUND

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Revenues and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

amounts expressed in thousands (unaudited)

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget-	
	Original	Final	Budget Basis	Pos (Neg)	
Legal					
Personnel services	12,577	12,519	12,454	65	
Other current expenditures	1,582	1,707	1,314	393	
Equipment acquisition		<u> </u>	-	· 	
Total legal	14,159	14,226	13,768	458	
City Secretary					
Personnel services	626	629	549	80	
Other current expenditures	115	115	81	34	
Equipment acquisition		<u> </u>	-		
Total city secretary	741	744	630	114	
Planning and Development					
Personnel services	7,711	7,552	6,827	725	
Other current expenditures	625	652	591	61	
Equipment acquisition	-	103	133	(30	
Total planning and development	8,336	8,307	7,551	756	
Human Resources					
Personnel services	2,368	2,340	2,200	140	
Other current expenditures	321	360	259	10	
Total human resources	2,689	2,700	2,459	241	
Total general government	108,306	113,019	109,789	3,230	
Public safety			20,,		
Police					
Personnel services	561,096	564,761	567,603	(2,842	
Other current expenditures	39,630	43.005	41,800	1,205	
Equipment acquisition	134	507	1,492	(985	
Total police	600,860	608,273	610,895	(2,622	
Fire	000,000	000,273	010,023	(2,022	
Personnel services	363,080	262 120	256 612	6,526	
	24.695	363,139	356,613	595	
Other current expenditures	24,693	25,142	24,547		
Equipment acquisition		210	840	(630	
Total fire	387,775	388,491	382,000	6,491	
Total public safety	988,635	996,764	992,895	3,869	
Public Works					
Administration					
Personnel services	27,955	26,928	26,561	367	
Other current expenditures	63,957	65,060	59,018	6,042	
Equipment acquisition	89	166	215	(49	
Total administration	92,001	92,154	85,794	6,360	
General Services					
Personnel services	12,719	12,443	12,615	(17)	
Other current expenditures	30,412	31,196	32,014	(818)	
Equipment acquisition	20	56	103	(47	
Total general services	43,151	43,695	44,732	(1,037	

^{*}See note to required Supplementary Information*

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS GENERAL OPERATING FUND

Schedule of Budgeted and Actual Revenues and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

amounts expressed in thousands

nts expressea in inousant (unaudited)

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget-	
	Original	Final	Budget Basis	Pos (Neg)	
Solid Waste					
Personnel services	32,049	31,770	30,906	864	
Other current expenditures	38,266	38,628	38,418	210	
Equipment acquisition	900	1,121	1,116	5	
Total solid waste	71,215	71,519	70,440	1,079	
Total public works	206,367	207,368	200,966	6,402	
Health					
Personnel services	42,151	38,084	38,874	(790)	
Other current expenditures	8,080	11,795	10,998	797	
Equipment acquisition		1,033	648	385	
Total health	50,231	50,912	50,520	392	
Housing					
Personnel services	245	270	265	5	
Other current expenditures	268	268	207	61	
Total housing	513	538	472	66	
Parks and Recreation					
Personnel services	39,067	37,746	35,943	1,803	
Other current expenditures	23,698	25,803	27,579	(1,776)	
Equipment acquisition	-	62	41	21	
Total parks and recreation	62,765	63,611	63,563	48	
Library		,			
Personnel services	23,969	23,007	22,962	45	
Other current expenditures	4,481	4,577	4,463	114	
Equipment acquisition	6,374	7,395	7,420	(25)	
Total library	34,824	34,979	34,845	134	
Retiree Benefits		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,		
Hospital and life insurance	19,134	18,500	18,506	(6)	
Total retiree benefits	19,134	18,500	18,506	(6)	
Other current expenditures			-,		
Tax appraisal fees	6,018	6,320	6,320	_	
Limited-purpose Annexation Districts	22,005	24,000	25,113	(1,113)	
Claims and judgments	6,000	8,934	11,794	(2,860)	
Membership dues	726	726	710	16	
Advertising and promotion	225	175	183	(8)	
Consultants	183	483	471	12	
Miscellaneous support services	13,429	10,042	6,411	3,631	
Total other current expenditures	48,586	50,680	51,002	(322)	
Debt service	10,500	20,000	31,002	(522)	
Debt service principal	_		1,399	(1,399)	
Debt service interest	4,752	4,514	4,514	(1,5))	
Total debt service	4,752	4,514	5,913	(1,399)	
Total expenditures	1,524,113	1,540,885	1,528,471	12,414	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out	244,360	263,778	263,597	181	
Total other financing sources (uses)	244,360	263,778	263,597	181	
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 1,768,473	\$ 1,804,663	\$ 1,792,068	\$ 12,595	

^{*}See note to required Supplementary Information*

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS REQUIRED RECONCILIATION FOR GENERAL FUND BUDGET vs. GAAP PRESENTATION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 amounts expressed in thousands (unaudited)

Revenues

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "revenues" from the		
budgetary comparison schedules	\$	1,761,737
	7	-,,
Revenues of non-budgeted funds		
Equipment Acquisition		54
Building Security		1,013
Grant Matching Fund		445
Vehicle Maintenance		115
Total revenues of non-budgeted funds		1,627
Interest on pooled investments from non-budgeted revenues		1,670
Total revenues as reported on the statement of		
revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	\$	1,765,034
Expenditures		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "expenditures" from the		
budgetary comparison schedules	\$	1,528,471
Expenditures of non-budgeted funds		
Equipment Acquisition		69,791
Building Security		1,023
Signal Maintenance		35
Fleet Maintenance		82
Special Projects		349
Grant Matching Fund		20
Total expenditures of non-budgeted funds		71,300
		_
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of		
revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	\$	1,599,771
Other financing sources (uses)		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "other financing sources		
and uses" from the budgetary comparison schedules	\$	(213,375)
Proceeds from Issuance of Debt		95,623
Transfers In of non budgeted funds		5,896
Total other financing sources and uses as reported on		
the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes		
in fund balancesgovernmental funds	\$	(111,856)
		` //

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS REQUIRED NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2008

(Unaudited)

1. General Budget Policies

During January of each year, the Mayor, with City Council input, establishes budget guidelines. All departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the Mayor and the City's Department of Finance and Administration so that a budget may be prepared. Typically during June, the City Controller certifies that funds are available for a continuing appropriation and the budget is proposed to City Council. City Council holds public hearings and a final budget is normally adopted by June 30th. A final appropriation ordinance is adopted later in the fiscal year and may include budget revisions or amendments.

The legal level of budgetary control is the departmental level within each fund, even though the budget is prepared by fund, department, and expenditure category. The Mayor is authorized to transfer unlimited budgeted amounts within departments and amounts between departments, provided such transfers do not exceed 5% of an expenditure category. Expenditure categories are personnel services, other current expenditures and capital outlay. Appropriations related to funds with annual budgets lapse at year-end except for Capital Outlay appropriations, which cover multiple years.

On April 30, 2008, City Council approved the Fiscal Year 2008 general appropriation ordinance in the amount of \$1.805 billion for the General Fund.

Annual operating budgets are adopted for the General Operating Fund, the Debt Service Fund, the Special Revenue Funds (except for the Grants Revenue Fund, Disaster Recovery, Health Special Fund and the Housing Special Fund) and the Proprietary Funds. The budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Budgets for proprietary funds are prepared on the accrual basis, but focus on expenses relating to maintenance and operations, and equipment purchases and, accordingly, exclude depreciation and other allocations related to income determination.

The following provides actual fiscal year 2008 results for both budgeted and non-budgeted Special Revenue Funds (in thousands):

п		E	d:t		Other
	evenues	EX	penartures	Soul	rces (Uses)
\$	115,035	\$	137,567	\$	41,163
	2,365		-		(1,020)
	190,603		180,484		(144)
	2,474		1,522		89
	11,455		7,609		561
\$	321,932	\$	327,182	\$	40,649
	\$ \$	2,365 190,603 2,474 11,455	\$ 115,035 \$ 2,365 190,603 2,474 11,455	\$ 115,035 \$ 137,567 2,365 - 190,603 180,484 2,474 1,522 11,455 7,609	Revenues Expenditures Sour \$ 115,035 \$ 137,567 \$ 2,365 - - 190,603 180,484 - 2,474 1,522 - 11,455 7,609 -

2. General Fund Budgetary Highlights

While revenues were only \$55 million above budget (pgs. 117-120), there were some significant differences between some of the budgeted and actual revenue numbers. Some of the increases/decreases from budget include:

- \$61 million increase in taxes and assessments
- \$2 million increase in licenses and permits
- \$12 million decrease in charges for services
- \$4 million decrease in fines and forfeits
- \$5 million increase in interest

Only Public Safety and Public Works saw significant changes in budgeted and actual expenditures for the fiscal year. In Public Safety, the Police department's expenditures increased by \$3 million, while the Fire department's expenditures decreased by \$6 million for a total decrease of \$4 million. In Public Works, the Public Works department's expenditures decreased by \$6 million, while the General Services department increased by \$1 million and Solid Waste department decreased by \$1 million, for a total decrease of \$6 million.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS REQUIRED PENSION SYSTEM SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

Houston Firefighters' Pension System Supplementary Information (unaudited) Schedule of Funding Progress (in millions)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (Surplus UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Projected Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
July 1, 2001	\$1,863.1	\$1,650.8	(\$212.3)	113%	\$164.3	(129%)
July 1, 2002*	\$1,922.4	\$1,970.1	\$47.7	98%	\$190.6	25%
July 1, 2004	\$2,000.3	\$2,266.8	\$266.5	88%	\$181.5	147%
July 1, 2005	\$2,119.2	\$2,461.1	\$341.9	86%	\$192.1	178%
July 1, 2006	\$2,325.0	\$2,670.9	\$345.9	87%	\$218.7	158%
July 1, 2007	\$2,633.6	\$2,892.3	\$258.7	91%	\$232.4	111%

^{*} No actuarial study was required or conducted for July 1, 2003.

Houston Municipal Pension System Supplementary Information (unaudited) Schedule of Funding Progress (millions)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (Surplus UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Projected Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
July 1, 2002	\$1,519.7	\$2,515.2	\$995.5	60%	\$399.8	249%
July 1, 2003	\$1,510.3	\$3,278.3	\$1,768.0	46%	\$390.3	453%
July 1, 2004	\$1,501.2	\$2,633.8	\$1,132.6	57%	\$366.1	309%
July 1, 2005	\$1,777.7	\$2,725.3	\$947.6	65%	\$404.6	234%
July 1, 2006	\$1,867.3	\$2,894.3	\$1,027.0	65%	\$422.5	243%
July 1, 2007	\$2,193.7	\$3,128.7	\$935.0	70%	\$448.9	208%

Houston Police Officer's Pension System Supplementary Information (unaudited) Schedule of Funding Progress (millions)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (Surplus UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Projected Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
July 1, 2001	\$2,226.3	\$2,306.4	\$80.1	97%	\$264.2	30%
July 1, 2002	\$2,337.1	\$2,593.7	\$256.6	90%	\$286.1	90%
July 1, 2003	\$2,394.4	\$2,874.7	\$480.3	83%	\$300.4	160%
July 1, 2004	\$2,466.0	\$3,339.2	\$873.2	74%	\$329.8	265%
July 1, 2005*	\$2,508.8	\$3,393.0	\$884.2	74%	\$321.1	275%
July 1, 2007	\$3,004.9	\$3,857.7	\$852.8	78%	\$336.0	254%

^{*} No actuarial study was required or conducted for July 1, 2006.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS REQUIRED OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

$\begin{tabular}{ll} Houston Other Post Employment Benefits Supplementary Information (unaudited) \\ Schedule of Funding Progress (\it{millions}) \end{tabular}$

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Projected Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
June 30, 2006	\$54.5	\$326.5	\$272.0	16.7%	\$1,090.1	25%

Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for sources and uses of financial resources applicable to the general government operation of the City. All general operating revenues and expenditures that are not restricted and, therefore, accounted for in another fund, are recorded in the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on all general long-term debt other than debt issued for and serviced by Enterprise Funds.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund accounts for all resources used for the acquisition and/or construction of capital facilities by the City, except those financed by Enterprise Funds.

Grants Fund - The Grants Fund is used to account for grant resources received from various local, state and national agencies and organizations. The use of these resources is restricted to a particular function of the city by the grantor.

Nonmajor Funds - Nonmajor Funds did not meet the established criteria for major fund status. They are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are restricted to expenditures for special purposes. All Nonmajor Funds have been presented; however only certain sub-funds have legally adopted budgets. Nonmajor funds are:

- Public Safety Special Fund
 - o Budgeted: Asset Forfeiture, Auto Dealers, Police Special Services and Houston Emergency Center, Municipal Courts Technology Fee and Child Safety
 - o Not budgeted: Helmets for Bicycle Safety
- Public Works Special Fund
 - o Budgeted: Building Inspection, Sign Administration, and Stormwater
 - o Not budgeted: Sign Abatement and Street Maintenance and Traffic Control
- Health and Housing Special Fund
 - Not budgeted: Health Special, Housing Special, Homeless Families Program and Housing Replacement Insurance, Housing Non-Grant Venture and HJTPC Self Insurance
- Parks & Recreation Special Fund
 - o Budgeted: Parks Special
 - o Not budgeted: MacGregor Parks Endowment
- Other Special Revenue Fund
 - o Budgeted: Cable Television, Houston Transtar and Supplemental Environmental Project
 - Not budgeted: Disaster Recovery, Compaq Center, MNC Memorial City Way, W.A.T.E.R., Special City Deposit, John Battaglia Trust, Inc. Fund, AAA Contingency, Houston Foundation and March of Dimes

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS GENERAL FUND

Balance Sheet June 30, 2008

		2008		2007
Assets				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	265,602	\$	233,575
Receivables, net of allowances				
Accounts receivable		44,160		16,094
Property taxes receivable, net		42,950		42,989
Sales taxes receivable		86,946		80,617
Mixed beverage taxes receivable		2,759		2,610
Franchise taxes receivable		17,535		16,574
Special assessments receivable		11,288		29,806
Due from other funds		323		6,170
Due from other governments		3,719		7,495
Inventory		20,008		19,863
Prepaid items		1,914		1,512
Total assets	\$	497,204	\$	457,305
Total assets	Ψ	497,204	ψ	437,303
Liabilities and fund balance				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		39,202		38,230
Accrued payroll liabilities		48,896		40,923
Contracts and retainages payable		-		1
Due to other funds		136		186
Due to other governments		7,992		11,652
Advances and deposits		4,061		6,649
Claims and judgments		2,466		2,547
Compensated absences		2,978		2,714
Deferred electricity		263		248
Unearned revenue		59,704		76,056
Total liabilities		165,698		179,206
Fund balance				
Reserved for imprest cash and prepaids		2,032		1,626
Reserved for inventory		20,008		19,863
Designated - Sign abatement		2,090		2,070
Designated - Rainy day fund		20,194		20,001
Undesignated		287,182		234,539
Total fund balance		331,506		278,099
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	497,204	\$	457,305

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS GENERAL FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

		2008	2007
Revenues			
Taxes and assessments			
Property Taxes	\$	830,889	\$ 748,792
Industrial Assessments		17,787	15,823
Sales Tax		495,173	461,417
Franchise Tax		190,193	189,551
Mixed Beverage Tax		10,479	9,713
Bingo Tax		256	279
Licenses and permits		20,841	18,637
Charges for services		91,832	99,608
Intergovernmental - grants		33,395	42,021
Fines and forfeits		41,631	50,298
Investment income		18,662	15,992
Other		13,896	5,584
Total revenues		1,765,034	1,657,715
Expenditures			
Current			
General government		132,175	116,960
Public safety		1,015,001	985,828
Public works		208,552	202,910
Health		50,520	47,249
Housing anc Community Development		473	
Parks and recreation		63,562	60,464
Library		34,845	32,257
Retiree benefits		18,506	18,801
Capital outlay		70,223	49,023
Debt service principal		1,400	1,260
Debt service interest		4,514	5,420
Total expenditures	_	1,599,771	1,520,172
Other financing sources (uses)			
Proceeds from issuance of debt		130,623	103,000
Sale of capital assets		4,879	4,757
Transfers in		9,016	4,982
Transfers out		(256,374)	(222,613)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(111,856)	(109,874)
Change in fund balance		53,407	27,669
Fund balances, July 1		278,099	250,430
Fund balances, June 30	\$	331,506	\$ 278,099
	=		

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS DEBT SERVICE FUND

Balance Sheet June 30, 2008

	 2008	2007		
Assets				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 131,891	\$	110,363	
Due from component units	5,779		5,709	
Total assets	\$ 137,670	\$	116,072	
Liabilities and fund balance				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 414	\$	702	
Unearned revenue	5,779		5,709	
Total liabilities	 6,193		6,411	
Fund balance				
Reserved for debt service	 131,477		109,661	
Total fund balance	 131,477		109,661	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 137,670	\$	116,072	

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS DEBT SERVICE FUND

$Schedule\ of\ Revenues,\ Expenditures\ and\ Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balance:\ Budget\ vs.\ Actual$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With comparative totals for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

	2008						Vai	riance with		
		Budget	Amour	nts			Fin	al Budget-		2007
		Original		Final		Actual	P	os (Neg)	Actual	
Revenues										
Investment income	\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	6,182	\$	2,182	\$	5,817
Other		2,000		2,000		1,707		(293)		132
Total revenues		6,000		6,000		7,889		1,889		5,949
Expenditures										
Debt service principal		202,420		202,420		196,371		6,049		170,889
Debt service interest		125,275		120,029		125,478		(5,449)		117,260
Debt service fiscal agent & fees		5,166		5,236		3,700		1,536		4,661
Total expenditures		332,861		327,685		325,549		2,136		292,810
Other financing sources (uses)										
Net proceeds from issuance of debt		-		-		50		50		-
Proceeds from refunded debt		-		-		219,238		219,238		229,168
Proceeds from bond premium		-		-		9,004		9,004		15,870
Sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-		3,599
Transfers in		302,254		302,254		336,924		34,670		278,673
Payment to escrow agent for refunded bonds						(225,740)		(225,740)		(241,612)
Total other financing sources (uses)		302,254		302,254		339,476		37,222		285,698
Change in fund balance		(24,607)		(19,431)		21,816		41,247		(1,163)
Fund balances, July 1		109,661		109,661		109,661		_		110,824

90,230

131,477

Fund balances, June 30

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Balance Sheet June 30, 2008

	 2008	2007		
Assets				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 119,657	\$	114,843	
Receivables, net of allowances				
Accounts receivable	4,598		-	
Due from other funds	-		946	
Due from other governments	23,856		25,573	
Prepaid items - Construction materials	 49			
Total assets	\$ 148,160	\$	141,362	
Liabilities and fund balance				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	42,724		16,015	
Contracts and retainages payable	-		22,366	
Advances and deposits	489		210	
Unearned revenue	 4,604		20,875	
Total liabilities	 47,817		59,466	
Fund balance				
Reserved fund balance	100,343		81,896	
Total fund balance	 100,343		81,896	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 148,160	\$	141,362	

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	2	2008	2007
Revenues			
Intergovernmental - grants	\$	70,562	\$ 61,103
Investment income		5,044	4,488
Other		7,444	 1,661
Total revenues		83,050	 67,252
Expenditures			
Current			
Capital outlay		262,432	211,833
Total expenditures		262,432	211,833
Other financing sources (uses)			
Proceeds from issuance of debt		256,378	210,771
Sale of capital assets		3,276	-
Transfers in		439	140
Transfers out		(62,264)	 (50,680)
Total other financing sources (uses)		197,829	 160,231
Change in fund balance		18,447	15,650
_			,
Fund balances, July 1		81,896	 66,246
Fund balances, June 30	\$	100,343	\$ 81,896

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS GRANTS FUND

Balance Sheet June 30, 2008

	2008	2007
Assets		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 12,504	\$ 7,143
Receivables, net of allowances		
Accounts receivable	18,110	28,085
Due from component units	4,305	4,786
Due from other governments	48,913	24,652
Inventory	1,468	 1,042
Total assets	 85,300	65,708
Liabilities and fund balance		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	14,309	12,831
Accrued payroll liabilities	2,135	2,268
Due to other funds	200	6,711
Due to other governments	12,740	-
Advances and deposits	552	718
Compensated absences	-	176
Unearned revenue	44,575	32,379
Total liabilities	74,511	55,083
Fund balance		
Reserved for inventory	1,468	1,042
Reserved for debt service	1,768	1,325
Unreserved	7,553	8,258
Total fund balance	10,789	10,625
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 85,300	\$ 65,708

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS GRANTS FUND

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	2008	2007
Revenues		
Intergovernmental - grants	\$ 181,446	\$ 194,062
Investment income	788	1,447
Total revenues	182,234	 195,509
Expenditures		
Current		
General government	846	-
Public safety	38,647	45,285
Public works	236	4,215
Health	57,066	48,117
Housing and Community Development	76,951	89,071
Parks and recreation	6,470	5,056
Library	1,710	2,462
Total expenditures	181,926	194,206
Other financing sources (uses)		
Sale of capital assets	417	-
Transfers in	-	508
Transfers out	(561)	(3,336)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(144)	(2,828)
Change in fund balance	164	(1,525)
Fund balances, July 1	10,625	 12,150
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 10,789	\$ 10,625

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2008

(With comparative totals for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

		Nonmaj	or Fun	eds
	<u> </u>	Public Safety Special Fund		Public Works Special Fund
Assets				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	26,944	\$	39,452
Receivables, net of allowances				
Accounts receivable		8,155		148
Due from other funds		-		-
Due from other governments		3,768		-
Inventory		-		7
Total assets	\$	38,867	\$	39,607
Liabilities and fund balance				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	2,047	\$	1,506
Accrued payroll liabilities		1,136		1,976
Due to other funds		-		-
Due to other governments		4,108		-
Advances and deposits		889		1,269
Deferred electricity				2
Compensated absences		5		7
Other liabilities		-		-
Unearned revenue		6,033		_
Total liabilities		14,218		4,760
Fund balance				
Reserved for inventory				7
Undesignated	-	24,649		34,840
Total fund balance		24,649		34,847
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	38,867	\$	39,607

(Continued)

Housing Recreation Special Special Revenue **Special** 2008 Fund Fund Fund 2007 \$ 4,156 \$ 4,338 \$ 53,584 \$ 128,474 \$ 99,595 336 4,018 12,657 6,185 408 3,768 1,825 20 4,156 \$ 4,685 57,602 144,917 108,033 \$ 72 \$ 394 \$ 2,079 \$ 6,098 \$ 5,993 26 123 48 3,309 2,522 125 12 4,120 10 7 28 110 2,303 2,003 2 4 12 160 113 113 4 147 3,278 9,458 3,160

Other

Nonmajor Funds

Parks &

Health &

105

4,051	 11 3,970	51,972	 18 119,482	 94,056
4,051	 3,981	 51,972	 119,500	 94,056
\$ 4,156	\$ 4,685	\$ 57,602	\$ 144,917	\$ 108,033

5,630

25,417

13,977

704

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With comparative totals for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

Nonmajor Funds Public Public Health & Safety Works Housing Special **Special** Special Fund Fund Fund Revenues Taxes and assessments \$ \$ Franchise Tax 325 \$ Licenses and permits 1,805 38,224 1,080 Charges for services 6,376 8,722 718 Intergovernmental - grants 11,995 65 Fines and forfeits 15,362 8 Investment income 1,346 1,895 203 Other 11,997 307 408 Total revenues 48,881 49,481 2,474 Expenditures Current General government Public safety 53,874 Public works 72,645 Health 1,244 Housing and community development 278 Parks and recreation Capital outlay Debt service principal 53,874 72,655 1,522 Total expenditures Other financing sources (uses) Sale of capital assets 96 89 Transfers in 12,230 37,490 Transfers out (2,758)(5,609)Total other financing sources (uses) 89 9,472 31,977 Change in fund balance 1,041 4,479 8,803 26,044 Fund balances, July 1 20,170 3,010

(Continued)

4,051

34,847

24,649

Fund balances, June 30

	Nonmajo	r Fun	ds		
Parks & Recreation Special Fund		5	Other Special Revenue Fund	2008	2007
_		_			
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 325	\$ -
	182		-	41,291	37,275
	4,334		572	20,722	19,642
	-		3,254	15,314	22,678
	-		-	15,370	7,007
	235		2,161	5,840	4,273
	2,965		16,811	 32,488	 16,178
	7,716		22,798	 131,350	 107,053
	- -		11,316	11,316 53,874	10,781 41,837
	-		-	72,645	61,404
	-		-	1,244	697
	-		-	278	249
	7,322		-	7,322	6,054
	-		-	-	8,314
	-		9	 19	 17
	7,322		11,325	 146,698	 129,353
				185	-
	-		561	50,281	55,246
	(287)		(1,020)	 (9,674)	 (5,307)
	(287)		(459)	40,792	49,939
	107		11,014	25,444	27,639
	3,874		40,958	94,056	66,417
\$	3,981	\$	51,972	\$ 119,500	\$ 94,056

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS ASSET FORFEITURE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	2008						Varia	nce with		
		Budget A	Amour	nts			Final l	Budget-		2007
	0	riginal		Final		Actual	Pos	s (Neg)	Actual	
Revenues										
Confiscations	\$	5,359	\$	5,359	\$	5,420	\$	61	\$	6,081
Investment income		131		131		346		215		391
Other		_		_		356		356		(81)
Total revenues	5,490			5,490		6,122		632		6,391
Expenditures										
Current										
Public safety		8,787		10,084		6,562		3,522		6,182
Capital outlay										544
Total expenditures		8,787		10,084		6,562		3,522	-	6,726
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers out		_		_		(1,297)		1,297		
Total other financing sources (uses)						(1,297)	-	1,297		
Change in fund balance		(3,297)		(4,594)		(1,737)		2,857		(335)
Fund balances, July 1		5,895		5,895		5,895				6,230
Fund balances, June 30	\$	2,598	\$	1,301	\$	4,158	\$	2,857	\$	5,895

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AUTO DEALERS FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

				2008		Variar	ice with	
		Budget A	Amour	nts		Final I	Budget-	2007
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	Pos	s (Neg)	 Actual
Revenues								
Licenses and permits	\$	1,199	\$	1,199	\$ 1,341	\$	142	\$ 1,287
Charges for services		780		780	731		(49)	782
Investment income		50		50	93		43	79
Other		1,522		1,522	 1,855		333	1,838
Total revenues		3,551		3,551	 4,020		469	 3,986
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety		3,175		3,181	 2,859		322	 2,663
Total expenditures		3,175		3,181	 2,859		322	 2,663
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out		(1,095)		(1,095)	(1,186)		(91)	(1,112)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,095)		(1,095)	 (1,186)		(91)	 (1,112)
Change in fund balance		(719)		(725)	(25)		700	211
Fund balances, July 1		1,048		1,048	 1,048			 837
Fund balances, June 30	\$	329	\$	323	\$ 1,023	\$	700	\$ 1,048

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS BUILDING INSPECTION FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

				2008		Varia	nce with	
		Budget A	Amou	nts		Final	Budget-	2007
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	P0	s (Neg)	 Actual
Revenues								
Taxes and assessments								
Franchise Tax	\$	137	\$	137	\$ 325	\$	188	\$ -
Licenses and permits		35,408		35,408	35,905		497	32,755
Charges for services		7,004		7,004	8,069		1,065	5,473
Investment income		302		302	970		668	378
Other		136		136	333		197	 149
Total revenues		42,987		42,987	 45,602		2,615	 38,755
Expenditures								
Current								
Public works		42,291		42,654	35,003		7,651	30,295
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-	1,706
Debt service principal		63		63	10		53	-
Total expenditures		42,354		42,717	 35,013		7,704	 32,001
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out		(1,166)		(1,166)	(968)		(198)	 (956)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,166)		(1,166)	 (968)		(198)	 (956)
Change in fund balance		(533)		(896)	9,621		10,517	5,798
Fund balances, July 1		10,770		10,770	 10,770			 4,972
Fund balances, June 30	\$	10,237	\$	9,874	\$ 20,391	\$	10,517	\$ 10,770

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CABLE TELEVISION FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

				2008		Variai	ice with	
		Budget	Amour	nts		Final l	Budget-	2007
	Or	iginal		Final	 Actual	Pos	s (Neg)	 Actual
Revenues								
Investment income	\$	13	\$	13	\$ 41	\$	28	\$ 32
Other		2,043		2,043	1,785		(258)	1,563
Total revenues		2,056		2,056	 1,826	-	(230)	 1,595
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		1,532		1,768	1,584		184	1,832
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-	82
Total expenditures		1,532		1,768	1,584		184	1,914
Change in fund balance		524		288	242		(46)	(319)
Fund balances, July 1		364		364	 364		-	 683
Fund balances, June 30	\$	888	\$	652	\$ 606	\$	(46)	\$ 364

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CHILD SAFETY FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With comparative totals for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

				2008		Varia	nce with	
		Budget	Amou	nts		Final 1	Budget-	
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	Pos	(Neg)	 2007
Revenues								
Fines and forfeits	\$	2,100	\$	2,100	\$ 2,354	\$	254	\$ 2,304
Interest		40		40	102		62	115
Other		900		900	 946		46	 906
Total revenues		3,040		3,040	 3,402		362	 3,325
Expenditures								
Current								
General government		3,040		3,040	 3,388		(348)	 3,145
Total expenditures		3,040		3,040	3,388		(348)	3,145
Change in fund balance		-		-	14		14	180
Fund balances, July 1		168		168	168		-	(12)
Fund balances, June 30	\$	168	\$	168	\$ 182	\$	14	\$ 168

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS HOUSTON TRANSTAR FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With comparative totals for 2007)

amounts expressed in thousands

				2008			Varian	ce with		
		Budget A	Amoui	nts			Final E	Budget-	2	2007
	Oı	iginal		Final	A	Actual	Pos	(Neg)	A	ctual
Revenues										
Charges for services	\$	571	\$	571	\$	572	\$	1	\$	533
Intergovernmental - grants		1,327		1,327		1,326		(1)		1,226
Investment income		10		10		35		25		13
Other		-		-		3		3		(6)
Total revenues		1,908		1,908		1,936		28		1,766
Expenditures										
Current										
General government		1,937		1,943		1,556		387		1,562
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		82
Debt service principal		-		-		9		(9)		8
Total expenditures		1,937		1,943		1,565		378		1,652
Change in fund balance		(29)		(35)		371		406		114
Fund balances, July 1		352		352		352			-	238
Fund balances, June 30	\$	323	\$	317	\$	723	\$	406	\$	352

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS MUNICIPAL COURTS TECHNOLOGY FEE

$Schedule\ of\ Revenues, Expenditures\ and\ Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balances\ -\ Budget\ and\ Actual$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

				2008			Varia	nce with		
		Budget A	Amour	ıts			Final	Budget-		
	0	riginal		Final	A	ctual	Pos	s (Neg)		2007
Revenues										
Interest	\$	170	\$	170	\$	194	\$	24	\$	176
Other		1,502		1,502		1,599		97		1,648
Total revenues		1,672		1,672		1,793		121		1,824
Expenditures										
Current										
Public safety		2,417		2,417		674		1,743		1,279
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		76
Total expenditures		2,417		2,417		674		1,743		1,355
Other financing sources (uses)										
Operating transfers out		(1,178)		(1,178)		(275)		903		(356)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,178)		(1,178)		(275)		903	_	(356)
Change in fund balance		(1,923)		(1,923)		844		2,767		113
Fund balances, July 1		3,131		3,131		3,131				3,018
Fund balances, June 30	\$	1,208	\$	1,208	\$	3,975	\$	2,767	\$	3,131

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS PARKS SPECIAL FUND

$Schedule\ of\ Revenues, Expenditures\ and\ Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balances\ -\ Budget\ and\ Actual$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budget Amour		2008		Varia	nce with			
		Budget 2	Amour	ıts		Final	Budget-	:	2007
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	Po	s (Neg)	A	ctual
Revenues									
Licenses and permits	\$	135	\$	135	\$ 182	\$	47	\$	161
Charges for services		6,661		6,661	7,027		366		6,799
Investment income		95		95	228		133		142
Other		98		98	 272		174		162
Total revenues		6,989		6,989	 7,709		720		7,264
Expenditures									
Current									
Parks and recreation		7,749		8,009	7,322		687		6,054
Capital outlay		-		-	 -		-		241
Total expenditures		7,749		8,009	 7,322		687		6,295
Other financing sources (uses)									
Sale of Capital Assets		-		-	-		-		-
Transfers in		843		843	-		(843)		-
Transfers out				287	 (287)		(574)		(100)
Total other financing sources (uses)		843		1,130	 (287)		(1,417)		(100)
Change in fund balance		83		110	100		(10)		869
Fund balances, July 1		3,748		3,748	 3,748		-		2,879
Fund balances, June 30	\$	3,831	\$	3,858	\$ 3,848	\$	(10)	\$	3,748

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS POLICE SPECIAL SERVICES FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With comparative totals for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

			2008		Varia	ance with	
	Budget A	Amoui	ıts		Final	Budget-	2007
	Original		Final	 Actual	Po	os (Neg)	 Actual
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 10,494	\$	10,494	\$ 17,331	\$	6,837	\$ 10,005
Intergovernmental - grants	3,275		3,275	4,579		1,304	4,615
Investment income	200		200	607		407	315
Other	 1,546		1,546	 1,759		213	 530
Total revenues	 15,515		15,515	24,276		8,761	15,465
Expenditures							
Current							
Public safety	18,794		18,799	20,761		(1,962)	9,690
Capital outlay	 -		-	 -		-	 442
Total expenditures	 18,794		18,799	 20,761		(1,962)	 10,132
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	 389		389	 1,496		1,107	 1,556
Total other financing sources (uses)	 389		389	 1,496		1,107	 1,556
Change in fund balance	(2,890)		(2,895)	5,011		7,906	6,889
Fund balances, July 1	 9,759		9,759	 9,759			 2,870
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 6,869	\$	6,864	\$ 14,770	\$	7,906	\$ 9,759

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS SIGN ADMINISTRATION FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

				2008		Varia	nce with		
		Budget A	Amour	nts		Final 1	Budget-		2007
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	2,967 \$ 146 124 44 3 1 3,094 191 2,752 865 	A	Actual	
Revenues									
Licenses and permits	\$	2,821	\$	2,821	\$ 2,967	\$	146	\$	2,917
Investment income		80		80	124		44		102
Other		2		2	 3		1		6
Total revenues		2,903		2,903	 3,094		191		3,025
Expenditures									
Current									
Public works		3,577		3,617	2,752		865		2,318
Capital outlay		-			 -		-		463
Total expenditures		3,577		3,617	 2,752		865		2,781
Other financing sources (uses)									
Sale Of Capital Assets				-	 2		(2)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)				-	 2		(2)		-
Change in fund balance		(674)		(714)	344		1,058		244
Fund balances, July 1		1,727		1,727	 1,727				1,483
Fund balances, June 30	\$	1,053	\$	1,013	\$ 2,071	\$	1,058	\$	1,727

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS STORMWATER FUND

$Schedule\ of\ Revenues, Expenditures\ and\ Changes\ in\ Fund\ Balances\ -\ Budget\ and\ Actual$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

				2008		Varia	nce with	
		Budget A	Amoui	nts		Final	Budget-	2007
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	Po	s (Neg)	 Actual
Revenues								
Investment income	\$	251	\$	251	\$ 251	\$	-	\$ 312
Other		70		70	78		8	 108
Total revenues		321		321	 329		8	 420
Expenditures								
Current								
Public works		34,484		34,580	32,709		1,871	28,760
Capital outlay		-		_	 -		-	 2,334
Total expenditures		34,484		34,580	 32,709		1,871	 31,094
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		37,735		37,735	36,540		(1,195)	34,056
Transfers out		(5,836)		(5,836)	 (4,641)		1,195	 (2,792)
Total other financing sources (uses)		31,899		31,899	 31,899		-	 31,264
Change in fund balance		(2,264)		(2,360)	(481)		1,879	590
Fund balances, July 1		3,352		3,352	 3,352			 2,762
Fund balances, June 30	\$	1,088	\$	992	\$ 2,871	\$	1,879	\$ 3,352

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS HOUSTON EMERGENCY CENTER FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

				2008		Varia	nce with	
		Budget A	Amour	nts		Final	Budget-	2007
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	Po	os (Neg)	 Actual
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	702	\$	702	\$ 144	\$	(558)	\$ 216
Intergovernmental - grants		9,962		9,962	8,787		(1,175)	8,653
Investment income		-		_	(6)		(6)	 2
Total revenues		10,664		10,664	 8,925		(1,739)	8,871
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety		21,524		21,602	19,633		1,969	18,902
Capital outlay		-		-	 -		-	 124
Total expenditures		21,524		21,602	 19,633		1,969	 19,026
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		10,837		10,837	10,734		(103)	 9,634
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,837		10,837	 10,734		(103)	 9,634
Change in fund balance		(23)		(101)	26		127	(521)
Fund balances, July 1		109		109	 109		-	 630
Fund balances, June 30	\$	86	\$	8	\$ 135	\$	127	\$ 109

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS SUPPLEMENTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECT FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

			2	2008			Varian	ce with		
		Budget .	Amount	ts			Final B	Budget-	2	007
	Ori	ginal	F	inal	A	ctual	Pos	(Neg)	A	ctual
Revenues										
Investment income	\$	20	\$	20	\$	30	\$	10	\$	30
Other		30		30		30		-		49
Total revenues		50		50		60		10		79
Expenditures										
Current										
General government		291		291		202		89		44
Capital outlay				_		_		_		18
Total expenditures		291		291		202		89		62
Change in fund balance		(241)		(241)		(142)		99		17
Fund balances, July 1		563		563		563		-		546
Fund balances, June 30	\$	322	\$	322	\$	421	\$	99	\$	563

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are established to account for City operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the cost of providing goods or services to the general public is financed primarily through user charges.

Airport System — This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's Airport System. The system is comprised of George Bush Intercontinental Airport, William P. Hobby Airport and Ellington Field.

Convention and Entertainment Facilities — This fund is used to account for the operation of the City's four major entertainment centers and two City-owned parking garages. These centers include the following: Jesse H. Jones Hall; Bayou Place; Gus S. Wortham Center; George R. Brown Convention Center and the Tranquility Park and Theater District parking garages.

Combined Utility System — This fund is used to account for the production and transmission of water and the treatment of wastewater for City residents and businesses as well as for other governmental entities located in the Houston area.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds – The Houston Area Water Corporation fund did not meet the established criteria for major fund status. The Houston Area Water Corporation was organized to provide water to the City of Houston for resale to customers located wholly or partially in Area Three of the Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District. Parking Management is a new fund created to manage parking facilities within the City of Houston.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

		2008		2007
Assets	-			
Current Assets				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	828,803	\$	722,089
Receivables, net of allowances				
Accounts receivable		21,279		19,462
Due from other funds		34		6
Due from other governments		3,688		2,474
Inventory		2,869		3,626
Prepaid items		2,224		2,106
Restricted assets				
Investments		7,456		7,013
Total current assets		866,353		756,776
Noncurrent Assets				
Deferred charges for issuance cost		5,261		1,804
Capital assets				
Land		207,439		202,214
Buildings, improvements and equipment		3,741,652		3,527,363
Construction in progress		236,090		302,189
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,328,082)		(1,203,037)
Net capital assets		2,857,099		2,828,729
Total noncurrent assets		2,862,360		2,830,533
Total assets	\$	3,728,713	\$	3,587,309
				(Continued)

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

	2008	2007			
Liabilities					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 6,116	\$	6,141		
Accrued payroll liabilities	3,441		2,760		
Accrued interest payable	47,686		48,914		
Contracts and retainages payable	24,132		19,110		
Due to other funds	7		609		
Advances and deposits	1,976		2,236		
Inferior lien contract	3,880	3,66			
Claims and judgments	1,260		1,303		
Compensated absences	4,343		3,990		
Other liabilities	1,011		950		
Revenue bonds payable	43,050		34,500		
Deferred revenue	1,607		9,376		
Total current liabilities	138,509		133,549		
AT					
Noncurrent liabilities	2.051.120		2016252		
Revenue bonds payable, net	2,051,120		2,046,352		
Claims and judgments	3,762		2,814		
Compensated absences	5,514		4,494		
Inferior lien contracts	45,820		49,700		
Commercial paper	83,000		95,000		
Other long-term liabilities	-		1,011		
Pension note payable	34,800		34,800		
Municipal pension trust liability	30,109		27,512		
Other post employment benefits	11,356		-		
Pension obligation bonds payable	 2,006		2,006		
Total noncurrent liabilities	 2,267,487		2,263,689		
Total liabilities	 2,405,996		2,397,238		
Net assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	685,286		648,933		
Restricted net assets	332,233		0.0,500		
Restricted for debt service	67,847		53,373		
Restricted for renewal and replacement	10,000		10,000		
Restricted for maintenance and operations	41,048		39,638		
Restricted for capital improvements	518,536		438,127		
Total net assets	\$ 1,322,717	\$	1,190,071		
_ ~	 -,,	-	-,0,0.1		

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With comparative amounts for 2007)

amounts expressed in thousands

	2008		2007
Operating Revenues			
Landing area fees	\$ 99,017	\$	92,140
Terminal space rentals	211,786		199,720
Parking	72,958		65,454
Concession	58,789		54,540
Other	4,626		4,284
Total operating revenue	447,176		416,138
Operating Expenses			
Maintenance and operating	229,551		214,611
Depreciation and amortization	 125,951		126,953
Total operating expenses	355,502		341,564
Operating income (loss)	91,674		74,574
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)			
Investment income	41,694		33,722
Other revenue	514		541
Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets	37		(7)
Passenger facility charges	11,608		6,530
Interest on long-term debt	 (104,056)		(101,186)
Total Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 (50,203)		(60,400)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	 41,471		14,174
Capital contributions	 91,175		41,681
Change in net assets	132,646		55,855
Total net assets, July 1	 1,190,071		1,134,216
Total net assets, June 30	\$ 1,322,717	\$	1,190,071

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With comparative amounts for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

		2008		2007
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers	\$	427.212	¢	427.006
Payments to employees	2	437,312 (84,338)	\$	427,886 (79,758)
Payments to suppliers		(91,173)		(86,319)
Internal activity-payments to other funds		(36,833)		(37,455)
Claims paid		(1,260)		(1,304)
Other revenues		571		483
Net cash provided by operating activates		224,279		223,533
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest income on investments		41,863		33,722
Purchase of investments		(26,927)		(2,285)
Proceeds from sale of investments		26,485		3,295
Transfer of investments to equity pool cash & investments		(160)		572,391
Gain (loss) on sale on nonpooled stock Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		(169) 41,252		607,123
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Interest expense electrical contract		(50)		(44)
Interest expense pension obligation bonds		(106)		(105)
Interest expense collateralized note		(2,958)		(2,958)
Deferred charges on future debt issuance		(28)		
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(3,142)		(3,107)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				(40.40-)
Retirement of revenue bonds		(34,500)		(28,385)
Refunding of revenue bonds		(247,858)		-
Retirement of commercial paper Proceeds (uses of cash) from issuance of revenue bonds		(43,000) 290,863		-
Proceeds from issuance of commercial paper		31,000		36,000
Interest expense on revenue bonds		(112,852)		(111,559)
Retirement of inferior lien contract		(3,660)		(3,450)
Passenger facilities charges		11,608		6,530
Advances and deposits on construction		17		16
Contributed capital		84,417		48,995
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(131,710)		(108,794)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(155,675)		(160,647)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities				
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		106,714		666,902
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		722,089		55,187
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	828,803	\$	722,089
Non cash transactions				
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments		7,573		2,988
Donated assets		(5,486)		-
Capitalized interest expense		12,071		14,794 4,602
Capital additions included in liabilities Loss (gain) on disposal of assets		(5,023)		4,602 7
Total non cash transactions	\$	9,098	\$	22,391
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided				
by operating activities				
Operating income	\$	91,674	\$	74,574
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities				
Depreciation and amortization		125,952		126,953
Other post employment benefits Other revenues		11,356 571		483
Changes in assets and liabilities		3/1		483
Accounts receivable		(1,817)		10,136
Due from other funds		(28)		(6)
Inventory and prepaid insurance		639		(509)
Accounts payable		(975)		1,147
Accrued payroll liabilities		681		1,420
Due to other funds		(602)		609
Advances and deposits		(8,047)		1,625
Claims and judgments - workers' compensation Compensated absences		905 1,373		668 1,668
Pension Obligation payable		2,597		4,765
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	224,279	\$	223,533
K		,_,		

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

	2008		2007		
Assets					
Current Assets					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	90,873	\$	82,950	
Receivables, net of allowances					
Accounts receivable		2,003		1,226	
Hotel occupancy tax receivable		18,627		16,111	
Due from component units		13,033		13,996	
Due from other funds		102		76	
Due from other governments		826		758	
Prepaid items		708		663	
Restricted assets					
Investments		21,774		21,774	
Total current assets		147,946		137,554	
Noncurrent Assets					
Due from component units		299,350		299,928	
Deferred charges for issuance cost		3,439		3,727	
Total noncurrent restricted assets		302,789		303,655	
Capital assets					
Land		99,757		99,757	
Buildings, improvements and equipment		456,324		452,877	
Construction in progress		1,849		753	
Garage Rights		13,144		13,144	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(157,839)		(144,947)	
Net capital assets		413,235		421,584	
Total noncurrent assets		716,024		725,239	
Total assets	\$	863,970	\$	862,793	
				(Continued)	

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

	2008		2007	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	6,669	\$	7,113
Accrued payroll liabilities		380		297
Accrued interest payable		5,622		5,973
Due to component units		23,847		24,344
Due to other governments		108		79
Advances and deposits		1,052		1,268
Claims and judgments		-		78
Compensated absences		489		468
Deferred electricity note		255		239
Revenue bonds payable		18,620		17,540
Deferred revenue		396		396
Total current liabilities		57,438		57,795
Noncurrent liabilities				
Revenue bonds payable		605,938		615,562
Claims and judgments		160		213
Compensated absences		718		396
Commercial paper		43,800		35,500
Arbitrage rebate		340		235
Other long-term liabilities		-		255
Pension note payable		3,300		3,300
Municipal pension trust liability		3,156		2,867
Other post employment benefits		918		-
Deferred revenue		9,696		10,388
Pension obligation bonds payable		189		189
Total noncurrent liabilities		668,215		668,905
Total liabilities		725,653		726,700
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		63,806		61,066
Restricted net assets				
Restricted for debt service		16,152		15,801
Restricted for maintenance and operations		18,502		16,997
Restricted for capital improvements		6,865		
Unrestricted		32,992		42,229
Total net assets	\$	138,317	\$	136,093

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

 $(With\ comparative\ amounts\ for\ 2007)$

amounts expressed in thousands

	 2008		2007
Operating Revenues			
Parking	\$ 9,774	\$	9,011
Concession	5,308		4,722
Rental	7,224		6,821
Total operating revenue	 22,306		20,554
Operating Expenses			
Maintenance and operating	37,276		35,342
Depreciation and amortization	12,084		11,925
Total operating expenses	 49,360		47,267
Operating income (loss)	(27,054)		(26,713)
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)			
Investment income	19,186		18,704
Hotel occupancy tax	66,232		58,709
Other revenue	1,077		1,447
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	1		5,385
Other expenses	(28,066)		(25,720)
Interest on long-term debt	(33,150)		(32,859)
Contributions In	2,406		2,740
Total Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	27,686		28,406
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	 632		1,693
Capital contributions	 881		(691)
Transfers in	1,304		1,187
Transfers out	(593)		(93)
Total transfers	711		1,094
Change in net assets	2,224		2,096
Total net assets, July 1	136,093		133,997
Total net assets, June 30	\$ 138,317	\$	136,093

Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended June 30, 2008
(With comparative amounts for 2007)
amounts expressed in thousands

	2008		2007	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Receipts from customers	\$	20,621	\$	20,025
Payments to employees		(9,029)		(8,044)
Payments to suppliers		(26,578)		(26,909)
Internal activity-payments to other funds		(784)		(676)
Claims paid		(31)		(80)
Due from other governments		29		74
Other revenues		1,077		1,447
Other expenses		(1,962)		(1,784)
Net cash used for operating activities		(16,657)		(15,947)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest income on investments		19,186		18,704
Transfer from investments to equity pool cash and investments		-		34,248
Net cash provided by investing activities		19,186		52,952
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Retirement of revenue bonds		(17,540)		(14,775)
Net proceeds from issuance of commercial paper		8,300		13,000
Interest expense on debt		(23,926)		(24,004)
Proceeds from disposition of assets		_		8,046
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment, net		(2,852)		(2,554)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(36,018)		(20,287)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Promotional contract paid from hotel occupancy tax revenues to component units		(26,104)		(23,935)
Transfers		711		1,094
Payments from Hotel Corporation		2,622		(7,726)
Hotel occupancy tax revenue		64,474		57,186
Interest expense on pension obligation bonds		(10)		(10)
Interest expense on collateralized note		(281)		(281)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		41,412		26,328
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		7,923		43,046
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		82,950		39,904
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	90,873	\$	82,950
			((Continued)

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With comparative amounts for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

	2008		2007	
Non cash transactions				
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	\$ 812	\$	-	
Contributions of capital assets	881		(691)	
Capital additions included in liabilities	-		(1,055)	
Total non cash transactions	\$ 1,693	\$	(1,746)	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used				
by operating activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (27,054)	\$	(26,713)	
Depreciation and amortization	12,084		11,925	
Other post employment benefits	918			
Other revenues	1,077		1,447	
Other expenses	(1,962)		(1,784)	
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable and prepaids	(777)		(253)	
Due from other funds	(26)		48	
Accounts payable	(444)		(1,261)	
Accrued payroll liabilities	83		158	
Due to other governments	29		74	
Advances and deposits	(215)		416	
Inventory and prepaid Insurance	(44)		(61)	
Claims and judgments-workers' compensation	(131)		(3)	
Compensated absences	342		161	
Deferred revenue	(931)		(692)	
Pension Obligation payable	289		477	
Other long-term liabilities	105		114	
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (16,657)	\$	(15,947)	

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

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Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

(With comparative amounts for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

	2008		2007		
Assets					
Current assets					
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	635,593	\$	645,791	
Receivables, net of allowances					
Accounts receivable		96,728		68,023	
Special assessments receivable		93		93	
Due from other funds		1,544		-	
Due from other governments		4,866		5,158	
Inventory		6,168		5,633	
Prepaid items		3,727		3,111	
Total current assets		748,719		727,809	
Noncurrent Assets					
Due from other funds		96,859		-	
Deferred charges for issuance cost		56,737		46,762	
Total noncurrent restricted assets		153,596		46,762	
Other assets					
Amounts held by other governments		10,058		14,520	
Capital assets					
Land		115,478		101,371	
Buildings, improvements and equipment		204,679		198,733	
Plants, lines and rights		8,053,794		7,619,503	
Construction in progress		413,610		507,292	
Water rights		456,915		456,915	
Total capital assets		9,244,476		8,883,814	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(4,210,358)		(4,038,861)	
Net capital assets		5,034,118		4,844,953	
Total noncurrent assets		5,197,772		4,906,235	
Total assets	\$	5,946,491	\$	5,634,044	
				(Continued)	

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

(With comparative amounts for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

	2008			2007		
Liabilities				_		
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	87,152	\$	38,726		
Accrued payroll liabilities		4,908		4,153		
Accrued interest payable		30,590		24,473		
Contracts payable		18,155		60,091		
Due to other funds		316		682		
Due to other governments		1,088		4,897		
Advances and deposits		36,239		32,568		
Claims and judgments		1,257		1,173		
Compensated absences		7,252		6,374		
Deferred Electricity Note		2,610		2,453		
Revenue bonds payable		37,783		26,613		
Total current liabilities		227,350		202,203		
Noncurrent liabilities						
Revenue bonds payable		4,982,679		4,379,524		
Claims and judgments		1,278		1,333		
Compensated absences		12,783		11,204		
Contracts payable		188,384		206,482		
Commercial paper		156,500		440,200		
Arbitrage rebate		4,842		2,427		
Deferred Electricity Note		-		2,610		
Pension note payable		51,600		51,600		
Municipal pension trust liability		48,306		44,627		
Other post employment benefits		19,856		_		
Deferred revenue		275,502		158,334		
Pension obligation bonds payable		3,382		3,382		
Total noncurrent liabilities		5,745,112		5,301,723		
Total liabilities		5,972,462		5,503,926		
Net Assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		(226,413)		(56,682)		
Restricted net assets						
Restricted for maintenance and operations		63,450		62,674		
Restricted for capital improvements		42,886		5,158		
Unrestricted		94,106		118,968		
Total net assets	\$	(25,971)	\$	130,118		

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(With comparative amounts for 2007)

amounts expressed in thousands

	2008	2007
Operating Revenues		
Water/Sewer Billing	648,269	615,465
Total operating revenue	648,269	615,465
Operating Expenses		
Maintenance and operating	346,665	315,348
Depreciation and amortization	220,190	257,722
Total operating expenses	566,855	573,070
Operating income (loss)	81,414	42,395
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)		
Investment income	35,435	36,014
Other revenue	31,517	36,617
Other expenses		(1)
Interest on long-term debt	(267,504)	(242,282)
Loss on disposal of assets	(12,009)	(3,478)
Contributions in	2,343	-
Total Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(210,218)	(173,130)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(128,804)	(130,735)
Capital contributions	42,862	20,746
Transfers in	1,020	-
Transfers out	(71,167)	(76,944)
Total transfers	(70,147)	(76,944)
Change in net assets	(156,089)	(186,933)
Total net assets, July 1	130,118	317,051
Total net assets, June 30	\$ (25,971)	\$ 130,118

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With comparative amounts for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

		2008		2007
Cash flows from operating activities	Φ.	caa aa c		
Receipts from customers	\$	623,236	\$	627,465
Payments to employees Payments to suppliers		(127,065)		(119,284)
Internal activity-payments to other funds		(123,271) (17,032)		(156,998) (4,111)
Claims paid		(459)		(1,650)
Other revenues		31,517		36,030
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	386,926		381,452
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest income on investments		35,435		36,014
Transfer from investments to equity pool cash and investments		´ -		393,668
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		35,435		429,682
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Retirement of revenue bonds		(107,416)		(95,947)
Proceeds from issuance of revenue bonds - net		131,436		103,583
Proceeds from issuance of commercial paper		220,000		280,000
Interest expense on debt		(207,739)		(235,793)
Proceeds from disposition of assets		14,178		7,247
Contributed capital		112,407		5,512
Deferred bond issuance cost		(17,139)		(3,063)
Retirement of contractual obligation Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(122,788)		(222.069)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(385,352) (362,413)		(323,968) (262,429)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(302,413)		(202,427)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfers to debt service fund		(25.804)		(24 211)
Transfers to other funds		(25,804) (44,342)		(24,211) (52,733)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities		(70,146)		(76,944)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(10,198)		471,761
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		645,791		174,030
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	635,593	\$	645,791
Non cash transactions				
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments		3,820		2,305
Amortization expense		13,013		8,384
Capital additions included in liabilities		38,524		17,255
Contributed Capital		42,863		18,410
Capitalized interest expense Total non cash transactions	•	18,566	•	19,027
Total non cash transactions	\$	116,786	\$	65,381
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided				
by operating activities Operating income	\$	81,414	\$	42,395
Depreciation and amortization	Ą	220,190	Ф	257,722
Other post employemnt benefits		19,856		231,122
Other revenues		31,516		36,617
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable		(28,704)		8,761
Due from other funds		-		1,924
Due from other governments		4,511		(2,679)
Inventory & prepaid insurance		(1,151)		(1,310)
Accounts payable		48,426		26,418
Accrued payroll liabilities Due to other funds		755 316		2,223
		316		(743)
Arbitrage rebate Advances and deposits		2,415		2,427 3,238
Claims and judgments-workers' compensation		3,671 28		(1,522)
Compensated absences		2,457		2,027
Pension obligation payable		3,679		6,735
Deferred revenues		-		(585)
Other long-term liabilities		(2,453)		(2,196)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	386,926	\$	381,452

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

(With comparative amounts for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

		iston Area iter Corp.	Parking Management			Total		2007
Assets								
Current Assets	¢	2,813	¢	2,786	¢	5,599	¢	78
Equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables, net of allowances	\$	2,813	\$	2,780	\$	3,399	\$	76
Accounts receivable		1,417		248		1,665		1,934
Due from other funds		200		-		200		707
Due from other governments		68		_		68		1,323
Investments		-		_		-		4,137
Total current assets		4,498		3,034		7,532		8,179
Noncurrent Assets								
Deferred charges for issuance cost		_		_		-		1,503
Total noncurrent restricted assets		-		-				1,503
Capital assets								
Land		_		_		_		2,857
Buildings, improvements and equipment		19,749		602		20,351		19,704
Plants, lines and rights		117,486		4,109		121,595		143,551
Construction in progress		470		-,105		470		213
Less accumulated depreciation		(11,652)		(296)		(11,948)		(8,664)
Net capital assets		126,053		4,415		130,468		157,661
Total noncurrent assets		126,053		4,415		130,468		159,164
Total assets	\$	130,551	\$	7,449	\$	138,000	\$	167,343
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	740	\$	67	\$	807	\$	3,247
Accrued payroll liabilities		-		88		88		
Accrued interest payable		-		-		-		2,164
Contracts and retainages payable		53		-		53		1,100
Due to other funds		1,544		-		1,544		-
Compensated absences		-		109		109		-
Revenue bonds payable		-		-		-		2,585
Deferred revenue						<u> </u>		692
Total current liabilities		2,337		264		2,601		9,788
Noncurrent liabilities								
Revenue bonds payable		-		-		-		122,068
Due to other funds		96,859				96,859		-
Compensated absences		-		71		71		-
Municipal pension trust liability		-		77		77		-
Other post retirement benefits Total noncurrent liabilities		96,859		289 437		289 97,296		122,068
Total honeutrent habilities		90,039		437		91,290		122,008
Total liabilities		99,196		701		99,897		131,856
Net assets								
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		29,141		-		29,141		35,460
Restricted net assets								
Restricted - Contribution - Water Museum		200		_		200		-
Unrestricted		2,014		6,748		8,762		27
Total net assets	\$	31,355	\$	6,748	\$	38,103	\$	35,487

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(With comparative amounts for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

	 ston Area ter Corp.	Parking Management		U		 2007
Operating Revenues						
Parking	\$ 	\$	13,045	\$	13,045	\$ -
Total operating revenue	 -		13,045		13,045	-
Operating Expenses						
Administrative costs	-		3,727		3,727	-
Maintenance and operating	8,520		258		8,778	8,993
Depreciation and amortization	4,668		11		4,679	4,925
Total operating expenses	13,188		3,996		17,184	13,918
Operating income (loss)	 (13,188)		9,049		(4,139)	 (13,918)
Nonoperating revenue (expenses)						
Investment income	56		121		177	218
Other revenue	-		457		457	-
Interest on long-term debt	(301)		-		(301)	(6,650)
Contributions in	478		-		478	-
Total Nonoperating revenues (expenses)	233		578		811	(6,432)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(12,955)		9,627		(3,328)	 (20,350)
Capital contributions	-		4,295		4,295	-
Transfers in	8,823		-		8,823	18,237
Transfers out	-		(7,174)		(7,174)	-
Total transfers	8,823		(7,174)		1,649	18,237
Change in net assets	(4,132)		6,748		2,616	(2,113)
Total net assets (deficit), July 1	 35,487		-		35,487	 37,600
Total net assets, June 30	\$ 31,355	\$	6,748	\$	38,103	\$ 35,487

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With comparative amounts for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

		ston Area ter Corp.	Parking Management		Total	2007
Cash flows from operating activities						
Receipts from customers	\$	-	\$ 12,796	\$	12,796 \$	-
Payments to employees		-	(2,184)		(2,184)	-
Payments to suppliers		(10,175)	(1,099)		(11,274)	12,024
Internal activity-payments (to) from other funds		10,595	-		10,595	(13,487)
Other revenues			457		457	
Net cash used for operating activities		420	9,970		10,390	(1,463)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest income on investments		56	121		177	218
Proceeds from sale of investments		4,215			4,215	1,340
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		4,271	121		4,392	1,558
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Retirement of revenue bonds		(1,237)	-		(1,237)	(2,485)
Interest expense on debt		(1,100)	-		(1,100)	58
Advances and deposits on construction		707	_		707	2,477
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(248)	(132)		(380)	(355)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(1,878)	(132)		(2,010)	(305)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Transfers		-	(7,174)		(7,174)	-
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		-	(7,174)		(7,174)	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,814	2,785		5,599	(211)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2007		-	-		· -	211
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	2,814	\$ 2,785	\$	5,599 \$	-
Non cash transactions						
Amortization expense	\$	(4)	\$ -	\$	(4) \$	92
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments		- ` ′	17		17	· ·
Contributed capital		_	4,295		4,295	-
Total non cash transactions	\$	(4)	\$ 4,312	\$	4,308 \$	92
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(13,188)	\$ 9,049		(4,139) \$	(4,812)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities					-	
Depreciation and amortization		4,668	12		4,680	4,925
Changes in assets and liabilities		4,000	12		4,000	4,923
Accounts receivable		1,772	(249)		1,523	(3,197)
					(895)	1,212
Accounts payable		(963)	68 88		(895) 88	1,414
Accrued payroll liabilities		-				-
Compensated absences		-	180		180	-
Pension obligation payable		9 121	365 457		365 8,588	409
Other revenues	\$	8,131 420	\$ 9.970	\$	10,390 \$	(1,463)
Net cash used for operating activities	•	420	φ 9,970	3	10,390 \$	(1,403)

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one city department to other city departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

Health Benefits — This fund is used to account for the costs incurred to provide City employees' health care and life insurance benefits.

Long-Term Disability — This fund is used to account for the costs incurred to provide City employees' long-term disability coverage.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

(With comparative totals for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

	Heal	th Benefits	ong-term isability 2008		 2007	
Assets						
Current asets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,395	\$ 11,394	\$	17,789	\$ 18,091
Receivables, net of allowances						
Accounts receivable		1	-		1	5
Due from other governments		-	 			 1,602
Total current assets		6,396	 11,394		17,790	 19,698
Capital assets						
Construction in progress		334			334	-
Total capital assets		334	 -		334	-
Net capital assets		334	<u> </u>		334	
Total noncurrent assets		334	 		334	
Total assets		6,730	 11,394		18,124	19,698
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable		161	22		183	58
Accrued payroll liabilities		103	-		103	77
Due to other governments		-	-		-	1,602
Claims and judgments		985	1,831		2,816	1,964
Compensated absences		216	-		216	141
Unearned revenue		1,260	 		1,260	 1,156
Total current liabilities	-	2,725	 1,853	-	4,578	 4,998
Noncurrent liabilities						
Claims and judgments		-	6,430		6,430	7,022
Compensated absences		42	 		42	 80
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	42	 6,430	-	6,472	 7,102
Total liabilities		2,767	 8,283		11,050	 12,100
Net Assets						
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		334	-		334	-
Unrestricted		3,629	 3,111		6,740	 7,598
Total net assets	\$	3,963	\$ 3,111	\$	7,074	\$ 7,598

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

(With comparative totals for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

	Long-term						
	Hea	lth Benefits	Disability		2008		 2007
Operating Revenues							
Health benefit premiums	\$	264,407	\$	2,068	\$	266,475	\$ 249,178
Total operating revenues		264,407		2,068		266,475	249,178
Operating Expenses							
Administrative costs		3,015		12		3,027	3,070
Claims Costs		263,852		1,402		265,254	243,476
Total operating expenses		266,867		1,414		268,281	246,546
Operating income (loss)		(2,460)		654		(1,806)	 2,632
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)							
Investment income		695		587		1,282	1,088
Total Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		695		587		1,282	 1,088
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(1,765)		1,241		(524)	 3,720
Change in net assets		(1,765)		1,241		(524)	3,720
Total net assets (deficit), July 1		5,728		1,870		7,598	 3,878
Total net assets, June 30	\$	3,963	\$	3,111	\$	7,074	\$ 7,598

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With comparative totals for 2007) $amounts \ expressed \ in \ thousands$

	Heal	th Benefits	ong-term Disability	2008		2007
Cash flows from operating activities				 		
Receipts from customers	\$	264,404	\$ 2,068	\$ 266,472	\$	249,182
Payments to employees		(2,328)	-	(2,328)		(2,282)
Payments to suppliers		(351)	2	(349)		(381)
Internal activity-payments to other funds		(29)	-	(29)		(57)
Claims paid		(264,080)	(936)	(265,016)		(242,827)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(2,384)	 1,134	 (1,250)		3,635
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest income on investments		695	587	1,282		1,088
Net cash provided by investing activities		695	 587	 1,282		1,088
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(334)	-	(334)		-
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing		(224)		(22.4)		
activities		(334)	 	 (334)		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,023)	1,721	(302)		4,723
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		8,418	9,673	18,091		13,368
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	6,395	\$ 11,394	\$ 17,789	\$	18,091
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used)						
by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,460)	\$ 654	\$ (1,806)	\$	2,632
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash						
provided by operating activities						
Changes in assets and liabilities						
Accounts receivable		(2)	-	(2)		(5)
Due from other governments		(1,602)	-	(1,602)		1,602
Accounts payable		119	2	121		(5)
Accrued payroll liabilities		26	-	26		38
Due to other governments		1,602	-	1,602		(1,602)
Advances and deposits		10	-	10		(7)
Claims for workers' compensation		(218)	478	260		682
Compensated absences		37	-	37		71
Deferred revenue		104	 	 104		229
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	(2,384)	\$ 1,134	\$ (1,250)	\$	3,635

Fiduciary Funds (Trust and Agency Funds)

Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by a government unit as trustee, or agent, for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

Pension trust funds are used to account for the operation of the employee pension retirement programs. The funds include: Houston Firefighters' Relief and Retirement, Houston Municipal Employees', and Police Officers' funds.

Agency funds are custodial in nature, and assets equal liabilities with no measure of the results of operations or financial position. Agency funds include: Payroll Revolving, City Deposits, and Tax Clearing Funds.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Combining Statement of Plan Net Assets June 30, 2008

(With comparative totals for 2007) amounts expressed in thousands

	Firefighters' Relief and Retirement Pension Trust Fund				
Assets					
Cash	\$	4,807			
Investments					
U.S. government and agency securities		-			
Corporate bonds		-			
Other fixed income securites		954,753			
Commingled equity funds		-			
Common and preferred stock		1,322,163			
Real estate and partnerships		642,492			
Short-term investment funds		89,884			
Invested securities lending collateral		191,954			
Receivables, net of allowances					
Due from broker		8			
Contributions		3,521			
Accrued interest and dividends		17,153			
Other		31,014			
Other assets		415			
Land		483			
Building		6,916			
Total assets		3,265,563			
Liabilities and plan net asset					
Accounts payable		28,979			
Securities lending collateral		191,954			
Foreign funds contracts payable		15,382			
Other liabilities		89			
Total liabilities		236,404			
Total Monates		230,101			
Plan net assets held in trust for pension benefits	\$	3,029,159			
		(Continued)			

Municipal bloyees' Pension Trust Fund		lice Officers' Pension Trust Fund	2008	2007
\$ 956	\$	123	\$ 5,886	\$ 12,088
46,189		_	46,189	48,020
88,482		_	88,482	88,502
-		933,536	1,888,289	1,837,871
537,365		-	537,365	588,541
487,617		1,327,892	3,137,672	3,469,100
675,680		968,618	2,286,790	1,949,255
50,710		85,625	226,219	303,817
141,334		496,426	829,714	1,312,990
3,096		23,261	26,365	38,617
-		1,486	5,007	4,181
69,894		13,309	100,356	84,705
304,912		133	336,059	316,960
52,292		-	52,707	15,488
-		-	483	483
-		-	6,916	7,217
2,458,527		3,850,409	9,574,499	10,077,835
47,975		24,931	101,885	78,484
141,334		496,426	829,714	1,312,990
3,078		312	18,772	11,686
4,107		442	4,638	4,331
196,494		522,111	955,009	1,407,491
\$ 2,262,033	\$	3,328,298	\$ 8,619,490	\$ 8,670,344

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Combining Statement of Changes in Plan Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 (With comparative totals for 2007)

amounts expressed in thousands

	Retire	ghters' Relief and ment Pension ust Fund
Additions:		
Contributions		
City of Houston	\$	54,051
Members		20,431
Total Contributions		74,482
Investment income		
Interest		66,866
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		22,033
Dividends		20,052
Income on securities lending		15,021
Earnings from real estate, limited partnerships		
real estate investments, and other investments		6,590
Other income		1,257
Total investment and other income (loss)		131,819
Less - investment expense		(9,986)
Less - cost of securities lending		(13,426)
Total additions (reductions)		182,889
Deductions:		
Benefits paid to members		112,163
Refunds to members		347
Other		7,302
Total deductions		119,812
Net increase (decrease)		63,077
Plan net assets held in trust for pension benefits, beginning of year		2,966,082
Plan net assets held in trust for pension benefits, end of year	\$	3,029,159
·	·	(Continued)

Empl	Municipal loyees' Pension Trust Fund	lice Officers' Pension Trust Fund	2008	2007	
\$	73,272	\$ 63,000	\$ 190,323	\$ 181,086	
	21,176	31,003	72,610	70,437	
	94,448	94,003	262,933	251,523	
	13,453	34,603	114,922	111,892	
	(64,877)	(26,749)	(69,593)	1,075,743	
	14,381	19,540	53,973	74,476	
	36,617	3,189	54,827	68,009	
	13,424	-	20,014	39,924	
	634	 142	2,033	4,424	
	13,632	30,725	176,176	1,374,468	
	(6,540)	(18,186)	(34,712)	(28,462)	
	(6,386)	(797)	(20,609)	(37,355)	
-	95,154	105,745	383,788	1,560,174	
	169,483	133,049	414,695	392,032	
	1,760	500	2,607	2,340	
	6,475	3,564	17,341	16,743	
	177,718	137,113	434,643	411,115	
	(82,564)	(31,368)	(50,855)	1,149,059	
	2,344,597	3,359,666	8,670,345	7,521,285	
\$	2,262,033	\$ 3,328,298	\$ 8,619,490	\$ 8,670,344	

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AGENCY FUNDS

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 amounts expressed in thousands

	June	e 30, 2007		Additions		Deletions	Jun	e 30, 2008
Payroll Revolving Fund								
Assets								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	5,993	\$	6,068,542	\$	6,072,937	\$	1,598
Accounts receivable		121		91		91	\$	121
Total assets	\$	6,114	\$	6,068,633	\$	6,073,028	\$	1,719
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	6,114	\$	2,081,623	\$	2,086,018	\$	1,719
Total liabilities	\$	6,114	\$	2,081,623	\$	2,086,018	\$	1,719
City Deposit Fund Assets								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	132	\$	3,593	\$	3,592	\$	133
Total assets	<u>\$</u> \$	132	\$	3,593	\$	3,592	\$	133
Total assets	Ψ	132	φ	3,393	Ψ	3,392	Ψ	133
Liabilities								
Advances and deposits	\$	132	\$	7,183	\$	7,182	\$	133
Total liabilities	\$	132	\$	7,183	\$	7,182	\$	133
Tax Clearing Fund Assets								
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	77,242	\$	128,066	\$	189,898	\$	15,410
Total assets	\$	77,242	\$	128,066	\$	189,898	\$	15,410
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	77,242	\$	209,055	\$	270,887	\$	15,410
Total liabilities	\$	77,242	\$	209,055	\$	270,887	\$	15,410
Totals - All Agency Funds								
Assets		00.045						
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	83,367	\$	6,200,201	\$	6,266,427	\$	17,141
Accounts receivable	Φ.	121	Ф.	91	Φ.	91	\$	121
Total assets	\$	83,488	\$	6,200,292	\$	6,266,518	\$	17,262
Liabilities	ø	92.256	ď	2 200 779	ď	2 256 005	ď	17 100
Accounts payable	\$	83,356	\$	2,290,678	\$	2,356,905	\$	17,129
Advances and deposits Total liabilities	\$	132 83,488	\$	7,183 2,297,861	\$	7,182 2,364,087	<u>\$</u> \$	133 17,262
Total Haumities	ф	03,400	ф	2,297,001	ф	2,304,007	ф	17,202

Discretely Presented Component Units

(Governmental and Business-type)

Discretely Presented Component Units are legally separate organizations that the City of Houston must include as a part of its financial reporting entity for fair presentation.

Governmental – This category is primarily comprised of advisory boards and redevelopment authorities:

- City Park Redevelopment Authority
- East Downtown Redevelopment Authority
- Fifth Ward Redevelopment Authority
- Fourth Ward Redevelopment Authority
- Greater Greenspoint Redevelopment Authority
- Greater Houston Convention and Visitors Bureau
- Gulfgate Redevelopment Authority
- Houston Area Library Automated Network (HALAN)
- Houston Arts Alliance
- Houston Business Development Inc.
- Houston Downtown Park Corporation
- Houston Parks Board
- Houston Public Library Foundation
- Lamar Terrace Public Improvement District
- Land Assemblage Redevelopment Authority

- Main Street Market Square Redevelopment Authority
- Memorial City Redevelopment Authority
- Memorial-Heights Redevelopment Authority
- Midtown Redevelopment Authority
- Miller Theatre Advisory Board
- Old Sixth Ward Redevelopment Authority
- OST/Almeda Corridors Redevelopment Authority
- Saint George Place Redevelopment Authority
- Sharpstown Economic Development Authority
- South Post Oak Redevelopment Authority
- Southwest Houston Redevelopment Authority
- Upper Kirby Redevelopment Authority
- Uptown Development Authority

Business-type – This category is comprised of:

- Houston Convention Center Hotel Corporation
- Houston Downtown Park Corporation
- Houston Housing Finance Corporation
- Houston Zoo Inc.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - GOVERNMENTAL Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

$amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands$

	Rede	ty Park velopment thority	Redeve	owntown clopment hority	Fifth Ward Redevelopment Authority		Rede	rth Ward velopment tthority	Gre Rede	reater enspoint velopment ithority
Assets										
Current Assets Cash	\$	447	\$	904	\$	163	\$	3,924	\$	26,951
Equity in pooled cash and investments	ş	-	φ	281	φ	-	φ	3,924	Ф	20,931
Receivables, net of allowances				201						
Accounts receivable		-		-		75		-		1,807
Contracts receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued interest and other		-		-		-		-		173
Inventory Prepaid items		-		-		-		- 4		-
Restricted assets		-		-		-		7		-
Investments		-		-		-		-		-
Other receivables		-				-		-		-
Total current assets		447		1,185		238		3,928		28,931
Restricted assets										
Investments Assessments receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Deferred charges for issuance cost		-		_		-		-		_
Total noncurrent assets	-			-	-					
	<u> </u>									
Other assets, net of depreciation										
Other long-term receivables										
Total other assets		-								-
Capital assets										
Land		_		315		_		637		_
Buildings, improvements and equipment		1,199		-		-		-		-
Total capital assets		1,199		315		-		637		-
Less accumulated depreciation		(102)								
Buildings, improvements and equipment Accumulated depreciation	-	(192)	-		-		-		-	
Accumulated depreciation	-	(1)2)								
Net capital assets		1,007		315		_		637		-
Total noncurrent assets		1,007		315				637		
Total assets		1,454		1,500		238		4,565		28,931
Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities Accrued interest payable Contracts and retainages payable Notes payable		2 29 5,245 261		6 - - 2,265		23		13 - - -		355 - 270 -
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Advances and deposits		-		-		-		-		-
Compensated absences		-		-		-		-		-
Other liabilities Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets										
Revenue bonds payable		-		-		-		-		765
Advances and deposits				-						
Total current liabilities		5,537		2,271		23		13		1,390
Noncurrent liabilities										
Notes payable		559		_		_		_		-
Revenue bonds payable		-		-		-		-		15,815
Due to the City of Houston		=		-		-		=		=
Contracts payable		=		-		-		=		=
Deferred revenue		=		-		-		-		=
Total Noncurrent liabilities		559		-						15,815
Total liabilities		6,096		2,271		23		13		17,205
Net assets										
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		-		-		_		637		-
Restricted net assets								55,		
Restricted for debt service		-		-		-		-		3,158
Restricted for maintenance and operations		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for capital improvements		=		=		-		-		=
Other restricted Unrestricted (deficit)		(4,642)		(771)		215		3,915		8,568
Total net assets (deficit)	\$	(4,642)	\$	(771)	\$	215	\$	4,552	\$	11,726
				<u> </u>				· ·		

Greater Houston Convention & Visitor's Bureau		Gulfgate Library Redevelopment Automated Authority Network Bd		Houston Arts Alliance	Houston Business Development Inc.	Houston Downtown Park Corporation	Houston Parks Board	Houston Public Library Foundation (Fmrly Houston Library Board)	
\$	7,184	\$ 1,075	\$ - \$ 3,251	493 2,673	\$ 800	\$ 10	\$ 88 2,258	\$ 831	
	438	742	3,231	2,241	_	500	1,854		
	438	-	-	2,241	825	-	-	-	
	7	-	-	-	-	-	77	200	
	- '	-	-	81	-	-	24	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,015	-	
	7,629	1,817	3,251	5,488	2,022	510	10,367	1,031	
	7,029	1,017	3,231	3,466	2,022		10,307	1,031	
	-	-	-	-	2,847	-	-	17,896	
	-	-	-	-	4,002	-	-	-	
				-	6,849			17,896	
						75			
-				<u> </u>	-	75			
	_	5,417	_	_	692	56,987	14,553	_	
	624			300	9,623				
-	624	5,417		300	10,315	56,987	14,553		
	(463)	_	_	(286)	(6,026)	_	_	_	
	(463)			(286)	(6,026)			-	
	161	5,417		14	4,289	56,987	14,553	-	
	161	5,417	<u> </u>	14_	11,138	57,062	14,553	17,896	
	7,790	7,234	3,251	5,502	13,160	57,572	24,920	18,927	
	1,338	1,401	140	201	73	-	238	93	
	463	2,211	36 -	-	- 64	= -	-	= -	
	-	87 425	-	=	- 694	-	-	-	
		423			0)4				
	-	-	-	- -	= -	-	-	= -	
	- 72	-	-	- 2.105	22	-	=	-	
	72 393	525	-	2,105 70	42	=	-	-	
	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2,266	4,649	176	2,376	895		238	93	
	2,200	4,042		2,570			250		
	-	4,251	-	-	46	-	-	=	
	=	-	-	-	3,887	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	4,251		-	3,933		-	50	
	2,266	8,900	176	2,376	4,828		238	143	
	,								
	-	967	-	1,635	3,927	56,987	5,126	-	
	=	=	=	=	=	=	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	- -	-	8,464	- -	
	- 5,524	(2,633)	3,075	- 1,491	5,680 (1,275)	- 585	10,273 819	17,270 1,514	
\$	5,524	\$ (1,666)	\$ 3,075 \$	3,126	\$ 8,332	\$ 57,572	\$ 24,682	\$ 18,784	

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - GOVERNMENTAL

Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

 $amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands$

	Lamar Terrace Public Improvement District	Land Assemblage Redevelopment Authority	Main Street Market Square Redevelopment Authority	Memorial City Redevelopment Authority
Assets Current Assets				
Cash	\$ -	\$ 2,506	\$ 2,193	\$ 4,824
Equity in pooled cash and investments	47	-	6,791	406
Receivables, net of allowances				
Accounts receivable	27	5	845	-
Contracts receivable	-	-	-	-
Accrued interest and other Inventory	-		-	-
Prepaid items	- -	3	_	-
Restricted assets				
Investments	-	7,086	276	-
Other receivables				
Total current assets	74	9,600	10,105	5,230
Provident I control				
Restricted assets Investments		_		
Assessments receivable	- -	_	_	
Deferred charges for issuance cost	-	-	_	319
Total noncurrent restricted assets	-	-	-	319
Other assets, net of depreciation				
Other long-term receivables				
Total noncurrent restricted assets	<u> </u>			
Capital assets				
Land	-	-	_	_
Buildings, improvements and equipment				
Total capital assets				
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings, improvements and equipment Accumulated depreciation				
recumulated depreciation				
Net capital assets		=		
Total noncurrent assets	-			319
Total assets	74	9,600	10,105	5,549
Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities Accrued interest payable Contracts and retainages payable Notes payable	- - - 11	165 - - - -	1,457 - 187 - 100	967 - 172 65
Due to other governments	-	-		
Advances and deposits	-	_	- -	-
Compensated absences	=	=	-	-
Other liabilities	-	1,975	=	-
Deferred revenue	25	=	=	-
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets				
Revenue bonds payable Advances and deposits	-	-	520	-
Total current liabilities	36	2,140	2,264	1,204
Noncurrent liabilities				
Notes payable	=	=	-	-
Revenue bonds payable	-	-	9,965	10,000
Due to the City of Houston	-	-	-	-
Contracts payable Deferred revenue	= =	= _	-	-
Total Noncurrent liabilities	-		9,965	10,000
Total liabilities	36	2,140	12,229	11,204
		2,110	12,227	
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	-	-	-	-
Restricted net assets Restricted for debt service			2.167	460
Restricted for maintenance and operations	-	-	2,167	468
Restricted for capital improvements	=	-	- -	-
Other restricted	-	6,803	-	=
Unrestricted (deficit)	38	657	(4,291)	(6,123)
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ 38	\$ 7,460	\$ (2,124)	\$ (5,655)

Memorial- Heights Redevelopment Authority	Midtown Redevelopment Authority	Miller Theatre Advisory Board, Inc.	Old Sixth Ward Redevelpoment Authority	OST/Almeda Corridors Redevelopment Authority	Saint George Place Redevelopment Authority	Sharpstown Economic Development Authority
2,805	\$ 28	\$ 1,291	\$ 954	\$ 28	\$ 183	\$ 190
-	29,978	-	-	14,130	531	-
-	4,450	1,108	148	-	1,295	1
-	-	-	-	257	-	-
-	17,114	- -	-	1,104	-	-
	_	_	_	_	_	_
- 2.005	- 51.570	32	- 1102	- 15.510	- 2,000	- 101
2,805	51,570	2,431	1,102	15,519	2,009	191
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	- 1,940	-	-	- 459	- 220	-
-	1,940			459	220	
	-					-
-	3,692	-	-	1,725	-	-
	6,240 9,932			18		
<u> </u>	7,732			1,743		
	(1,231)	<u> </u>		(15)		
	(1,231)	-		(15)	=	-
-	8,701	-		1,728		-
<u>-</u> _	10,641			2,187	220	
2,805	62,211	2,431	1,102	17,706	2,229	191
52	1,236	5	3	317	32	7
- 44	1,349	12	- 18	- -	38	- -
-	-	136	=	-	-	-
=	=	=	96	=	-	=
- 167	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- -	430	-	= =	-	262	-
_	2,060	_	_	360	200	_
- 262	-	- 152	- 117	677	-	
263	5,075	153	117	6//	532	7
-	-	-	570	-	-	-
-	51,575 -	-	-	6,225	2,010 5,778	-
	=	-	-	- -	3,776	=
-	-	-	-			
- - -				=		- -
	51,575		570	6,225	7,788	
- - - 263		153		=		7
	51,575		570	6,225	7,788	
	51,575		570	6,225	7,788 8,320	
	51,575 56,650 5,694 9,666		570	6,902 6,902 2,832 1,280	7,788 8,320 - 496	
	51,575 56,650 5,694 9,666		570	6,225 6,902 2,832 1,280	7,788 8,320	

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - GOVERNMENTAL Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

 $amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands$

	Redeve	South Post Oak Redevelopment Authority		Southwest Houston Redevelopment Authority		Upper Kirby Redevelopment Authority		Uptown Development Authority		Total
Assets		,								
Current Assets										
Cash	\$	680	\$	4,115	\$	248	\$	1,268	\$	64,183
Equity in pooled cash and investments		-		5,041		15,950		21,349		102,686
Receivables, net of allowances										
Accounts receivable		238		_		216		240		16,230
Contracts receivable		_		_		_		_		825
Accrued interest and other		_		_		_		_		707
Inventory		_		_		_		_		18,225
Prepaid items		_								112
Restricted assets										112
										12 277
Investments		-		-		-		-		13,377
Other receivables										480
Total current assets		918		9,156		16,414		22,857		216,825
Restricted assets										
Investments		-		-		-		-		20,743
Assessments receivable		-		-		-		-		4,002
Deferred charges for issuance cost		-		724		-		481		4,143
Total noncurrent restricted assets		-		724		-		481		28,888
Other assets, net of depreciation										
Other long-term receivables		_		_		_		_		75
Total noncurrent restricted assets										75
Total noncurrent restricted assets										13
Canital accets										
Capital assets				· ·						04.070
Land		-		60		-		-		84,078
Buildings, improvements and equipment								414		18,418
Total property, plant & equipment				60		-		414		102,496
Less accumulated depreciation and										
Buildings, improvements and equipment		-				_		(165)		(8,378)
Accumulated depreciation		-		-		-		(165)		(8,378)
Net capital assets		-		60		-		249		94,118
-										
Total noncurrent assets		=		784				730		123,081
										<u>.</u>
Total assets		918		9,940		16,414		23,587		339,906
Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll liabilities Accrued interest payable Contracts and retainages payable		32		69 - 164 -		440 - - -		1,702 - 741 -		10,365 50 5,750 7,809
Notes payable		-		3,192		-		260		5,028
Due to other governments		-		-		=		3,437		3,437
Advances and deposits		-		=		-		-		167
Compensated absences		-		=		-		-		22
Other liabilities - current		626		58		-		-		5,791
Deferred revenue		_		=		-		-		792
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets										
Revenue bonds payable		_		510		_		1,525		5,940
Advances and deposits		695		-		_		-,525		695
Total current liabilities		1,353		3,993		440		7,665		45,846
Total current habilities		1,333		3,773		440		7,003		45,640
Noncurrent liabilities										
Notes payable				500				12,765		18,691
		-				-				
Revenue bonds payable		=		10,880		-		33,675		140,145
Due to the City of Houston		-		-		-		-		9,665
Contracts payable		5,013		=.		-		-		5,013
Deferred revenue		-		-		-		-		50
Total Noncurrent liabilities		5,013		11,380		-		46,440		173,564
Total liabilities		6,366		15,373		440		54,105		219,410
Net Assets										
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		=-		=		-		248		78,053
Restricted net assets										
Restricted for debt service		-		1,152		-		6,274		24,661
Restricted for maintenance and operations		-		=		-		-		8,464
Restricted for capital improvements		_		497		-		_		10,774
Other restricted		_		-		_		_		60,207
Unrestricted						15.054				(61,663)
		(5 448)				15 474				
Total net assets (deficit)	\$	(5,448)	\$	(7,082)	\$	15,974 15,974	\$	(37,040)	\$	120,496

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

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CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - GOVERNMENTAL Combining Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 amounts expressed in thousands

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Assets

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	City Park Redevelopment Authority	East Downtown Redevelopment Authority
a						
Component Units	6 271		Φ.	Φ.	e (271)	
City Park Redevelopment Authority	\$ 371	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (371)	\$ -
East Downtown Redevelopment Authority	1,283	-	-	-	-	(1,283)
Fifth Ward Redevelopment Authority	1	-	=	=	=	=
Fourth Ward Redevelopment Authority	689	-	=	=	=	=
Greater Greenspoint Redevelopment Authority	8,321	-	-	-	-	-
Greater Houston Convention and Visitors Bureau	15,823	590	16,537		-	-
Gulfgate Redevelopment Authority	552	-	-	=	-	=
HALAN	1,932	-	1,823	-	-	-
Houston Arts Alliance	13,237	-	12,238	-	-	-
Houston Business Development Corporation	2,247	1,386	363		-	=
Houston Downtown Park Corporation	4,103	-	42	-	-	-
Houston Parks Board	10,273	500	6,988	317	-	-
Houston Public Library Foundation	1,466	-	1,918	-	-	=
Lamar Terrace Public Improvement District	1	-	_	-	_	-
Land Assemblage Redevelopment Authority	778	-	2,602	-	_	-
Main Street Market Square Redevelopment Authority	5,245	_	· -	_	_	_
Memorial City Redevelopment Authority	10,576	_	_	_	_	_
Memorial-Heights Redevelopment Authority	291	_	_	_	_	_
Midtown Redevelopment Authority	8,878	_	390	_	_	_
Miller Theatre Advisory Board, Inc.	1,982		2,239			
Old Sixth Ward Redevelopment Authority	88	_	2,237			
OST/Almeda Corridors Redevelopment Authority	2,837	-	-	-	-	-
	917	-	-	-	-	-
Saint George Place Redevelopment Authority	228	-	-	-	-	-
Sharpstown Economic Development Authority		-	-	-	-	-
South Post Oak Redevelopment Authority	494	-	-	-	-	-
Southwest Houston Redevelopment Authority	1,895	-		-	-	-
Upper Kirby Redevelopment Authority	1,427	-	216	=	=	-
Uptown Development Authority	16,407					
Total component units	112,342	2,476	45,356	\$ 317	(371)	(1,283)
General Revenues:						
Taxes						
Property Taxes - general purposes / tax increments					428	1,183
Intergovernmental - grants					<u>-</u>	, · · ·
Unrestricted investment earnings (loss)					_	24
Other					_	27
Special Items - Loss on sale of assets						
Total general revenues, special items, and transfers					428	1,207
9 / . /					57	
Change in net assets						(76)
Net Assets (deficit) beginning					(4,699)	(695)
New Component Unit & Restatement					0 (4.542)	6 (771)
Net Assets (deficit) ending					\$ (4,642)	\$ (771

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Assets

Redeve	Fifth Ward Fourth Ward Greenspoint Redevelopment Redevelopment Authority Authority Authority		Greater Houston Convention & Visitor's Bureau	Houston Gulfgate Convention & Redevelopment			Houston Business Development Inc.	Houston Downtown Park Corporation	
			•	•					
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -
	(1)		=	-	=	-	=	=	=
	-	(689)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	(8,321)		-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	1,304	(552)	-	-	-	_
	_	_	-	_	(332)	(109)	-	_	-
	-	=	=	-	=	-	(999)	=	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(498)	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,061)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	=	=	-	=	-	=	=	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(1)	(689)	(8,321)	1,304	(552)	(109)	(999)	(498)	(4,061)
	,-/ <u>.</u>		(4,423)						
	212	1,437	8,497	-	1,391	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	122	-	-
	-	107	831	301	-	156	1.054	378	-
	-	2	-	-	-	31	1,254	166	-
	212	1,546	9,328	301	1,391	187	1,376	544	
	211	857	1,007	1,605	839	78	377	46	(4,061)
	-	3,695	11,019	3,896	(2,505)	2,997	2,749	8,286	61,633
	4		(300)	23					
\$	215	\$ 4,552	\$ 11,726	\$ 5,524	\$ (1,666)	\$ 3,075	\$ 3,126	\$ 8,332	\$ 57,572

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - GOVERNMENTAL Combining Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 amounts expressed in thousands

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in net Assets

Functions/Programs	Par	ston rks ard	Houston Public Libary Foundation (Fmrly Houston Library Board)	Lamar Terrace Public Improvement District	Land Assemblage Redevelopment Authority
Component Units					
City Park Redevelopment Authority	\$		\$ -	\$ -	S -
East Downtown Redevelopment Authority	Φ	-		5	.
Fifth Ward Redevelopment Authority		-	-	-	-
Fourth Ward Redevelopment Authority		-	-	-	-
Greater Greenspoint Redevelopment Authority		-	-	-	-
Greater Houston Convention and Visitors Bureau		-	-	-	-
Gulfgate Redevelopment Authority				_	_
HALAN		-	-	-	-
Houston Arts Alliance		-	-	-	-
Houston Business Development Corporation		_	_	_	_
Houston Downtown Park Corporation		_	_	_	_
Houston Parks Board		(2,468)	_	_	_
Houston Public Library Foundation		(2, 100)	452	_	_
Lamar Terrace Public Improvement District		_	.52	(1)	_
Land Assemblage Redevelopment Authority		_	_	(1)	1.824
Main Street Market Square Redevelopment Authority		_	_	_	1,02
Memorial City Redevelopment Authority		_	_	_	_
Memorial-Heights Redevelopment Authority		_	_	_	_
Midtown Redevelopment Authority		_	_	_	_
Miller Theatre Advisory Board, Inc.		_	_	_	_
Old Sixth Ward Redevelopment Authority		_	_	_	_
OST/Almeda Corridors Redevelopment Authority		_	_	_	_
Saint George Place Redevelopment Authority		_	_	_	_
Sharpstown Economic Development Authority		_	_	_	_
South Post Oak Redevelopment Authority		_	_	_	_
Southwest Houston Redevelopment Authority		_	_	_	_
Upper Kirby Redevelopment Authority		_	_	_	_
Uptown Development Authority		_	_	_	_
Total component units		(2,468)	452	(1)	1.824
		(=, 100)		(-)	-,,
General Revenues:					
Taxes					
Property Taxes - general purposes / tax increments			-	-	-
Intergovernmental - grants		3,617	-	-	-
Unrestricted investment earnings (loss)		537	(961)	2	-
Other			-	=	659
Special Items - Loss on sale of assets		101		· 	
Total general revenues, special items, and transfers		4,255	(961)	2	659
Change in net assets		1,787	(509)	1	2,483
Net Assets (deficit) beginning		22,895	19,293	37	4,977
New Component Unit & Restatement	Ф.	24.692	6 10.704	¢ 20	ê 7.460
Net Assets (deficit) ending	3	24,682	\$ 18,784	\$ 38	\$ 7,460

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Assets

Auth	lopment hority	Memorial City Redevelopment Authority	Heights Redevelopment Authority	Midtown Redevelopment Authority	Miller Theatre Advisory Board, Inc.	Old Sixth Ward Redevelopment Authority	OST/Almeda Corridors Redevelopment Authority	Saint George Place Redevelopment Authority	Sharpstown Economic Development Authority
¢.		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$	-	• - -	• - -	• -	• -		• -	• -	- -
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	=	=	=	=	=	=	=
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	=	=	=	=	=	=
	-	-	-	=	=	=	=	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	=	=	=	=	=	=
	(5,245)	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	(10,576)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	(291)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	(8,488)	-	=	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	257	(88)	_	-	-
	-	-	-	=	=	(00)	(2,837)	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(917)	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(228)
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
									<u> </u>
	(5,245)	(10,576)	(291)	(8,488)	257	(88)	(2,837)	(917)	(228)
	7,019	3,075	1,788	11,276	-	448	4,501	1,584	21
	176	62	21	1,003	-	15	434	38	-
	1/0	62	21	1,003	108	-	434 855	38 10	-
	=	-					-	-	
	7,195	3,137	1,809	12,455	108	463	5,790		21
	1,950	(7,439)	1,518	3,967	365	375	2,953	715	(207)
	(4,074)	1,784	1,024	1,594	1,913	40	7,851	(6,806)	391
\$	(2,124)	\$ (5,655)	\$ 2,542	\$ 5,561	\$ 2,278	\$ 415	\$ 10,804	\$ (6,091)	\$ 184

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - GOVERNMENTAL Combining Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 amounts expressed in thousands

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Assets

Functions/Programs	South Post Oak Redevelopment Authority	Southwest Houston Redevelopment Authority	Upper Kirby Redevelopment Authority	Uptown Development Authority	Total	
Component Units						
City Park Redevelopment Authority	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (371)	
East Downtown Redevelopment Authority	-	-	-	-	(1,283)	
Fifth Ward Redevelopment Authority	-	-	-	-	(1)	
Fourth Ward Redevelopment Authority	-	-	-	-	(689)	
Greater Greenspoint Redevelopment Authority	-	-	-	-	(8,321)	
Greater Houston Convention and Visitors Bureau	=	=	=	=	1,304	
Gulfgate Redevelopment Authority	-	-	-	-	(552)	
HALAN	-	-	-	-	(109)	
Houston Arts Alliance	-	-	-	-	(999)	
Houston Business Development Corporation	-	-	-	-	(498)	
Houston Downtown Park Corporation	=	=	=	=	(4,061)	
Houston Parks Board	-	-	-	-	(2,468)	
Houston Public Library Foundation	-	-	-	-	452	
Lamar Terrace Public Improvement District	-	-	-	-	(1)	
Land Assemblage Redevelopment Authority	-	-	-	-	1,824	
Main Street Market Square Redevelopment Authority	-	-	-	-	(5,245)	
Memorial City Redevelopment Authority	-	-	-	-	(10,576)	
Memorial-Heights Redevelopment Authority	-	-	-	-	(291)	
Midtown Redevelopment Authority	-	-	-	-	(8,488)	
Miller Theatre Advisory Board, Inc.	-	-	-	=	257	
Old Sixth Ward Redevelopment Authority	-	-	-	-	(88)	
OST/Almeda Corridors Redevelopment Authority	-	-	-	=	(2,837)	
Saint George Place Redevelopment Authority	-	-	-	-	(917)	
Sharpstown Economic Development Authority	-	-	-	-	(228)	
South Post Oak Redevelopment Authority	(494)	-	-	-	(494)	
Southwest Houston Redevelopment Authority	-	(1,895)	-	-	(1,895)	
Upper Kirby Redevelopment Authority	-	-	(1,211)	-	(1,211)	
Uptown Development Authority	-	-	-	(16,407)	(16,407)	
Total component units	(494)	(1,895)	(1,211)	(16,407)	(64,193)	
General Revenues:						
Taxes						
Property Taxes - general purposes / tax increments	866	4,103	4,044	14,604	66,477	
Intergovernmental - grants	-	-	-	-	3,739	
Unrestricted investment earnings	1	234	497	398	4,254	
Other	-	-	-	-	3,261	
Special Items - Loss on sale of assets			-		101	
Total general revenues, special items, and transfers	867	4,337	4,541	15,002	77,832	
Change in net assets	373	2,442	3,330	(1,405)	13,639	
Net Assets (deficit) beginning	(5,821)	(7,875)	12,644	(29,927)	104,403	
New Component Unit & Restatement				814	2,454	
Net Assets ending	\$ (5,448)	\$ (5,433)	\$ 15,974	\$ (30,518)	\$ 120,496	

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - BUSINESS TYPE Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008 amounts expressed in thousands

Carron autors		Houston Convention Center Hotel Corp.	Houston Downtown Park Corporation	Houston Housing Finance Corp	Houston Zoo Inc.	Total	
Cash S 4,307 S 8, 646 S 9,305 5,10,908 1,00,003	Assets						
Investments 4,215 5,332 5,332 5,332 5,332 5,333 5,332 5,333							
Recursive circipable 3.658 2.572 3.553 19.783 Account introval and other	Cash	\$ 4,307	\$ -	\$ 646	\$ 9,035	\$ 13,988	
Account receivable 3.688 - 2.772 13.553 12.782 12.552	Investments	42,213	-	21,119	· <u>-</u>	63,332	
According trees and other 1.06	Receivables, net of allowances						
Due from other governments	Accounts receivable	3,658	-	2,572	13,553	19,783	
Propention	Accrued interest and other	· -	-	232	· <u>-</u>	232	
Investmenty 312		1,669	-	-	-	1,669	
Recircide assets	Inventory	312	-	-	-	312	
Restricted assets	Prepaid items	1,053	-	-	142	1,195	
Other receivables 1 1,289 1,289 Total current assets 5,3212 25,888 15,234 11,300 Restricted assets 8 8 3,56 3,56 Cash and cash equivalents - 1,509 - 3,56 Investments - - 1,509 - 5,50 Receivable and deposits - 5,916 - 5,916 Other dates 2,473 - 5,281 - 2,473 Other long-term receivables 2,473 - 5,281 - 2,281 Other long-term receivables 2,473 - 5,281 - 2,281 Other long-term receivables 2,473 - 5,281 - 2,281 Other long-term receivables 2,473 - 5,281 - 1,1458 Buildings, improvements and equipment 281,992 23,241 6,037 3,345 3,154 Cupital assets 233,613 23,241 6,037 3,542 357,33 <	Restricted assets						
Noncurrent Assets	Investments	-	-	-	12,504	12,504	
Noncurrent Assets	Other receivables			1,289		1,289	
Restricted assets	Total current assets	53,212		25,858	35,234	114,304	
Restricted assets	**						
Cash and cash equivalents							
New comments 1, 1,303 1,303 1,303 1,305 1,505 1,						2.5	
Receivable		-	-		-		
Receivable and deposits Content of the process		-	-		-		
Deferred charges for issuance cost 2,473		-	-		-		
Deferred charges for issuance cost		-	-	5,916	-	5,916	
Obber long-term receivables - - 6,281 - 6,281 Total noncurrent assets 2,473 - 14,001 - 16,474 Capital assets 1 1,1488 - - - 11,488 Buildings, improvements and equipment 28,4992 23,244 6,037 34,542 357,433 Construction in progress 133 - - 14,258 14,391 Total capital assets 238,613 23,241 6,037 34,542 357,433 Less accumulated depreciation 54,7389 (300) 2,2727 (5,334) (63,099) Accumulated depreciation (54,738) 29,00 2,2721 3,310 29,208 331,089 Total assets		2 452				2 450	
Capital assets		2,473	-		-		
Capital assets							
Land	Total noncurrent assets	2,473		14,001		16,474	
Land	Comital access						
Buildings, improvements and equipment 281,992 23,241 6,037 20,284 31,554 Construction in progress 133 3 -		11 400				11 400	
Construction in progress 133			22.241	- 025	20.204		
Total capital assets 293,613 23,241 6,037 34,542 357,433 Less accumulated depreciation Buildings, improvements and equipment (54,738) (300) (2,727) (5,334) (63,099) Accumulated depreciation (54,738) (300) (2,727) (5,334) (63,099) Net capital assets 238,875 22,941 3,310 29,208 294,334 Total noncurrent assets 241,348 22,941 17,311 29,208 310,808 Total assets 294,560 22,941 43,169 64,442 425,112 Liabilities			25,241	0,037			
Less accumulated depreciation Suildings, improvements and equipment C\$4,738\$ C\$300 C\$2,727 C\$334 C\$3099 C\$2,727 C\$334 C\$3099 C\$2,727 C\$334 C\$3,0999 C\$3,0099 C\$2,0099 C\$3,0099 C\$3,0099							
Buildings, improvements and equipment	Total capital assets	293,613	25,241	6,037	34,542	357,433	
Buildings, improvements and equipment	I are a commulated dama sistion						
Net capital assets 238,875 22,941 3,310 29,208 294,344		(54.720)	(200)	(2.727)	(5.224)	(62,000)	
Net capital assets 238,875 22,941 3,310 29,208 294,348 Total noncurrent assets 241,348 22,941 17,311 29,208 310,808 Total assets 294,560 22,941 43,169 64,442 425,112 Liabilities Current Liabilities 8 8 10,27 707							
Total noncurrent assets 241,348 22,941 17,311 29,208 310,808 Total assets 294,560 22,941 43,169 64,442 425,112 Liabilities Unrent Liabilities Current Liabilities Value of the colspan="6">Value of the colspan="6">	Accumulated depreciation	(54,738)	(300)	(2,727)	(5,334)	(63,099)	
Total noncurrent assets 241,348 22,941 17,311 29,208 310,808 Total assets 294,560 22,941 43,169 64,442 425,112 Liabilities Unrent Liabilities Current Liabilities Value of the colspan="6">Value of the colspan="6">	AT	220.075	22.041	2.210	20.200	201 221	
Total assets 294,560 22,941 43,169 64,442 425,112	Net capital assets	238,875	22,941	3,310	29,208	294,334	
Total assets 294,560 22,941 43,169 64,442 425,112	Total	241 240	22.041	17 211	20.200	210.000	
Current Liabilities	Total noncurrent assets	241,348	22,941	17,311	29,208	310,808	
Current Liabilities	Total assets	294.560	22.941	43,169	64.442	425.112	
Current Liabilities				,			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses 9,001 - 142 1,084 10,227 Accrued payroll liabilities - - - - 707 707 Due to City of Houston 3,254 578 - 1,333 1,669 Notes payable - 336 - 1,333 1,669 Notes payable - 948 390 - 1,338 Other liabilities - current - - - 355 - 355 Deferred revenue 737 206 - 392 1,335 Current liabilities payable from restricted assets 2 - - - 9,275 Total current liabilities 22,267 2,068 887 3,516 28,738 Noncurrent liabilities 22,267 2,088 887 3,516 28,738 Noncurrent liabilities 2,282 - 78 - 2,360 Other long-term liabilities 29,461 20,674 1,603 - 318,73	Liabilities						
Accrued payroll liabilities	Current Liabilities						
Due to City of Houston 3,254 578 - - 3,832 Contracts and retainages payable - 336 - 1,333 1,669 Notes payable - 948 390 - 1,338 Other liabilities - current - - 355 - 355 Deferred revenue 737 206 - 392 1,335 Current liabilities payable from restricted assets - - - 392 1,335 Due to City of Houston 9,275 - - - 9,275 Total current liabilities 22,267 2,068 887 3,516 28,738 Noncurrent liabilities 278,781 20,384 1,525 - 300,690 Other long-term liabilities 2,282 78 - 2,360 Other restricted revenue 15,598 290 - - 15,688 Total liabilities 318,738 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 Net as	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	9,001	-	142	1,084	10,227	
Contracts and retainages payable - 336 - 1,333 1,669 Notes payable - 948 390 - 1,338 Other liabilities - current - - 355 - 355 Deferred revenue 737 206 - 392 1,335 Current liabilities payable from restricted assets Due to City of Houston 9,275 - - - 9,275 Total current liabilities 22,267 2,068 887 3,516 28,738 Noncurrent liabilities 2,282 - 78 - 2,360 Other long-term liabilities 2,282 - 78 - 2,360 Deferred revenue 15,398 290 - - 15,688 Total noncurrent liabilities 318,728 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 Net assets 1 31,318 20,674 1,603 - - 318,738 Restricted net assets 2 2,2742 2,490	Accrued payroll liabilities	-	-	-	707	707	
Notes payable - 948 390 - 1,338 Other liabilities - current - - 355 - 355 Deferred revenue 737 206 - 392 1,335 Current liabilities payable from restricted assets - - - - 9,275 Due to City of Houston 22,267 2,068 887 3,516 28,738 Noncurrent liabilities 22,267 2,068 887 3,516 28,738 Noncurrent liabilities 2,282 - 78 - 2,360 Other long-term liabilities 2,282 - 78 - 2,360 Deferred revenue 15,398 290 - - 15,688 Total noncurrent liabilities 318,728 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 Net assets - - - - - 318,738 Total liabilities 318,728 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 <tr< td=""><td>Due to City of Houston</td><td>3,254</td><td>578</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>3,832</td></tr<>	Due to City of Houston	3,254	578	-	-	3,832	
Other liabilities - current - - 355 - 355 Deferred revenue 737 206 - 392 1,335 Current liabilities payable from restricted assets 9,275 - - - 9,275 Total current liabilities 22,267 2,068 887 3,516 28,738 Noncurrent liabilities 22,287 2,034 1,525 - 300,690 Other long-term liabilities 2,282 - 78 - 2,360 Deferred revenue 15,398 290 - - 15,688 Total noncurrent liabilities 296,461 20,674 1,603 - 318,738 Total liabilities 318,728 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 Net assets Investment in capital assets, net of related debt (35,773) 695 - - - (35,078) Restricted for debt service 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted - -	Contracts and retainages payable	-	336	-	1,333	1,669	
Deferred revenue	Notes payable	-	948	390	-	1,338	
Deferred revenue							
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets 9,275 - - - 9,275 Total current liabilities 22,267 2,068 887 3,516 28,738 Noncurrent liabilities 2 2,282 - 78 - 2,360 Other long-term liabilities 2,282 - 78 - 2,360 Deferred revenue 15,398 290 - - 15,688 Total noncurrent liabilities 296,461 20,674 1,603 - 318,738 Total liabilities 318,728 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 Net assets Investment in capital assets, net of related debt (35,773) 695 - - (35,078) Restricted for debt service 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted - - 32 38,917 38,949 Urnestricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447	Other liabilities - current	-	-	355	-	355	
Due to City of Houston 9,275 - - 9,275 Total current liabilities 22,267 2,068 887 3,516 28,738 Noncurrent liabilities - - 300,699 Other long-term liabilities 278,781 20,384 1,525 - 300,699 Other long-term liabilities 2,282 - 78 - 2,360 Deferred revenue 15,398 290 - - 15,688 Total noncurrent liabilities 296,461 20,674 1,603 - 318,738 Total liabilities 318,728 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 Net assets - - - - - - 35,078 Restricted net assets - - - - - 35,078 Restricted for debt service 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted - - 32 38,917 38,949 Unrestricted	Deferred revenue	737	206	-	392	1,335	
Noncurrent liabilities 22,267 2,068 887 3,516 28,738	Current liabilities payable from restricted assets						
Noncurrent liabilities Due to City of Houston 278,781 20,384 1,525 - 300,690 Other long-term liabilities 2,282 - 78 - 2,360 Deferred revenue 15,398 290 - - 15,688 Total noncurrent liabilities 296,461 20,674 1,603 - 318,738 Total liabilities 318,728 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 Net assets		9,275	-	-	-	9,275	
Due to City of Houston 278,781 20,384 1,525 - 300,690 Other long-term liabilities 2,282 - 78 - 2,360 Deferred revenue 15,398 290 - - 15,688 Total noncurrent liabilities 296,461 20,674 1,603 - 318,738 Total liabilities 318,728 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 Net assets Investment in capital assets, net of related debt (35,773) 695 - - (35,078) Restricted net assets - - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted for debt service 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447	Total current liabilities	22,267	2,068	887	3,516	28,738	
Due to City of Houston 278,781 20,384 1,525 - 300,690 Other long-term liabilities 2,282 - 78 - 2,360 Deferred revenue 15,398 290 - - 15,688 Total noncurrent liabilities 296,461 20,674 1,603 - 318,738 Total liabilities 318,728 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 Net assets Investment in capital assets, net of related debt (35,773) 695 - - (35,078) Restricted net assets - - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted for debt service 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447							
Other long-term liabilities 2,282 - 78 - 2,360 Deferred revenue 15,398 290 - - 15,688 Total noncurrent liabilities 296,461 20,674 1,603 - 318,738 Total liabilities 318,728 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 Net assets Investment in capital assets, net of related debt (35,773) 695 - - - (35,078) Restricted net assets 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted - - 32 38,917 38,949 Unrestricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447							
Deferred revenue 15,398 290 - - 15,688 Total noncurrent liabilities 296,461 20,674 1,603 - 318,738 Net assets 318,728 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 Net assets Investment in capital assets, net of related debt (35,773) 695 - - (35,078) Restricted net assets Restricted for debt service 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted 2- - 32 38,917 38,949 Unrestricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447	Due to City of Houston	278,781	20,384		-	300,690	
Total noncurrent liabilities 296,461 20,674 1,603 - 318,738 Total liabilities 318,728 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 Net assets Investment in capital assets, net of related debt (35,773) 695 - - - (35,078) Restricted net assets Restricted for debt service 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted - - 32 38,917 38,949 Unrestricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447			-	78	-		
Total liabilities 318,728 22,742 2,490 3,516 347,476 Net assets Investment in capital assets, net of related debt (35,773) 695 - - - (35,078) Restricted net assets Restricted for debt service 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted - - 32 38,917 38,949 Unrestricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447							
Net assets Investment in capital assets, net of related debt (35,773) 695 - - (35,078) Restricted net assets 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted - - 32 38,917 38,949 Unrestricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447	Total noncurrent liabilities	296,461	20,674	1,603		318,738	
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt (35,773) 695 - - (35,078) Restricted net assets Restricted for debt service 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted - - 32 38,917 38,949 Unrestricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447	Total liabilities	318,728	22,742	2,490	3,516	347,476	
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt (35,773) 695 - - (35,078) Restricted net assets Restricted for debt service 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted - - 32 38,917 38,949 Unrestricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447	Not assets						
Restricted net assets 29,770 1,548 31,318 Restricted for debt service 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted - - 32 38,917 38,949 Unrestricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447		(25 772)	co=			(25.070)	
Restricted for debt service 29,770 - 1,548 - 31,318 Other restricted - - - 32 38,917 38,949 Unrestricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447		(35,773)	695	-	-	(35,078)	
Other restricted 32 38,917 38,949 Unrestricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447		** ==-				21.215	
Unrestricted (deficit) (18,165) (496) 39,099 22,009 42,447		29,770	-		- 20.01=		
		(10.155)	- (400)				
1 Ottal lict assets (uclicit) 3 (24,106) 3 199 3 40,079 5 60,926 \$ 77,656							
	Total net assets (deficit)	φ (24,108)	φ 199	φ 40,679	ø 00,926	\$ //,030	

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS - BUSINESS-TYPE

Combining Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 amounts expressed in thousands

Functions/Programs		Expenses		arges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		
Component Units							
Houston Convention Center Hotel Corp.	\$	82,673	\$	74,304	\$	-	
Houston Downtown Park Corporation		516		365		-	
Houston Housing Finance Corp.		1,942		570		-	
Houston Zoo Inc.		22,307		21,810		5,678	
Totals	\$	107,438	\$	97,049	\$	5,678	

General Revenues:

Taxes

Property Taxes levied for general purposes/tax increments

Unrestricted investment earnings

Other

Total general revenues, special items, and transfers

Change in net assets

Net Assets (deficit) beginning

Net Assets (deficit) ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Assets

Co	Houston onvention oter Hotel	Dov	ouston wntown ck Corp	H	Iouston Iousing Ince Corp.	H	Iouston Zoo Inc.		Total
\$	(8,369)	\$	- (151)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(8,369)
	-		(151)		(1,372)		-		(151) (1,372)
	-		-		-		5,181		5,181
	(8,369)		(151)		(1,372)		5,181		(4,711)
	_		_		750		_		750
	2,157		_		2,207		506		4,870
	10,597		-		201		154		10,952
	12,754		-		3,158		660		16,572
	4,385		(151)		1,786		5,841	-	11,861
	(28,553)		350		38,893		55,085		65,775
\$	(24,168)	\$	199	\$	40,679	\$	60,926	\$	77,636

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS Discretely Presented Component Units - Business-Type Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2008 amounts expressed in thousands

	Co Cen	louston nvention ter Hotel poration	Dow P	uston vntown ark oration	H	ouston ousing nce Corp.		louston oo Inc.		Total mponent Units
Cash flows from operating activities										
Receipts from customers	\$	78,683	\$	336	\$	3,805	\$	3,444	\$	86,268
Payments to employees		(17,011)		-		-		(15)		(17,026)
Payments to suppliers		(37,416)		(216)		-		(462)		(38,094)
Other revenues (expenses)				-		(1,331)		863		(468)
Net cash provided by operating activates		24,256		120		2,474		3,830		30,680
C-1 6 6 i i										
Cash flows from investing activities		2,176				(471)		(506)		1,199
Interest income on investments				-						,
Purchase of investments		(47,683)		-		(1,314)		(9,522)		(58,519)
Proceeds from sale of investments		37,347				1,231		(10.020)		38,578
Net cash provided by investing activities		(8,160)				(554)		(10,028)		(18,742)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities										
Contributed capital		-		303		-		5,678		5,981
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(919)		(9,121)		9,698		-		(342)
Interest expense		(14,602)		(120)		_				(14,722)
Receipt of tax rebates		8,487		(120)		_		_		8,487
Payments to the City of Houston		(10,571)				_		_		(10,571)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		24								24
Proceeds from note payable		2-7		8,818		_		_		8,818
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(17,581)		(120)		9,698		5,678		(2,325)
iver cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(17,361)		(120)	-	9,096		3,076		(2,323)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities										
Other revenues		-		-		57		153		210
Excess funds from Bond Series		-		-		1,980		-		1,980
Payments on notes payable		-		-		(365)		-		(365)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		-		-		1,672		153		1,825
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,485)		-		13,290		785		11,438
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		5,792		-		592		8,251		14,635
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	4,307	\$	0	\$	13,882	\$	9,036	\$	26,073
Non cash transactions										
Transfer of property - Urban Homesteading Program		-		-		(94)		-		(94)
Total non cash transactions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(94)	\$	-	\$	(94)
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities							-			
Operating income (Loss)	\$	9,416	\$	(151)	\$	1,960	\$	5,840		17,065
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash										
provided by operating activities										
Depreciation and amortization		13,272		300		(335)		1,305		14,542
Other revenues		1,116		-		-		388		1,504
Other expenses		-		-		-		(3,010)		(3,010)
Changes in assets and liabilities:										
Accounts receivable		1,159		-		246		(241)		1,164
Inventory		56		-		-				56
Other assets		123		(29)		135		_		229
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(549)				468		(436)		(517)
Accrued payroll liabilities		(5.7)		_				(16)		(16)
Other revenues								(10)		(10)
Other long-term liabilities		(337)		_		_		_		(337)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	•	24,256	\$	120	\$	2,474	\$	3,830	\$	30,680
1.00 can provided by (ased for) operating activities	Ψ	27,230	Ψ	120	Ψ	2,77	Ψ	3,030	Ψ	50,000

Statistical Section

(Unaudited)

This part of the City's Statistical comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Content</u>	Page
Financial Trends	196
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	208
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	214
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	223
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	230

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

Last Seven Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Community Assisting							
Governmental Activities							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 3,327,146	\$ 3,354,457	\$ 3,388,360	\$ 3,531,764	\$ 3,340,355	\$ 3,480,924	\$ 3,515,596
Restricted	210,954	197,977	205,999	168,803	159,092	170,297	213,567
Unrestricted	(192,498)	(185,622)	(386,480)	(861,603)	(727,282)	(969,830)	(1,310,289)
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 3,345,602	\$ 3,366,812	\$ 3,207,879	\$ 2,838,964	\$ 2,772,165	\$ 2,681,391	\$ 2,418,874
Business-type activities							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 1,129,433	\$ 1,068,562	\$ 1,361,202	\$ 1,138,154	\$ 976,834	\$ 745,459	\$ 551,820
Restricted	1,206,782	1,006,121	501,271	461,738	545,792	641,613	784,895
Unrestricted	(248,143)	(70,890)	(12,537)	87,494	99,666	104,542	135,860
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 2,088,072	\$ 2,003,793	\$ 1,849,936	\$ 1,687,386	\$ 1,622,292	\$ 1,491,614	\$ 1,472,575
Primary government							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 4,456,579	\$ 4,423,019	\$ 4,749,562	\$ 4,669,918	\$ 4,317,189	\$ 4,226,383	\$ 4,067,416
Restricted	1,417,736	1,204,098	707,270	630,541	704,884	811,910	998,462
Unrestricted	(440,641)	(256,512)	(399,017)	(774,109)	(627,616)	(865,288)	(1,174,429)
Total primary government net assets	\$ 5,433,674	\$ 5,370,605	\$ 5,057,815	\$ 4,526,350	\$ 4,394,457	\$ 4,173,005	\$ 3,891,449

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

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CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Last Seven Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 225,950	\$ 150,374	\$ 234,176	\$ 143,477	\$ 130,807	\$ 130,026	\$ 193,928	
Public safety	616,324	818,129	902,527	1,127,663	1,102,253	1,230,266	1,400,837	
Public works	293,757	238,323	251,423	282,767	266,723	275,165	317,749	
Health	107,783	99,617	105,247	124,267	102,716	101,865	129,197	
Housing and community development	57,482	48,393	62,956	78,867	318,450	80,171	59,182	
Parks and recreation	91,034	84,446	63,156	83,945	72,309	85,274	102,758	
Library	40,723	38,282	38,481	49,084	37,242	39,180	49,687	
Retiree benefits	17,787	21,440	26,581	28,997	-	-	.,,,,,,,,	
Interest in long-term debt	94,511	98,042	95,779	116,180	136,563	135,134	126,349	
Depreciation and amortization	108,998	119,475	85,711	96,355	125,517	111,918	110,174	
Total governmental activities expenses	1,654,349	1,716,521	1,866,037	2,131,602	2,292,580	2,188,999	2,489,861	
Business-type activities:	1,001,019	1,710,021	1,000,007	2,131,002	2,2,2,000	2,100,777	2,.05,001	
Airport System	227,248	265,987	315,929	406,908	431,392	442,757	459,521	
Convention & Entertainment Facilities	83,141	76,760	91,588	133,622	99,271	105,846	110,576	
Combined Utility System	636,824	649,247	681,201	762,209	752,122	818,831	846,368	
Houston Area Water Corporation	17	153	160	169	17,428	20,568	17,485	
Parking Management	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Total business-type activities expenses	947,230	992.147	1,088,878	1,302,908	1,300,213	1,388,002	1,433,950	
Total primary government expenses	\$ 2.601.579	\$ 2.708.668	\$ 2.954.915	\$ 3,434,510	\$ 3,592,793	\$ 3,577,001	\$ 3,923,811	
Program Revenues	\$ 2,001,377	\$ 2,700,000	Ψ 2,754,715	ψ 3,434,310	\$ 3,372,173	ψ 3,377,001	ψ 3,723,011	
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	31,931	14,957	18,047	25,074	52,083	34,839	11,104	
Public safety	117,234	122.864	137.886	139.814	103.719	110,222	131,221	
Public works	19,282	40,413	42,695	43,652	49,797	53,856	53,375	
Health	11,625	13,263	13,026	13,624	12,574	13,563	17,093	
Parks and recreation	7,174	5,176	6,122	6,009	6,687	6,930	4,683	
Library	1,416	1,211	1,329	1,187	1,010	675	1,035	
Operating grants and contributions	148,432	137,590	143,864	162,310	467,956	246,737	232,203	
Capital grants and contributions	27,051	6,123	46,337	37,591	69,438	101,099	76,497	
Total governmental activities program revenues	364,145	341,597	409,306	429,261	763,264	567,921	527,211	
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Airport System	227,455	240,767	270,413	353,641	393,861	416,138	447,176	
Convention & Entertainment Facilities	15,521	17,010	17,145	19,175	19,599	20,554	22,306	
Combined Utility System	543,396	539,317	531,208	598,874	642,662	615,465	648,269	
Houston Area Water Corporation	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,045	
Parking Management	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	
Operating grants and contributions	_	_	22,516	4,297	4,020	2,740	4,749	
Capital grants and contributions	65,579	48,339	42,000	106,484	109,728	61,717	132,728	
Total business-type activities program revenues	851,951	845,433	883,282	1,082,471	1,169,870	1,116,614	1,268,273	
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 1,216,096	\$ 1,187,030	\$ 1,292,588	\$ 1,511,732	\$ 1,933,134	\$ 1,684,535	\$ 1,795,484	
Net (expense)/revenue	+ 1,210,070	+ 1,107,000	± 1,2/2,000	- 1,011,702	+ 1,755,151	- 1,00 i,000	+ 1,775,151	
Governmental activities	\$ (1,290,204)	\$ (1,374,924)	\$ (1,456,731)	\$ (1,702,341)	\$ (1,529,316)	\$ (1,621,078)	\$ (1,962,650)	
Business-type activities	(95,279)	(146,714)	(205,596)	(220,437)	(130,343)	(271,388)	(165,677)	
Total primary government net expense	\$(1,385,483)	\$ (1,521,638)	\$(1,662,327)	\$ (1,922,778)	\$ (1,659,659)	\$ (1,892,466)	\$ (2,128,327)	
Filmar J 80 - erimient not expense	÷ (1,000,100)	÷ (1,021,030)	Ψ (1,002,021)	+ (1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ (1,007,007)	7 (1,072,100)	+ (-,120,527)	

(Continued)

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Last Seven Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets							
Governmental Activities:							
Taxes							
Property taxes	\$ 626,850	\$ 639,888	\$ 645,536	\$ 664,831	\$ 700,788	\$ 738,578	\$ 829,837
Industrial assessments tax	15,642	15,014	15,167	14,635	14,314	15,823	17,787
Sales taxes	341,952	322,538	347,982	370,583	422,598	461,417	495,173
Franchise taxes	175,360	160,673	161,378	162,263	186,508	189,551	190,518
Mixed beverage taxes	7,514	7,572	8,095	8,343	9,000	9,713	10,479
Bingo taxes	251	246	253	270	279	279	256
Investment earnings	23,918	16,550	5,139	13,179	19,889	32,017	36,516
Other	24,822	42,074	31,894	27,652	33,674	23,261	58,743
Contributions	1,483	101,750	40,192	11,216	-	-	-
Special Items - gain (loss) on sale of assets	3,546	3,346	3,095	2,071	4,816	2,071	0
Transfers	99,817	86,583	39,067	58,383	70,651	57,594	60,824
Total governmental activities	1,321,155	1,396,234	1,297,798	1,333,426	1,462,517	1,530,304	1,700,133
Business-type activities:					_		
Hotel occupancy taxes	43,452	43,169	47,223	42,266	54,765	58,709	66,232
Investment earnings	103,072	68,632	25,965	43,866	54,212	88,658	96,492
Other	35,789	33,776	30,561	30,138	26,923	45,552	44,738
Contributions	-	4,979	-	-	-	-	-
Special Items - gain (loss) on sale of assets	(9,975)	(1,338)	(12,943)	-	-	5,385	-
Transfers	(99,817)	(86,583)	(39,067)	(58,383)	(70,651)	(57,594)	(60,824)
Total business-type activities	72,521	62,635	51,739	57,887	65,249	140,710	146,638
Total primary government	\$ 1,393,676	\$ 1,458,869	\$ 1,349,537	\$ 1,391,313	\$ 1,527,766	\$ 1,671,014	\$ 1,846,771
Change in Net Assets							
Governmental activities	\$ 30,951	\$ 21,310	\$ (158,933)	\$ (368,915)	\$ (66,799)	\$ (90,774)	\$ (262,517)
Business-type activities	(22,758)	(84,079)	(153,857)	(162,550)	(65,094)	(130,678)	(19,039)
Total primary government	\$ 8,193	\$ (62,769)	\$ (312,790)	\$ (531,465)	\$ (131,893)	\$ (221,452)	\$ (281,556)

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

1999	2000	2001	2002
\$ 17,769	\$ 12,956	\$ 9,518	\$ 30,756
89,487	70,668	81,482	85,282
\$ 107,256	\$ 83,624	\$ 91,000	\$ 116,038
\$ 99,746	\$ 92,177	\$ 93,246	\$ 122,480
31,167	33,519	28,981	48,428
59,550	57,369	56,417	62,864
-	-	-	-
\$ 190,463	\$ 183,065	\$ 178,644	\$ 233,772
	\$ 17,769 89,487 \$ 107,256 \$ 99,746 31,167 59,550	\$ 17,769 \$ 12,956 89,487	\$ 17,769 \$ 12,956 \$ 9,518 89,487 70,668 81,482 \$ 107,256 \$ 83,624 \$ 91,000 \$ 99,746 \$ 92,177 \$ 93,246 31,167 33,519 28,981 59,550 57,369 56,417

2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
\$ 30,935	\$ 24,947	\$ 27,449	\$ 51,671	\$ 21,489	\$ 22,040
105,101	110,778	142,695	198,759	256,610	309,466
\$ 136,036	\$ 135,725	\$ 170,144	\$ 250,430	\$ 278,099	\$ 331,506
\$ 169,660	\$ 171,252	\$ 200,374	\$ 179,267	\$ 193,924	\$ 235,074
63,997	55,760	67,691	66,407	94,056	119,482
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	9,963	8,258	7,553
\$ 233,657	\$ 227,012	\$ 268,065	\$ 255,637	\$ 296,238	\$ 362,109

CITY OF HOUSTON

GENERAL FUND BUDGET FOR FISCAL YEAR 2009

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Budgeted Resources	Amount (in thousands)			
Revenues:				
Ad Valorem Taxes (current and delinquent)	\$	878,486		
Sales and Use Tax		526,723		
Franchise Fees		189,299		
Municipal Courts Fines and Forfeits		38,519		
Miscellaneous		217,587		
Total Current Revenues		1,850,614		
Beginning Fund Balance as of July 1, 2008 (a)		274,980		
Pension Bond Proceeds		20,000		
Transfers from Other Funds		7,595		
Total Budgeted Resources	\$	2,153,189		
Budgeted Expenditures	\$	90.160		
Administrative Services and Public Finance	\$	89,160		
Public Safety Development and Maintenance Seminar		1,123,923		
Development and Maintenance Services Human and Cultural Services		232,673		
		167,666		
General Government		82,814		
Transfers to Debt Service Fund		233,450		
Total Budgeted Expenditures	-	1,929,686		
Designated "Sign Abatement" Amount		2,070		
Designated "Rainy Day" Amount		20,000		
Budgeted Ending Fund Balance as of June 30, 2009	•	201,433		
Total Budgeted Expenditures and Reserves	\$	2,153,189		

⁽a) This amount represents an estimate of the beginning fund balance which was used in preparing the Fiscal Year 2009 Budget.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

June 30, 2008

CONTINUING DEBT DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Capital Improvement Plan

The 2009-2013 CIP consists of the projects and facilities described in the following chart. (The 2009-2013 CIP also includes proposed improvements for the Combined Utility System, Airport System and Convention and Entertainment Facilities, which are financed primarily with revenues of those enterprise systems and, therefore, are not included in the table below).

	Amount
	(in thousands)
Streets, Bridges and Traffic Control	\$ 1,070,693
Storm Sewers and Drainage	281,340
Parks and Recreation	108,889
Police Department	100,220
Fire Department	40,422
General Government	36,400
Public Library	60,569
Public Health	18,100
Solid Waste Management	11,984
Low Income Housing	52,700
Total	\$ 1,781,317 (*)

(*) The tax-supported component of the 2009-2013 CIP addresses a full range of capital facility and infrastructure improvements. The voter authorized improvements are expected to be initially financed with Commercial Paper Notes. The remaining amount is expected to be funded by grants, funds from agencies participating in joint capital improvement projects with the City and various other sources.

General Fund Indirect Charges to Other City Funds

A charge is made by the General Fund to the Water and Sewer System, Airport System, and Convention and Entertainment Facilities Funds, and to certain grant and special revenue funds for indirect charges incurred by the General Fund on behalf of such funds.

	Total Indirect
Fiscal	Charges
Year	(in thousands)
2008	\$ 10,950
2007	12,712
2006	14,895
2005	11,031
2004	14,647
2003	15,859

CITY OF HOUSTON CONTINUING DEBT DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

Long Term Disability and Compensated Absence Liability (unaudited)

Long-Term Disability Fund		al Year 2008 thousands)
Assets Available for Future Long-Term Disability Obligations	\$	11,394
Claims Payable on Long-Term Disability Obligations		(8,283)
Unrestricted Net Assets	\$	3,111
Compensated Absence Liability	(in	d Year 2008 thousands)
General Fund Short-Term Liability	\$	2,978
Other Governmental Short-Term Liability		127,874
Enterprise Funds Liability		31,278
Internal Service Funds Liability		42
Governmental Funds Long-Term Liability		269,419
Total	\$	431,591

General Fund Specific Charges to Other City Funds (unaudited)

An additional charge made by the General Fund to the Combined Utility System, Airport, Convention and Entertainment Facilities Funds, the Capital Projects Fund and certain other funds of the City for specific services provided to such funds by the General Fund.

Fiscal Year		otal Direct narges for cific Services thousands)	
·			
2008		\$	41,395
2007			42,052
2006			39,498
2005			61,234
2004			57,056
2003			62,099

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

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CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	1999	2000	2001	2002	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 973,543	\$ 1,028,344	\$ 1,102,177	\$ 1,163,820	
Licenses and permits	30,588	30,621	31,606	33,102	
Intergovernmental	165,998	153,804	175,769	160,718	
Charges for services	125,740	126,130	128,164	148,520	
Fines	53,320	43,977	43,035	37,587	
Investment earnings	18,613	17,118	29,547	21,450	
Contributions	238	2,484	2,092	3,562	
Other	22,026	22,736	36,872	30,305	
Total revenues	1,390,066	1,425,214	1,549,262	1,599,064	
Expenditures					
General Government	94,109	101,135	98,800	202,202	
Public safety	642,782	672,737	684,644	752,281	
Public Works	206,542	219,300	221,757	328,448	
Health	55,201	56,547	55,857	104,777	
Housing and Community Development	-	-	-	57,521	
Parks and recreation	56,728	61,778	62,742	78,451	
Library	33,823	35,758	36,240	40,036	
Retiree benefits	8,941	9,597	11,675	17,787	
Other Current Expenditures	35,229	35,089	100,772	· -	
Capital Outlay	169,060	188,429	209,068	47,005	
Intergovernmental - grants	115,224	111,158	137,767	-	
Debt Service					
Principal	93,627	104,710	114,425	110,060	
Interest	85,644	91,847	93,928	87,830	
Fiscal agent and fees	1,917	2,099	3,713	5,252	
Advanced refunding escrow	2,985	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	1,601,812	1,690,184	1,831,388	1,831,650	
Excess of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(211,746)	(264,970)	(282,126)	(232,586)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	218,893	230,087	322,008	278,045	
Transfers out	(160,324)	(172,776)	(192,427)	(178,228)	
Proceeds from issuance of debt	488,748	176,012	366,709	173,494	
Proceeds from refunded debt	· -	· -	· -	437,243	
Payment to escrow agent	(327,489)	-	(209,594)	(433,192)	
Sale of land	-	-	-	-	
Bond premium	-	-	-	-	
Other financing sources (uses)	(10,000)	-	-	(119)	
Proceeds from capital lease	-	-	-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	209,828	233,323	286,696	277,243	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,918)	\$ (31,647)	\$ 4,570	\$ 44,657	
Debt service as a percentage of					
noncapital expenditures	12.9%	13.2%	13.1%	13.4%	

20	003		2004		2005	_	2006 2007			2008	
\$ 1,	142,071	\$	1,193,874	\$	1,227,388	\$	1,338,651	\$	1,425,575	\$	1,545,102
,	35,046	-	36,286	-	40,240	-	42,524	-	55,912	-	62,132
	154,598		189,974		187,372		512,279		319,864		300,717
	151,397		164,581		156,290		133,161		119,250		112,554
	44,620		49,227		53,464		51,441		57,305		57,001
	16,550		5,139		13,179		19,889		32,017		36,516
	864		2,433		1,780		-		-		-
	46,030		32,740		30,445		34,971		23,555		55,535
1.:	591,176		1,674,254		1,710,158		2,132,916		2,033,478	-	2,169,557
							, - ,-		, ,		, ,
	182,753		170,392		163,738		241,772		236,638		144,337
	840,490		838,472		907,201		1,012,747		1,088,922		1,107,522
	362,453		326,701		316,428		335,598		330,296		281,433
	96,633		99,377		104,389		97,237		96,063		108,830
	60,400		60,314		57,076		323,199		89,320		77,702
	81,008		62,917		70,720		79,602		82,648		77,354
	42,473		40,746		39,273		39,570		48,842		36,555
	21,440		26,581		28,997		42,203		18,801		18,506
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	24,637		35,213		39,396		61,606		57,337		332,655
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	120,754		115,319		139,607		220,510		172,166		197,790
	87,438		100,006		94,188		113,556		122,680		129,992
	4,098		8,131		3,316		6,302		4,661		3,700
1,9	924,577		1,884,169		1,964,329		2,573,902		2,348,374		2,516,376
(:	333,401)		(209,915)		(254,171)		(440,986)		(314,896)		(346,819)
	306,231		225,522		278,743		337,127		339,549		396,660
	219,648)		(184,004)		(223,863)		(272,726)		(281,936)		(328,873)
:	209,931		150,594		274,721		433,514		313,771		387,051
	285,801		572,020		173,062		169,230		229,168		219,238
(′.	283,410)		(597,410)		(183,566)		(181,652)		(241,612)		(225,740)
	-		-		-		6,439		8,356		8,757
	-		36,237		10,546		16,912		15,870		9,004
	- 54 270		-		-		-		-		-
	54,379				- 220 (12		500.044		- 202.166		466,007
	353,284		202,959		329,643		508,844		383,166		466,097
\$	19,883	\$	(6,956)	\$	75,472	\$	67,858	\$	68,270	\$	119,278
	13.6%		13.4%		13.5%		15.1%		14.9%		15.4%

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS
TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Last Seven Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Property Sales Tax Tax		Franchise Industrial Tax Assessment		Industrial Assessments	Mixed Beverage Tax				Total Tax Collections		
2002	\$ 626,850	\$	341,952	\$	175,360	\$	15,642	\$	7,514	\$	251	\$ 1,167,569
2003	\$ 639,888	\$	322,538	\$	160,673	\$	15,014	\$	7,572	\$	246	\$ 1,145,931
2004	\$ 645,536	\$	347,982	\$	161,378	\$	15,167	\$	8,095	\$	253	\$ 1,178,411
2005	\$ 664,831	\$	370,583	\$	162,263	\$	14,635	\$	8,343	\$	270	\$ 1,220,925
2006	\$ 700,788	\$	422,598	\$	186,508	\$	14,314	\$	9,000	\$	279	\$ 1,333,487
2007	\$ 738,578	\$	461,417	\$	189,551	\$	15,823	\$	9,713	\$	279	\$ 1,415,361
2008	\$ 829,837	\$	495,173	\$	190,518	\$	17,787	\$	10,479	\$	256	\$ 1,544,050

CITY OF HOUSTON ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Seven Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Fiscal Year	<u> </u>	Residential Property	c	Commercial Property	_	Industrial Property	Personal Property	Less: Cax Exempt Property	Т	otal Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2002	\$	53,776,892	\$	43,574,102	\$	7,089,516	\$ 2,816,865	\$ 11,767,963	\$	95,489,412	6.550
2003	\$	58,211,949	\$	43,815,475	\$	7,640,012	\$ 2,886,083	\$ 13,248,143	\$	99,305,376	6.550
2004	\$	63,305,495	\$	43,964,367	\$	7,987,666	\$ 2,527,261	\$ 14,627,189	\$	103,157,600	6.550
2005	\$	67,298,102	\$	44,051,724	\$	7,923,377	\$ 2,532,851	\$ 15,924,828	\$	105,881,226	6.500
2006	\$	71,997,166	\$	60,214,783	\$	8,149,890	\$ 2,023,823	\$ 31,298,860	\$	111,086,802	6.475
2007	\$	76,997,953	\$	65,711,310	\$	9,198,065	\$ 2,568,995	\$ 33,880,872	\$	120,595,451	6.450
2008	\$	84,322,788	\$	75,245,892	\$	11,740,472	\$ 2,515,631	\$ 38,060,662	\$	135,764,121	6.438

The tax rates are based on a 100% assessment ratio. Tax rates are stated per \$1,000 assessed value.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Purpose	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
City City of Houston (A)	6.438	6.45	6.475	6.5	6.55
County					
Fort Bend County	5.1674	5.1674	5.1674	5.2374	5.2374
Harris County (B)	3.9239	4.348	4.3308	7.634	5.506
Montgomery County	4.888	4.913	4.963	4.963	4.71
School District					
Aldine I.S.D.	12.77	16.04	17.09	16.89	16.68
Alief I.S.D.	15.9	15.9	17.2	16.9	16.75
Clear Creek I.S.D.	13.2	16.3	16.3	17.45	17.3
Conroe I.S.D.	12.4	15.9	17.6	17.325	17.325
Crosby I.S.D.	10.4	18.08	18.7	18.8	18.845
Cypress-Fairbanks I.S.D.	13.24	16.54	18	17.9	17.9
Deer Park I.S.D.	13.1765	16.623	18.055	18.055	18.071
Fort Bend I. S. D.	12.5	15.4	17.075	17.075	No data
Galena Park I.S.D.	14.309	14.309	18.15	17.95	17.65
Goose Creek I.S.D.	13.0196	15.9562	17.275	16.8371	1.8371
Houston I.S.D.	15.99	15.99	15.99	15.99	15.8
Huffman I.S.D.	13.80	16.00	17.55	18.5	16.7
Humble I.S.D.	1.31	16.4	17.7	17.4	17.4
Katy I.S.D.	15.27	18.15	20.00	20.00	19.7
Klein I.S.D.	12.60	15.80	17.00	17.00	17.2
New Caney I.S.D.	14.4	14.15	17.9	17.7	17.7
North Forest I.S.D.	12.367	17.125	17.125	17.444	17.444
Pasadena I.S.D.	13.5	16.9	17.75	17.75	17.75
Sheldon I.S.D.	14.3	16.34	17.5	17.46	17.03
Spring I.S.D.	14.4	17.1	17.1	18.7	17.6
Spring Branch I.S.D.	12.85	16.315	18.1	18.1	18.1
Municipal Utility District					
Harris County MUD # 355	3.10	3.70	3.80	4.00	3.4
Harris County MUD # 359	2.70	3.00	3.25	3.70	No data
Harris County MUD # 366	3.20	3.50	4.40	5.00	5.00
Harris County MUD # 390	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	No data
Northwood M.U.D. #1	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5
Other Jurisdictions					
Clear Lake City Water Authority	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9
Fort Bend Parkway Road	0.4153	0.4153	0.4153	1.1448	1.1448
Harris County Dept. of Education	0.05853	0.0629	0.0629	0.0629	No data
Houston Community College System	0.14926	0.81333	0.81333	0.81333	0.81333
Lee College District	2.06770	2.02276	2.06770	2.08130	No data
N. Harris Montgomery Community College	1.144	1.167	1.207	1.145	1.145
Port of Houston	0.1437	0.1302	0.1474	0.1673	0.2
San Jacinto Jr. College District	1.4536	1.4536	1.3913	1.3913	1.3913

⁽A) The tax rates are based on a 100% assessment ratio. Tax rates are stated per \$1000 assessed value.

⁽B) Harris County includes the Harris County Flood Control District and Harris County Toll Road.

2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
6.55	6.55	6.55	6.65	6.65
5.3874	5.641	6.041	6.241	6.241
6.597	6.692	6.4173	6.4173	6.4173
4.71	4.71	4.747	4.747	4.747
16.18	12.5	15.19	15.19	15.15
16.75	16.75	16.4	16.4	16.995
17.4	17.25	17.0084	17.0084	16.4152
17.225	2.025	17.025	17.025	17.505
16.7	16.7	16.8	16.8	16.8
17.9	17.09	17.09	17.09	17.7
18.035	16.898	16.9	16.7	15.8
No data				
17.65	16.8352	16.8352	16.8352	16.768
No data				
15.8	15.8	15.19	14.59	14.59
16.8	16.8	17.4	17.4	18.8
17.4	17.4	16.8	16.8	16.6
19.4	19.2	18.675	16.95	18.3
17.2	17.2	16.7	16.7	17.8
17.1	16.554	17.696	16.9	18.3
17.444	17.444	17.44	16.423	17.923
16.875	16.6	16.1	15.2	15.5
16.33	16.33	14.57	15.38	15.2
17.6	17.0	16.9	17.4	18.6
18.1	18.1	17.9	17.9	18.2
No data				
No data				
No data				
No data				
12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5
3.1	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3
No data				
No data				
0.81333	No data	No data	No data	No data
No data				
1.055	1.1	1.1	1.174	1.198
0.1989	No data	No data	No data	No data
1.3071	1.307	1.26	1.26	1.1

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS June 30, 2008

Current Year and Nine Years Ago (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

		2008			1999	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Centerpoint Energy, Inc.	\$ 1,522,138	1	1.12%			
Crescent Real Estate	1,378,918	2	1.02%	478,706	3	0.64%
Hines Interests Ltd. Partnership	1,248,647	3	0.92%	209,402	10	0.28%
Houston Refining	980,824	4	0.72%			
Cullen Holdings	740,183	5	0.55%			
Teachers Insurance	629,949	6	0.46%			
AT & T Corp	629,090	7	0.46%			
Exxon Mobil Corp.	580,399	8	0.43%	406,943	4	0.55%
TPG BH ICC LP	576,224	9	0.42%			
Anheuser Busch Inc.	447,348	10	0.33%	291,252	5	0.39%
Houston Lighting & Power				1,303,507	1	1.76%
Southwestern Bell				1,046,219	2	1.41%
Allen Center				261,234	6	0.35%
Lyondell -Citgo Refining Co.				253,817	7	0.34%
Weingarten Realty				249,651	8	0.34%
Continental Airlines, Inc.				209,850	9	0.28%
Total	\$ 8,733,720		6.43%	\$ 4,710,581		6.34%

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Tax	xes Levied		Collected v Fiscal Year		Co	llections	Total Collections to Date [a]				
Ended for the June 30, Fiscal Year		Amount		Percentage of Levy		ubsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy			
1999	\$	493,913	\$	479,856	97.15%	\$	10,406	\$	490,262	99.26%		
2000	\$	536,599	\$	522,302	97.34%	\$	10,272	\$	532,574	99.25%		
2001	\$	574,325	\$	558,193	97.19%	\$	11,184	\$	569,377	99.14%		
2002	\$	625,283	\$	608,337	97.29%	\$	10,667	\$	619,004	99.00%		
2003	\$	650,450	\$	632,588	97.25%	\$	10,154	\$	642,742	98.81%		
2004	\$	675,682	\$	657,988	97.38%	\$	8,785	\$	666,773	98.68%		
2005	\$	688,228	\$	669,659	97.30%	\$	5,740	\$	675,399	98.14%		
2006	\$	719,287	\$	688,486	95.72%							
2007	\$	777,841	\$	774,492	99.57%							
2008	\$	871,989	\$	847,104	97.15%							

These figures represent collections as of June 30 of each year. Tax deliquency date ordinarily is February 1 of the year following the Tax Year, but such date will be postponed for taxpayers whose tax bills are mailed by the City after January 10 of the year following the Tax Year.

[a] Subsequent collections are no-longer provided.

CITY OF HOUSTON TAX SUPPORTED DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Tax Bond Debt Service Fund for Fiscal Year 2009 (a)

	A	Amount
Budgeted Resources	(in 1	thousands)
Beginning Fund Balance Estimate as of July 1, 2008	\$	125,896
Interest Earnings on Debt Reserves and Bond Funds		4,088
Transfers in from:		
General Fund		224,450
Combined Utility System Operating Fund		28,603
Other sources		31,352
Third Party Reimbursements		30,000
Total Budgeted Resources	\$	444,389
Budgeted Expenditures		
Debt Service Requirements		
Tax Bonds	\$	257,257
Commercial Paper Paid from Third Party Reimbursements		30,000
Miscellaneous		-
Total Budgeted Expenditures		287,257
Budgeted Ending Fund Balance as of June 30, 2009		157,132
Total Budgeted Expenditures and Reserves	\$	444,389

⁽a) This fund includes the debt service for the City's Tax Bonds, Pension Obligations, and Commercial Paper Notes.

Tax Certificates Debt Service Fund for Fiscal Year 2009

Budgeted Resources		mount nousands)
Beginning Fund Balance Estimate as of July 1, 2008	<u> </u>	1.146
Interest Earnings on Debt Reserves and Bond Funds	Ψ	1,140
Transfers from General Fund		9,000
Other Sources		
Total Budgeted Resources	\$	10,146
Budgeted Expenditures		
Debt Service Requirements	\$	9,091
Total Budgeted Expenditures		9,091
Budgeted Ending Fund Balance as of June 30, 2009		1,055
Total Budgeted Expenditures and Reserves	\$	10,146

CITY OF HOUSTON RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Seven Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Governmental Activities

Business-type Activities

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Other Borrowings	bined Utility System enue Bonds	Air	Houston port System enue Bonds	Ente	vention & ertainment enue Bonds	Long-Term Contracts	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per pita (a)
2002	\$ 1,934,505	\$ -	\$ 15,260	\$ 3,812,173	\$	1,479,475	\$	637,221	\$ 259,599	\$ 8,138,233	19.72%	\$ 4,165
2003	\$ 2,025,330	\$ 53,372	\$ 25,810	\$ 4,108,847	\$	2,167,722	\$	665,846	\$ 261,791	\$ 9,308,718	22.56%	\$ 4,699
2004	\$ 2,071,560	\$ 52,344	\$ 24,865	\$ 4,038,164	\$	2,170,394	\$	666,679	\$ 243,877	\$ 9,267,883	21.79%	\$ 4,612
2005	\$ 2,415,988	\$ 51,253	\$ 23,395	\$ 4,451,525	\$	2,279,443	\$	671,094	\$ 266,799	\$ 10,159,497	23.22%	\$ 5,038
2006	\$ 2,694,363	\$ -	\$ 21,880	\$ 4,695,148	\$	2,260,462	\$	665,402	\$ 248,368	\$ 10,585,623	22.14%	\$ 5,099
2007	\$ 2,851,948	\$ -	\$ 20,200	\$ 5,022,310	\$	2,266,018	\$	672,091	\$ 231,710	\$ 11,064,277	Not Available	\$ 5,159
2008	\$ 3.057.921	\$ -	\$ 15,060	\$ 5,227,465	\$	2,263,676	\$	671,848	\$ 211,016	\$ 11,446,986	Not Available	\$ 5,338

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽a) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 223 for personal income and population data.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Seven Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount) (unaudited)

Fiscal	General Obligation			: Amounts		Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value (1) of	Per		
Year		Bonds	Ser	vice Fund	Total	Property		Capita (2)	
2002	\$	1,934,505	\$	102,176	\$ 1,832,329	1.92%	\$	938	
2003	\$	2,025,330	\$	99,534	\$ 1,925,796	1.94%	\$	972	
2004	\$	2,071,560	\$	91,774	\$ 1,979,786	1.92%	\$	985	
2005	\$	2,415,988	\$	106,864	\$ 2,309,124	2.18%	\$	1,145	
2006	\$	2,694,363	\$	110,824	\$ 2,583,539	2.33%	\$	1,244	
2007	\$	2,851,948	\$	109,661	\$ 2,742,287	2.27%	\$	1,279	
2008	\$	3,057,921	\$	131,477	\$ 2,926,444	2.16%	\$	1,325	

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- 1. See the schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 209 for property value data.
- 2. Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 223.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

June 30, 2008

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	(un	audited)					
		Net Direct	Debt As of	% of Debt Applicable to Houston	Sh	City of Houston are of Debt	
City							
City of Houston - direct	\$	2,926,444	06/30/08	100.00%	\$	2,926,444	
County							
Fort Bend County		236,318	09/30/08	2.78%		6,570	
Harris County (including Toll Road Bonds)		2,206,723	06/30/08	52.76%		1,164,267	
Harris County Flood Control		520,154	06/30/08	52.76%		274,433	
Montgomery County		315,066	06/30/08	1.74%		5,482	
School District							
Aldine I.S.D.		279,543	06/30/08	48.54%		135,690	
Alief I.S.D.		261,146	08/31/07	77.19%		201,579	
Clear Creek I.S.D.		607,650	06/30/08	47.32%		287,540	
Conroe I.S.D.		692,941	08/31/07	4.60%		31,875	
Crosby I.S.D.		62,024	06/30/08	0.23%		143	
Cypress-Fairbanks I.S.D.		1,292,560	06/30/08	11.25%		145,413	
Deer Park I.S.D.		131,838	06/30/08	0.12%		158	
Fort Bend I.S.D.		804,651	06/30/08	1.89%		15,208	
Galena Park I.S.D.		229,037	08/31/07	13.49%		30,897	
Goose Creek I.S.D.		340,421	06/30/08	0.00%		_	
Houston I.S.D.		2,014,481	06/30/07	90.95%		1,832,170	
Huffman I.S.D.		57,069	08/31/08	26.02%		14,849	
Humble I.S.D.		561,168	06/30/08	43.25%		242,705	
Katy I.S.D.		778,974	08/31/08	19.16%		149,251	
Klein I.S.D.		191,948	06/30/08	1.26%		2,419	
New Caney I.S.D.		180,558	08/31/08	8.40%		15,167	
North Forest I.S.D.		65,310	08/31/07	93.89%		61,320	
Pasadena I.S.D.		469,689	08/31/07	41.35%		194,216	
Sheldon I.S.D.		141,184	06/30/08	0.44%		621	
Spring I.S.D.		593,934	06/30/08	1.67%		9,919	
Spring Branch I.S.D.		531,070	06/30/08	70.46%		374,192	
Municipal Utility District		221,070	00,20,00	70.1070		37.,172	
Harris County MUD 355		11,658	07/03/08	99.08%		11,551	
Harris County MUD 359		8,615	06/30/08	100.00%		8,615	
Harris County MUD 366		1,182	06/19/08	89.27%		1,055	
-			10/15/08	100.00%			
Harris County MUD 390		13,310				13,310	
Northwood Municipal Utility District #1		2,255	06/30/08	100.00%		2,255	
Other Jurisdictions		52.054	0.5/0.0/0.0	50.500		12.210	
Clear Lake City Water Authority		63,064	06/30/08	68.69%		43,319	
Fort Bend Parkway Road		330	06/30/08	12.57%		41	
Harris County Dept. of Education		100 185	10/06/08	56.87% 90.86%		180.070	
Houston Community College Lee College District		199,185 16,644	08/31/08 06/30/08	90.86% 0.00%		180,979	
N. Harris–Montgomery Community College Dis.		150,534	08/31/08	19.49%		29,339	
Port of Houston Authority		495,630	06/30/08	52.76%		261,494	
San Jacinto Jr. College		54,929	06/30/08	15.44%		8,481	
Total overlapping debt		14,582,793				5,756,523	
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	17,509,237			\$	8,682,967	

Note:

The net direct debt amounts above, except for that which relates to the City of Houston, were provided by the individual government entities. The percentage of debt applicable to Houston was provided by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Net Direct Debt is equal to the outstanding principal amount less sinking fund balances

City of Houston, Texas AD VALOREM TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

(amounts expressed in thousands)

(unaudited)

					Current			
				Net	Collections	Prior Years'		Total
	Tax R	tate ^(a)		Current Year	Prior to End of	Delinquent	Total	Collections
Fiscal	General	Debt		Tax Levy (b)	Fiscal Year (c) (d)	Collections ^(d)	Collection (c)(d)	Percentage
Year	Purposes	Service	Total	(in thousands)	(in thousands)	(in thousands)	(in thousands)	of Net Levy
2005	0.46573	0.18427	0.65000	688,228	669,659	27,772	697,431	101.3
2006	0.46359	0.18391	0.64750	719,287	688,486	31,718	720,204	100.1
2007	0.45927	0.18573	0.64500	777,841	751,882	36,007	787,889	101.3
2008	0.46198	0.18178	0.64375	874,230	845,817	34,772	880,589	100.7
2009 (e)	0.45460	0.18415 ^(f)	0.63875 ^(e)	961,059	926,956	32,395	959,351	99.8

- (a) The Texas Constitution limits the maximum ad valorem tax rate to \$2.50 (per \$100 of assessed valuation) for home rule cities such as the City.
- (b) The figures represent net adjusted levies including the late certification and correction rolls from the Appraisal District for the current Tax Years through June 30 of each Fiscal Year.
- (c) These amounts do not include revenues from various types of Industrial District Contracts entered into by the City with industrial property owners outside of the City's corporate limits. Such Industrial District Contracts have a term of fifteen years and allow property owners to make payments to the City in lieu of paying ad valorem taxes.
- (d) Includes all ad valorem tax receipts received by the City, although such receipts include tax increment revenues ("Tax Increments") deposited into separate funds for its tax increment reinvestment zones ("Zones"). In Fiscal Year 2008, the City transferred approximately \$50.6 million of Tax Increments into these Funds as required by State law representing an increase of approximately \$11.7 million over the previous Fiscal Year. Notwithstanding, the City expects such zones to budget approximately \$3.4 million of Tax Increments to be paid to the City in Fiscal Year 2009 for municipal service costs attributable to development in such zones. Additionally, such zones also help to finance various capital/public improvements. By virtue of contracts among the City, the tax increment reinvestment zones and the local government corporations that manage the zones, the Tax Increments are transferred to the respective local government corporations and are available for use on authorized projects in the zones and to be pledged to obligations issued by the local government corporations on behalf of the zones. Bonds and other obligations issued by the local government corporations are not debt of the City.
- (e) The City's Fiscal Year 2009 Budget includes a tax rate of \$0.63875 (per \$100 assessed valuation) for Tax Year 2008 (Fiscal Year 2009). The City Charter provides that, in preparing the City's budget, provision shall first be made for the payment of debt service on the City's outstanding bond indebtedness, with the remaining revenues to be apportioned among the City's respective departments.
- (f) Pursuant to Ordinance 2008-796 the City created the Drainage Supplemental Debt Service Fund to receive annually from ad valorem taxes a certain sum to support drainage capital improvement projects. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2009, that amount is equal to \$0.009385 per \$100 ad valorem tax valuation. In Fiscal Year 2010 that amount is projected to equal \$0.003 per \$100 ad valorem tax valuation.

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AD VALOREM TAX OBLIGATION PERCENTAGES

Tax <u>Year</u>	Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Tax-Supported Debt at December 31 (in thousands)	Tax Roll ^(a) (in thousands)	Tax-Supported Debt as a Percentage of Tax Roll ^(g)	Tax-Supported Per <u>Capita Debt</u> ^(b)	Requirement Payable from Taxes ^{(c)(d)} (in thousands)	Tax Levy for Debt Service (in thousands) ^(e)
2003	2004	2,073,359	103,157,602	2.01%	1,020	219,788	165,000
2004	2005	2,432,724	105,881,225	2.30%	1,181	233,354	188,000
2005	2006	2,644,366	111,225,839	2.38%	1,274	248,105	195,000
2006	2007	2,833,037	120,595,451	2.35%	1,306	262,523	209,000
2007	2008	3,016,248	135,764,121	2.22%	1,366	279,277	229,600

- (a) The Tax Year 2007 amount represents HCAD's estimate of final taxable valuations based on tax rolls available as of July 25, 2008 and has been adjusted to reflect HCAD's estimated hearing loss of \$49,360,702. As of October 24, 2008, the total assessed value for Tax Year 2008 (including exempt property values) was approximately \$195.68 billion, which is the appraised value used to determine the statutory limitation of approximately \$19.6 billion relating to total bond indebtedness.
- (b) Per capita figures are based on population estimates according to the U.S. Census Bureau and updated as finals figures are published.
- (c) These amounts have not been reduced by the combined ending fund balances in the General Debt Service Fund, which were as follows for the Fiscal Years indicated: Fiscal Year 2004 \$91,774,00, Fiscal Year 2005 \$106,864,000, Fiscal Year 2006 110,824,000, Fiscal Year 2007 \$107,014,000 and Fiscal Year 2008 \$131,477,000.
- d) These amounts include principal and interest payments for Tax Bonds, Tax Notes, Pension Obligations, Tax Certificates and Assumed Bonds, and interest only for Commercial Paper Notes at an assumed rate appropriate for each Fiscal Year. As of December 4, 2006 it no longer includes any principal and interest payments for Assumed Bonds.
- (e) Sources of funds for the general obligation debt service requirement include the tax levy and transfers from Enterprise and Special Revenue Funds.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

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CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN CALCULATION AT JUNE 30, 2008

Assessed Value (1)	\$ 173,824,783
Debt Limit (10% of assessed value)	17,382,478
Debt applicable to limit:	
Public Improvement Bonds	1,798,150
Pension Obligations	567,482
Commercial Paper - General Obligation	625,950
Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation	86,521
Total net debt applicable to limit	3,078,103
Legal debt margin	\$ 14,304,375

HISTORICAL LEGAL DEBT LIMITATION

	1999	2000	2001
Legal debt limitation, 10% of assessed value(2)	\$ 8,249,959	\$ 8,945,848	\$ 9,814,263
Total net debt applicable to margin	 1,667,323	1,761,440	 1,776,441
Legal debt margin	\$ 6,582,636	\$ 7,184,408	\$ 8,037,822
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage			
of debt limit	20%	20%	18%

⁽¹⁾ Assessed Value for the 2007 tax year (fiscal year 2008) is based on the appraised value of property prior to any deductions for exemptions.

The Assessed Value is derived from the certified valuations provided by the Harris County Appraisal District as of October 31, 2008.

⁽²⁾ See Vernon's Annotated Civil Statues, Article 835p, Section 1 and 2

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007		2008
\$ 10,725,911 1,816,681	\$ 11,255,352 1,925,796	\$ 11,778,479 1,939,765	\$ 12,180,606 2,462,578	\$ 14,238,567 2,732,439	\$ 15,447,632 2,877,360	:	\$ 17,382,478 3,078,103
\$ 8,909,230	\$ 9,329,556	\$ 9,838,714	\$ 9,718,028	\$ 11,506,128	\$ 12,570,272	=	\$ 14,304,375
17%	17%	16%	20%	19%	19%		18%

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS PLEDGED - REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Eight Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Airport System Bonds (1)

			AII	DOLL SYSTEM DOM	us			
Fiscal	Operating & Non-Operating	Operating Operating		Net Pledged Debt Service				
Year	Revenues (2)	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	(3) Debt Service	Coverage	
2001	\$ 235,250	\$ 122,594	\$ 112,656	\$ 19,460	\$ 30,567	\$ 2,798	2.39	
2002	244,791	142,950	101,841	4,380	47,231	37,153	7.04	
2003	251,921	154,541	97,380	17,985	46,003	30,282	2.89	
2004	278,933	161,645	117,288	18,865	56,932	32,823	2.73	
2005	368,314	191,093	177,221	28,182	84,066	25,506	2.04	
2006	411,545	205,565	205,980	31,737	108,776	46,621	2.19	
2007	443,468	217,720	225,748	33,377	111,118	20,679	1.82	
2008	477,422	221,309	256,113	45,996	111,623	28,022	1.98	

- 1. Including Sr. Lien Commercial Paper, Subordinate Lien Bonds, and Inferior Lien Obligations.
- 2. Income and revenues derived from the operation of the Airport System with limited exclusions.
- 3. Debt service is net of amounts paid by grant funds and capitalized interest.

Combined Utility System Bonds (4)

						Combin	ea Ou	nty System	Dona	S	
	Op	erating &		Less:		Net					
Fiscal	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Total	Pledged Revenue			Debt Service Principal Interest		e	
Year			(5)	Expenses			Pı			Interest	Coverage
2001	\$	608,397	\$	283,515	\$	324,882	\$	60,191	\$	167,811	1.42
2002		590,589		278,174		312,415		56,936		162,446	1.42
2003		569,902		281,160		288,742		55,370		173,363	1.26
2004		624,297		304,882		319,415		54,528		169,364	1.43
2005		668,391		309,343		359,048		14,031		175,789	1.89
2006		721,243		349,135		372,108		31,570		196,461	1.63
2007		701,813		357,403		344,410		26,618		232,048	1.33
2008		722,918		378,919		343,999		27,088		248,900	1.25

- 4. Including Water and Sewer System Bonds, Combined Utility System Bonds, and Commercial Paper.
- 5. Income and revenues derived from the operation of the Combined Utility System with limited exclusions.

Convention and Entertainment Center Bonds (6)

Fiscal	Pledged Hotel Occupancy Tax &	Debt Service	
Year	Other Revenue (7)	Principal Interest	Coverage
2001	\$ 46,630	\$ 4,880 \$ 14,611	2.39
2002	42,906	- 24,151	1.78
2003	44,896	5,955 19,517	1.76
2004	48,684	6,265 20,833	1.80
2005	45,459	6,590 22,715	1.55
2006	59,019	13,680 23,094	1.60
2007	61,487	14,775 24,004	1.59
2008	69,650	17,540 23,926	1.68

- 6. Including Revenue Bonds and Commercial Paper.
- 7. Includes 5.65/7 of collected hotel occupancy tax, certain parking revenues, and certain tax rebates.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Seven Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Population	_(1)	Personal Income (amount in thousands)	(2)	Po Car Perso Inco	oita onal	(2)	Median Age	(2)	Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling	_ (2)	School Enrollment	(2)	Average Unemployment Rate (percentage)	-
2002	1,979,052	\$	42,264,007		\$	21,566		30.7		12.7		423,103		4.7	(3)
2003	2,002,144	\$	41,269,994		\$	21,290		31.5		12.8		404,349		6.0	(3)
2004	2,009,669	\$	42,537,706		\$	21,854		31.4		12.8		410,566		6.9	(3)
2005	2,016,582	\$	43,748,970		\$	22,534		31.9		12.7		392,846		6.3	(3)
2006	2,076,189	\$	47,805,874		\$	23,041		32.3		12.6		409,937		5.5	(4)
2007	2,144,491	\$	49,960,993		\$	25,719		32.2		12.8		425,015		4.6	(4)
2008	2,208,180		Not available		Not ava	ailable		32.8		Not available		811,154	(5)	4.2	(2)

⁽¹⁾ Source: Population Estimate program, U. S. Census Bureau, as of the beginning of the fiscal year. (Fiscal year 2002 is as of July 1, 2001.)

⁽²⁾ Source: American Community Survey, U. S. Census Bureau. (Fiscal year 2002 data is for calendar year 2001.)

⁽³⁾ Source: University of Houston, Center for Public Policy. (Data for fiscal year 2002 is calendar year 2001.)

⁽⁴⁾ Source: Texas Workforce Commission

⁽⁵⁾ School enrollment for the City of Houston is no longer available. The number for fiscal year 2008 reflects the Houston metropolitan area.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

June 30, 2008 Current Year and Six Years Ago (unaudited)

		2008			2002	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Memorial Hermann Healthcare System	19,000	1	1.90%	14,000	2	1.49%
Continental Airlines, Inc.	16,000	2	1.60%	16,000	1	1.71%
University of Texas M.D. Anderson Cancer Ctr	15,000	3	1.50%			
Shell Oil Company	13,000	4	1.30%	10,733	7	1.15%
University of Texas Medical Branch at Galveston	12,318	5	1.23%			
Kroger Company	12,000	6	1.20%	13,000	3	1.39%
The Methodist Hospital System	9,991	7	1.00%	10,000	8	1.07%
Baylor College of Medicine	9,143	8	0.91%	9,000	10	0.96%
HP	9,000	9	0.90%			
ARAMARK Corp.	8,500	10	0.85%	13,000	4	1.39%
Halliburton				12,000	5	1.28%
Compaq Computer Corporation				11,000	6	1.17%
Reliant Energy				9,500	9	1.01%
Total:	123,952	: :	12.40%	118,233	: :	12.62%

Employers excludes school districts, city, county, state and federal government.

Source: Greater Houston Partnership

Total Houston Residents employed regardless of where they work. 2008 999,582 Source: Houston Civilian Labor Force (CLF) 2002 937,053

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

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CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

Employment

The following table indicates the Houston PMSA estimated annual average labor force for the years 1998 through 2007 according to the Texas Employment Commission:

Houston PMSA Labor Force Estimates (Employees in thousands)

	1998	1999	2000
Civilian Labor Force ^(A)	2,174	2,185	2,387
Employed	2,075	2,089	2,284
Unemployed	98	97	103
Percent unemployed	4.50%	4.40%	4.32%
Nonfarm Payroll Employment ^(B)	1,805	1,864	2,082
Manufacturing	215	206	210
Mining	65	63	64
Contract construction	143	154	154
Transp/Pub Utils/Communications	144	151	152
Trade	462	476	474
Finance/Insurance/Real Estate	110	117	114
Services & Miscellaneous	626	633	646
Government	256	272	269

- (A) Includes resident wage and salary workers, self-employed, unpaid family workers and domestics in private households, agricultural workers, and workers involved in labor-management disputes.
- (B) Includes the non-agricultural wage and salary jobs estimated to exist in Houston PMSA without reference to place of residence of workers.

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
2,436	2,520	2,558	2,582	2,620	2,681	2,733
2,322	2,368	2,385	2,421	2,474	2,547	2,617
114	152	173	161	146	134	116
4.68%	6.03%	6.76%	6.24%	5.57%	5.00%	4.24%
2,118	2,112	2,095	2,288	2,350	2,446	2,550
215	192	189	208	213	223	233
69	59	63	67	71	78	85
159	167	158	164	169	182	196
154	143	143	143	146	171	177
478	435	415	472	483	500	519
116	123	168	136	139	141	145
659	699	680	866	999	1,015	1,067
269	291	292	336	340	345	351

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS Last Seven Years CITY OF HOUSTON EMPLOYMENT INFORMATION (unaudited)

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

	r un time Equivalent E	improjecs us (or sume 50				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Fund/Department							
GENERAL FUND							
Public Safety							
Fire/Civilian	318.4	344.8	316.2	320.3	288.7	277.6	261.0
Fire/Classified	3,729.7	3,717.0	3,647.7	3,716.0	4,123.5	3,743.1	3,822.8
Fire/Cadets	162.5	268.2	392.8	181.5	38.5	103.0	113.5
Municipal Courts - Administration	388.5	380.1	354.7	347.1	343.7	289.0	261.6
Municipal Courts - Justice	45.2	46.8	45.3	41.6	45.3	47.6	49.4
Police/Civilian	1,780.3	1,509.9	1,425.5	1,115.6	1,173.1	1,173.3	1,208.0
Police/Classified	5,588.0	5,432.5	5,362.3	5,118.3	5,125.3	4,748.1	4,862.5
Police/Cadets	87.3	74.0	36.2	26.7	81.8	130.9	176.8
Total Public Safety	12,099.9	11,773.3	11,580.7	10,867.1	11,219.9	10,512.6	10,755.6
Town I done parety	12,000.0	11,770.0	11,000.7	10,007.1	11,21,01,0	10,512.0	10,755.0
Development & Maintenance Services							
General Services	313.1	311.7	289.4	181.2	211.3	221.1	227.8
Planning & Development	233.7	217.6	105.0	104.3	99.6	96.6	97.1
Public Works & Engineering	1,032.6	860.4	567.5	841.3	539.9	503.2	504.9
Solid Waste Management	617.1	581.2	545.9	576.9	576.4	514.9	603.0
Total Development & Maintenance	2,196.5	1,970.9	1,507.8	1,703.7	1,427.2	1,335.8	1,432.8
Human & Cultural Services							
Convention & Entertainment Facilities	-	-	-	-	63.0	54.6	0.4
Health & Human Services	898.0	834.7	776.6	767.1	797.9	712.8	666.6
Housing & Community Development	=	-	-	-	-	-	1.3
Library	604.8	520.3	531.2	443.0	473.1	481.8	493.8
Parks & Recreation	1,094.8	993.0	768.2	741.0	772.8	804.0	802.9
Total Human & Cultural Services	2,597.6	2,348.0	2,076.0	1,951.1	2,106.8	2,053.2	1,965.0
Administrative Services							
Administrative Set vices Administration & Regulatory Affairs	_	_	_	_	_	_	262.3
City Secretary	15.8	13.7	13.8	12.1	12.1	11.6	11.1
Controller's Office	84.3	80.0	76.3	74.9	70.7	72.9	74.6
Council Office	78.9	74.0	68.2	61.5	71.3	68.1	71.4
Finance & Administration	332.6	320.6	304.4	313.5	303.8	308.3	,1
Finance Department	332.0	320.0	304.4	313.3	303.0	500.5	54.9
Human Resources	52.9	45.9	43.0	38.6	38.2	37.9	39.1
	133.7	130.6	147.4	143.5	127.2	128.6	140.0
Information Technology Legal	163.6	150.6	153.4	145.5	144.0	152.8	158.7
Mayor's Affirmative Action	30.5	29.6	24.7	27.2	25.7	25.8	32.4
Mayor's Office	25.0	29.6	24.7	20.2	48.8	43.5	32.4 39.6
•	917.3	877.3	853.1		841.8	849.5	884.1
Total Administrative Services	917.3	8/1.3	833.1	837.9	841.8	849.3	884.1
Total General Fund	17,811.3	16,969.5	16,017.6	15,359.8	15,595.7	14,751.1	15,037.5

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Fund/Department	_						
ENTERPRISE FUNDS							
Aviation	1,103.0	1,088.0	1,236.3	1,516.8	1,569.6	1,560.3	1,531.8
Convention & Entertainment Facilities	82.2	84.2	88.9	104.7	109.3	111.1	119.7
PW&E - Combined Utility System	2,246.6	2,283.9	2,102.6	2,220.3	2,158.6	2,121.2	2,154.6
PW&E - Parking Management		_	_	-	_	_	53.6
Total Enterprise Funds	3,431.8	3,456.1	3,427.8	3,841.8	3,837.5	3,792.6	3,859.7
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS							
Houston Emergency Center	72.0	183.8	190.4	219.3	239.6	238.3	243.4
Cable Television	8.2	10.9	9.1	10.5	9.3	8.7	-
Health and Human Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	482.4
Housing and Community Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	136.8
Library	-	-	-	-	-	-	9.8
Parks Special Revenue	183.7	98.6	105.8	98.0	106.0	100.6	100.4
Planning	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.4
Police - Asset Forfeiture	61.0	63.7	20.0	15.9	21.3	-	-
Police - Auto Dealers/Civilian	6.1	6.1	6.8	8.2	6.3	4.2	106.7
Police - Auto Dealers/Classified	14.2	12.0	18.5	18.0	22.0	19.0	31.2
Police Special Services/Civilian	34.9	51.4	218.0	117.7	6.3	4.0	-
Police Special Services/Classified	=	-	1.0	-	40.8	-	-
PW&E - Mobility Response Team	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-
PW&E - Building Inspection	270.6	262.8	389.5	308.5	380.0	379.6	1,272.0
PW&E - Sign Administration	30.8	31.5	26.9	27.5	31.6	35.2	-
PW&E - Stormwater Utility	299.7	406.0	393.5	403.5	413.6	377.0	-
PW&E - Houston TransStar	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.5	6.2	-
PW&E - TxDOT Signal Maintenance	6.8	6.8	7.0	0.5	-	0.2	-
Mayor's Office	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.1
Municipal Courts Security Fund	-	-	-	19.4	21.5	20.9	24.4
Municipal Courts Technology Fee Fund	-	- 1 120 5	- 1 202 5	- 1 252 0	- 1 202 0	1.9	0.0
Total Special Revenue Funds	994.0	1,139.6	1,392.5	1,252.9	1,303.8	1,196.3	2,434.6
Total General, Enterprise and							
Special Funds	22,237.1	21,565.2	20,837.9	20,454.5	20,737.0	19,740.0	21,331.8
INTERNAL SERVICE/REVOLVING FUND							
Human Resources - Health Benefits	36.6	37.4	36.0	37.1	36.2	37.9	69.7
General Services - Central Svc Revolving	-	-	-	1.5	4.0	5.8	-
Human Resources - Central Svc Revolving	5.2	6.0	5.0	4.8	4.5	4.8	-
Admin. And Regulatory Affairs - Central Svc Revolving	12.1	13.5	6.0	5.5	5.9	0.9	-
Information Technology - Central Svc Revolving	-	-	2.0	1.6	2.0	1.2	3.3
Fire Reconstruction	18.0	20.2	13.3	-	-	-	-
General Services - In House Reconstruction	-	-	-	29.1	28.8	27.4	66.6
PW&E - Fleet Management	98.3	105.5	159.6	74.1	170.7	138.7	-
PW&E - CIP Salary Recovery	-	-	245.6	-	-	291.8	-
General Services - CIP Salary Recovery	-	-	-	-	19.6	23.8	-
Library - CIP Salary Recovery	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	-
Admin. and Regulatory Affairs - Property and Casualty	5.0	4.6	4.0	4.0	5.1	5.0	4.9
Legal - Property and Casualty	34.7	32.0	29.4	28.4	27.2	27.0	43.4
Human Resources - Workers Compensation	30.7	30.2	31.0	30.3	28.9	31.3	-
Legal - Workers Compensation	4.9	4.5	-	5.2	4.4	4.8	-
Total Internal Service/Revolving Funds	245.5	253.9	531.9	221.6	337.3	600.6	187.9
TOTAL FTE'S	22,482.6	21,819.1	21,369.8	20,676.1	21,074.3	20,340.6	21,519.7

General Services was Building Services.

Administration & Regulatory Affairs and the Finance Department were Finance and Administration.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Function							
Police							
Physical arrests	105,623	112,975	110,573	103,917	100,795	121,834	110,058
Parking violations	303,159	265,880	253,038	241,324	203,591	255,690	210,607
Traffic violations filed	696,998	871,457	779,068	841,494	851,573	939,932	867,535
Fire							
Number of calls dispatched	256,257	255,648	261,903	267,171	284,231	278,713	281,574
Inspections	36,171	28,336	30,491	40,540	38,937	32,694	31,800
Highways and streets							
Streets resurfaced (miles)	545	426	435	374	334	325	307
Tons of asphalt for pothole repair	Not Available	18,788	18,879	18,272	16,104	16,178	16,647
and skin patches							
Parks and recreation							
Athletic field permits issued	1,920	1,587	1,854	1,850	1,995	2,073	2,494
Community center admissions	2,880,133	3,060,111	3,199,874	2,859,414	3,332,920	3,618,818	4,146,502
Sanitation							
Refuse collected (tons)	860,924	904,804	876,519	835,054	825,915	837,008	796,926
Recyclables collected (tons)	32,572	37,942	28,862	20,607	15,352	15,703	21,312
Water							
New connections	6,273	5,435	6,616	7,806	5,235	6,871	5,660
Water main breaks	5,362	3,148	3,269	3,381	4,939	5,623	2,797
Average daily pumpage	374.8	359.0	356.6	363.1	399.9	374.5	372.0
(millions of gallons)							
Wastewater							
Average daily sewage treatment	254.7	262.4	286.8	252.0	227.0	244.0	268.0
(millions of gallons)							

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION June 30, 2008 (unaudited)

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Function							
Public safety							
Police							
Stations	14	14	14	14	15	15	17
Patrol units	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	730	919	829	851
Fire							
Stations	86	87	88	88	90	90	91
Highways and streets							
Streets (lane miles)	15,645	15,645	15,645	15,645	15,645	15,645	15,645
Streetlights	170,300	171,800	173,500	175,000	176,000	172,300	173,000
Traffic signals	2,310	2,325	2,340	2,355	2,400	2,430	2,450
Parks and recreation							
Parks acreage	18,364	18,429	18,620	18,620	24,493	38,934	38,934
Parks	518	521	523	523	533	539	540
Swimming pools	43	43	43	43	40	58	62
Tennis Centers	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Community centers	58	58	58	57	56	56	58
Sanitation							
Collection trucks	343	343	344	347	338	326	337
Water							
Water mains (miles)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	7,354	7,354	7,501	6,500
Fire hydrants	47,397	49,000	51,155	52,879	54,829	54,522	56,950
Maximum daily capacity	479.4	466.0	482.4	456.3	480.6	459.3	449.9
(millions of gallons)							
Sewer							
Sanitary sewers (miles)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	6,752	6,752	6,897	7,500
Storm sewers (miles)	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,420	3,487	3,513
Maximum daily treatment permitted (millions of gallons)	559.5	562.6	564.0	564.0	564.0	564.0	564.0

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

June 30, 2008

INCREASES/DECREASES TO NET ASSETS OF PENSION PLANS

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	<u>Police</u>	<u>Fire</u>	<u>Municipal</u>	<u>Total</u>
Additions (Deductions)	\$105.7	\$182.9	\$95.2	\$383.8
Deductions	137.1	119.8	177.7	434.6
Net Increase (Decrease)	(31.4)	63.1	(82.5)	(50.8)
City's Total Contribution	\$63.0	\$54.0	\$73.3	\$190.3

The City's funding policies provide for actuarially determined periodic contributions at rates such that overtime will remain level as a percentage of payroll. The contribution rate for normal cost is determined by using the entry age normal cost method. The pension plans use the level percentage of payroll method to amortize the unfunded actuarially accrued liability (or surplus) over 40 years from January 1, 1993.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE FROM AD VALOREM TAXES (EXCLUDING COMMERCIAL PAPER NOTES) (unaudited)

The following schedule presents the City's debt service requirements for Fiscal Years 2009 through 2038 for the outstanding Tax Bonds, Pension Obligations, Tax Certificates and Assumed Bonds as of November 4, 2008. Debt service on commercial paper notes is not reflected in the schedule below. As of June 30, 2008, \$625.5 million of such Commercial Paper Notes was outstanding. On November 12, 2008, \$320.7 million of commercial paper notes was refunded with Tax Bonds.

Fiscal Year					
Ending			Pension	Tax	Total Debt
June 30		Tax Bonds	Obligations (a)	Certificates	Service
2009	\$	229,876,011	\$52,432,493	\$ 9,539,901	\$ 291,848,405
2010		234,482,568	35,416,883	10,123,518	280,022,969
2011		225,737,436	35,416,883	13,493,880	274,648,199
2012		217,888,861	35,416,883	9,518,870	262,824,614
2013		206,396,474	35,416,883	14,079,380	255,892,737
2014		192,607,230	41,761,883	5,348,085	239,717,198
2015		195,733,993	41,807,782	5,351,805	242,893,580
2016		196,383,936	41,855,691	5,351,985	243,591,612
2017		185,412,311	41,903,723	5,354,415	232,670,449
2018		181,050,399	41,959,990	5,353,565	228,363,954
2019		150,038,288	42,016,976	5,354,115	197,409,379
2020		143,260,138	42,082,481	5,355,495	190,698,114
2021		118,030,150	52,108,673	5,352,150	175,490,973
2022		126,057,288	52,136,552	5,353,750	183,547,590
2023		131,899,688	52,152,976	4,333,500	188,386,164
2024		75,040,938	52,178,542	4,333,750	131,553,230
2025		74,113,363	52,207,273	4,335,500	130,656,136
2026		35,778,213	52,238,195	4,338,250	92,354,658
2027		52,493,213	52,270,018	4,336,500	109,099,731
2028		47,265,513	52,296,136		99,561,649
2029		10,335,138	60,664,946		71,000,084
2030		10,329,075	60,711,046		71,040,121
2031		10,336,656	72,169,804		82,506,460
2032		12,791,363	72,208,028		84,999,391
2033		12,793,656	29,834,887		42,628,543
2034		10,075,700	5,625,280		15,700,980
2035		12,795,619	49,970,280		62,765,899
2036		9,935,538	38,598,102		48,533,640
2037		6,513,244	23,666,897		30,180,141
2038		2,955,769			2,955,769
Total	\$ 3	3,118,407,769	\$1,318,526,186	\$ 126,608,414	\$ 4,563,542,369

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS June 30, 2008 VOTER-AUTHORIZED OBLIGATIONS (Unaudited)

The following schedule sets forth the categories of bond authorization approved by the voters in elections held in November of 2001 (the "2001 Election") and November of 2006 (the "2006 Election"), the amount of each such authorization approved by City Council for issuance as Commercial Paper Notes, the amount of commercial paper. issued as of year-end, and the amount of commercial paper approved but unissued. The City has issued all bonds authorized at the election held in November of 1997.

November 2001 Election

Purposes		Voter Authorized	Co	approved by City nuncil for Issuance as Commercial Paper Notes	Commercial Paper Issued ^(a)	No by	nmercial Paper otes Approved of City Council but Unissued
Streets, Bridges, Traffic Control and Storm Sewers and Drainage Parks and Recreation Police and Fire Departments Permanent and General Improvements (b) Public Libraries Low Income Housing	\$	474,000 80,000 82,000 80,000 40,000 20,000 776,000	\$	474,000 80,000 82,000 80,000 40,000 20,000 776,000	\$ 303,302 67,900 56,240 43,558 22,000 5,000 498,000	\$	170,698 12,100 25,760 36,442 18,000 15,000 278,000
November 2006 Election Purposes	Ā	Voter Authorized	Co	approved by City uncil for Issuance as Commercial Paper Notes	Commercial Paper Issued ^(a)	No by	nmercial Paper otes Approved or City Council but Unissued
Streets, Bridges, Traffic Control and Storm Sewers and Drainage Parks and Recreation Public Safety Permanent and General Improvements (b) Public Libraries Low Income Housing Total	\$	320,000 55,000 135,000 60,000 37,000 18,000 625,000	\$	18,000 12,750 5,500 16,300 12,000 1,000 65,550	\$ - - - - - -	\$	18,000 12,750 5,500 16,300 12,000 1,000 65,550
Combined Total (2001 and 2006 Elections)	\$	1,401,000	\$	841,550	\$ 498,000	\$	343,550

⁽a) As of June 30, 2008

⁽b) Includes Public Health and Solid Waste Management.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS June 30, 2008

(unaudited)

SALES AND USE TAX AND FRANCHISE CHARGES AND FEES

Fiscal Year			ales and Use Tax		Charges and Fees			
	_	(in t	housands)	(i	n t	thousands)	_	
2004		\$	347,982		\$	161,378		
2005		\$	370,583	,	\$	162,263		
2006		\$	422,598	;	\$	186,508		
2007		\$	461,467	;	\$	189,551		
2008		\$	495,173	;	\$	190,193		
2009	(budgeted)	\$	526,723	;	\$	189,299	(a)	

⁽a) The projected amount of franchise charges and fees was reduced from the previous years to recognize the effect of electric deregulation.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CONVENTION AND ENTERTAINMENT FACILITIES FUND REVENUES AND EXPENSES Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Total Annual Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years	1999	2000	2001
Operating Revenues			
Fees charged to users, net	\$ 15,576	\$ 16,835	\$ 17,469
Total Operating Revenues	15,576	16,835	17,469
Nonoperating Revenues			
Interest	3,174	3,642	9,846
Hotel occupancy tax (including penalty & interest)	42,459	42,550	46,123
Other income	1,042	133	181
Total Nonoperating Revenues	46,675	46,325	56,150
Total Revenues	\$ 62,251	\$ 63,160	\$ 73,619
Total Annual Expenses Last Ten Fiscal Years	1999	2000	2001
Operating Expenses			
Maintenance and operating	\$ 16,421	\$ 19,886	\$ 20,331
Depreciation	6,640	6,684	6,356
Total Operating Expenses	23,061	26,570	26,687
Nonoperating Expenses			
Interest on long-term debt	7,469	7,194	12,655
Promotional contracts & other expenses	9,565	10,974	20,698
Total Nonoperating Expenses	17,034	18,168	33,353
Total Expenses	\$ 40,095	\$ 44,738	\$ 60,040

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
\$ 15,521	\$ 17,010	\$ 17,145	\$ 19,175	\$ 19,599	\$ 20,554	\$ 22,306
15,521	17,010	17,145	19,175	19,599	20,554	22,306
22.766	14 211	12 100	15.026	16 720	19.704	10.196
23,766 43,452	14,311 43,169	13,109 47,223	15,926 42,266	16,729 54,765	18,704 58,709	19,186 66,232
-	713		7,279	4,190	13,215	5,669
67,218	58,193	60,332	65,471	75,684	90,628	91,087
\$ 82,739	\$ 75,203	\$ 77,477	\$ 84,646	\$ 95,283	\$ 111,182	\$ 113,393
2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
2002 \$ 21,721 12,406	2003 \$ 24,830 13,274	\$ 28,791 14,077	2005 \$ 32,797 10,372	2006 \$ 33,437 10,984	2007 \$ 35,342 11,925	2008 \$ 37,276 12,084
\$ 21,721 12,406	\$ 24,830 13,274	\$ 28,791 14,077	\$ 32,797 10,372	\$ 33,437 10,984	\$ 35,342 11,925	\$ 37,276 12,084
\$ 21,721 12,406 34,127	\$ 24,830 13,274 38,104	\$ 28,791 14,077 42,868	\$ 32,797 10,372 43,169	\$ 33,437 10,984 44,421	\$ 35,342 11,925 47,267	\$ 37,276 12,084 49,360
\$ 21,721 12,406 34,127 28,410	\$ 24,830 13,274 38,104	\$ 28,791 14,077 42,868	\$ 32,797 10,372 43,169	\$ 33,437 10,984 44,421 30,970	\$ 35,342 11,925 47,267	\$ 37,276 12,084 49,360
\$ 21,721 12,406 34,127	\$ 24,830 13,274 38,104	\$ 28,791 14,077 42,868	\$ 32,797 10,372 43,169	\$ 33,437 10,984 44,421	\$ 35,342 11,925 47,267	\$ 37,276 12,084 49,360
\$ 21,721 12,406 34,127 28,410	\$ 24,830 13,274 38,104	\$ 28,791 14,077 42,868	\$ 32,797 10,372 43,169	\$ 33,437 10,984 44,421 30,970	\$ 35,342 11,925 47,267	\$ 37,276 12,084 49,360

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CONVENTION AND ENTERTAINMENT FACILITIES STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

HISTORICAL PLEDGED REVENUES

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal	Pledged		Pledged Parking		Tax		
Year	HOT (a)	% Change	Revenues (b)	% Change	Rebates	% Change	Total (c)
1999	34,270	10.9%	6,847	69.6%			41,117
2000	34,344	0.2%	8,152	19.1%			42,496
2001	37,228	8.4%	9,402	15.3%			46,630
2002	35,072	-5.8%	7,834	-16.7%			42,906
2003	34,844	-0.7%	10,052	28.3%			44,896
2004	38,115	9.4%	9,325	-7.2%	1,244		48,684
2005	34,115	-10.5%	8,882	-4.8%	2,462	97.9%	45,459
2006	44,204	29.6%	8,984	1.1%	5,831	136.8%	59,019
2007	47,387	7.2%	9,011	0.3%	5,089	-12.7%	61,487
2008	53,459	12.8%	9,774	8.5%	6,417	26.1%	69,650

- (a) The Pledged Hotel Occupancy Tax (HOT) revenues are revenues (including penalties, interest and delinquencies, if any) received from that portion of the City HOT equal to 5.65% of the cost of substantially all hotel room rentals in the City (excluding any portion thereof attributable to the Hotel during its first ten years of operation). The City HOT is currently imposed at a rate of 7%.
- (b) The City's pledge of Pledged Parking Revenues is subordinate to the City's pledge of the first \$1,200,000 of such gross revenues, charges and tolls to the payment of its \$1,000,000 annual obligation under the Music Hall Lease, unless such obligation is paid, defeased, matures or is otherwise restructured.
- (c) Does not included investment earnings, which are included in pledged revenues.

Historical Tax Rebates (amounts expressed in thousands)

The tax rebates pledged to certain Convention and Entertainment Facilities Bonds consist of rebates of hotel occupancy taxes, sales taxes, and mixed beverage taxes derived from the hotel and parking garage adjacent to the Convention Center during their first ten years of operation.

Fiscal	Н	OT Tax	Sales Tax	Mi: Beve		,	Fotal Tax
Year		15%	8.25% (1)	Tax	3%		Rebate
2004	\$	1,081	\$ 111	\$	52	\$	1,244
2005		2,188	190		84		2,462
2006		5,553	197		81		5,831
2007		4,663	296		130		5,089
2008		6,082	233		102		6,417

(1) Includes taxes on food, telephone and other sales

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CONVENTION AND ENTERTAINMENT FACILITIES STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Schedule of Hotel Occupancy Tax and Occupancy Rates

Fiscal Year	Occupancy % Rate (1)	Average Daily Rate (1)	Tax % Rate	Gross Hotel Occupancy Tax Revenues (in thousands)
1999	63.6%	86.92	7%	42,459
2000	64.3%	84.56	7%	42,550
2001	66.9%	85.77	7%	46,123
2002	62.0%	83.92	7%	43,452
2003	60.8%	82.36	7%	43,169
2004	61.3%	85.92	7%	47,223
2005	69.5%	89.57	7%	44,414
2006	68.9%	100.67	7%	60,319
2007	68.5%	105.17	7%	63,372
2008	67.5%	121.08	7%	72,314

⁽¹⁾ Source: Greater Houston Partnership.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CONVENTION AND ENTERTAINMENT FACILITIES STATISTICS For Fiscal Year 2008 (unaudited)

Schedule of Hotel Occupancy Tax Collections

The Twelve Largest Taxpayers		Hotel Occupancy x Collections
Hilton Americas-Houston	\$	2,998,748
Hyatt Regency Hotel		2,095,605
Four Seasons Hotel Houston Center		1,611,811
JW Marriott Galleria		1,552,275
Westin Galleria		1,465,468
Marriott Hotel		1,329,175
Houston Marriott Westchase		1,321,366
Hilton Houston Post Oak		1,315,114
Hilton Houston Greenspoint		1,254,622
Westin Oaks Houston		1,120,664
Houstonian Hotel		1,106,776
Inter Continental Houston		1,089,935
Total	\$	18,261,559
Top Ten Clients (Excluding Hotel Occupancy Tax I	Revenues)	
Republic Parking Systems	\$	9,773,509
Aramark		2,980,810
Houston Convention Center Hotel Corporation		2,405,970
Smart City		1,683,083
AVW		548,948
Houston Symphony Society		441,814
Houston Grand Opera		365,498
Houston Ballet Foundation		285,634
North American Prospect Expo		235,609
Texas Quilts		221,825
Total	\$	18,942,700

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CONVENTION AND ENTERTAINMENT FACILITIES STATISTICS For Fiscal Year 2008 (unaudited)

Parking Facilities Rates

Facility	City Employee Monthly Contract (1)	Other Monthly Contract (2)	Daily Transient (2)	Event Rate (2)
Theater District Garage	\$70.00	\$145.00 \$93.00 (3)	\$3.00 per hour \$9.00 Maximum	6.00
		\$120.00 (4)	ψ , 100 11 11 11 11 11 11	
Reserved parking		\$225.00		
City Hall Annex Parking Garage	\$51.76	\$93.00	n/a	5.00
Lots C and H	\$44.33	\$48.00	n/a	3.00

- (1) Does not include sales and use tax of 8.25%
- (2) Includes sales and use tax of 8.25%
- (3) Rates paid by Convention & Entertainment Facilities departmental contractors
- (4) Bulk contract parking agreement

Source: City of Houston, Convention & Entertainment Facilities Department

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CONVENTION AND ENTERTAINMENT FACILITIES STATISTICS Debt Service Schedule (unaudited)

The following table sets forth the Debt Service Requirements on all Convention & Entertainment Revenue Bonds Outstanding as of June 30, 2008, assuming scheduled mandatory redemption of any term bonds and using rates in effect at year-end for auction rate securities and variable rate demand obligations. The amounts do not include the Convention and Entertainment Center's Commercial Paper Notes.

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Series 2001 A Bonds	Series 2001 B Bonds	Series 2001 C Bonds	Total Debt Service
2009	\$ 13,731,419	\$ 20,190,150	\$ 4,812,388	\$ 38,733,957
2010	13,742,113	21,718,544	4,821,255	40,281,912
2011	13,727,994	22,556,050	4,913,971	41,198,015
2012	13,731,719	22,829,244	4,816,695	41,377,658
2013	13,737,953	24,382,988	4,812,388	42,933,329
2014	13,735,941	24,521,616	4,821,255	43,078,812
2015	13,738,425	24,440,238	4,821,255	42,999,918
2016	13,743,525	16,325,319	4,909,411	34,978,255
2017	8,756,572	22,986,963	4,812,642	36,556,177
2018	9,696,281	22,698,700	4,821,255	37,216,236
2019	4,548,731	21,654,794	10,954,922	37,158,447
2020	5,512,031	22,066,819	11,089,841	38,668,691
2021	6,561,881	21,094,119	11,165,562	38,821,562
2022		29,121,925	11,416,048	40,537,973
2023		29,261,563	11,489,408	40,750,971
2024		30,597,669	11,627,150	42,224,819
2025		30,932,488	11,753,411	42,685,899
2026		32,207,594	11,923,499	44,131,093
2027		32,889,456	12,121,950	45,011,406
2028		33,368,825	12,296,773	45,665,598
2029		34,620,331	12,414,701	47,035,032
2030		35,123,056	12,667,474	47,790,530
2031		36,179,756	12,848,811	49,028,567
2032		36,631,363	13,060,551	49,691,914
2033		36,734,713	13,310,677	50,045,390
2034		38,108,331	11,765,087	49,873,418
Total	\$ 144,964,585	\$ 723,242,614	\$ 240,268,380	\$ 1,108,475,579

⁽¹⁾ Assumes an interest rate of 3.223% for the Series 2001C-1 Auction Rate Certificates and the 2001 C-2 Auction Rate Certificates.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS CONVENTION AND ENTERTAINMENT FACILITIES STATISTICS For Fiscal Year 2008 (unaudited)

Convention & Entertainment Budget for Fiscal Year 2009 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Budgeted Resources

Operating Revenues	
Facility Rentals	\$ 6,249
Parking	10,505
Food and Beverage Concessions	4,471
Contract Cleaning	216
Total Operating Revenues	21,441
Operating Expenses	
Personnel	9,904
Supplies	780
Services	32,871
Total Operating Expenses	43,555
Operating Income (Loss)	(22,114)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Hotel Occupancy Tax	
Current	58,000
Delinquent	1,165
Advertising Services	(13,340)
Promotion Contracts	(11,194)
Contracts/Sponsorships	(2,555)
Net Hotel Occupancy Tax	32,076
Investment Income (Loss)	2,447
Capital Outlay	(3,091)
Non-Capital Outlay	(272)
Other Interest	(1,611)
Other	992
Total nonoperating Rev (Exp)	30,541
Income (Loss) Before Operating Transfers	8,427
Transfers	
Transfers to Interest	8,449
Transfers to Principal	10,412
Interfund Transfers	528
Miller Outdoor Theater Transfer	(1,194)
Transfers to Special	(100)
Contingency/Reserve	
Total Transfers	18,095
Net Income (Loss) Operating Fund	\$ (9,668)

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS COMBINED UTILITY SYSTEM FUND REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Total Annual Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003
Operating Revenues										
Water sales	\$	266,381	\$	281,757	\$	271,553	\$	271,098	\$	267,125
Waste water system user charges		264,076		275,782		268,492		265,091		264,159
Penalties		3,947		3,493		4,440		4,214		4,036
Other services and charges		2,962		3,006		2,807		2,993		3,997
Total Operating Revenues		537,366		564,038		547,292		543,396		539,317
Nonoperating Revenues										
Interest		37,978		32,019		56,914		33,703		24,043
Other income		18,116		20,641		22,511		32,368		26,894
Total Nonoperating Revenues		56,094		52,660		79,425		66,071		50,937
Total Revenues	\$	593,460	\$	616,698	\$	626,717	\$	609,467	\$	590,254
Total Annual Expenses Last Ten Fiscal Years		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003
Operating Expenses										
Maintenance and operating	\$	212,877	\$	225,258	\$	248,603	\$	245,943	\$	250,226
Depreciation and Amortization	Ψ	190,205	Ψ	212,846	Ψ	256,959	Ψ	228,147	Ψ	233,401
Bad debt expense		740		1,000		-		-		-
Total Operating Expenses		403,822		439,104		505,562		474,090		483,627
Nonoperating Expenses										
Interest on long-term debt		155,201		164,650		172,749		164,482		165,509
Other expenses		4,863		4,057		3,315		9,708		722
Total Nonoperating Expenses		160,064		168,707		176,064		174,190		166,231
Total Expenses	\$	563,886	\$	607,811	\$	681,626	\$	648,280	\$	649,858

 2004		2005	2006	2007	 2008
\$ 265,272	\$	301,227	\$ 324,878	\$ 308,046	\$ 328,435
257,225		288,459	307,764	295,423	305,748
4,150		4,605	5,085	6,736	7,760
 4,561		4,583	 4,935	 5,260	 6,324
 531,208		598,874	 642,662	615,465	648,267
6,889		12,972	18,650	36,014	35,436
26,179		24,707	26,557	54,572	84,228
 33,068		37,679	 45,207	 90,586	 119,664
\$ 564,276	\$	636,553	\$ 687,869	\$ 706,051	\$ 767,931
2004		2005	 2006	2007	2008
\$ 266,718	\$	332,800	\$ 302,955	\$ 315,348	\$ 346,652
209,608		224,074	228,665	257,722	220,202
476 226		EEC 074	 521 620	572.070	566.954
 476,326	-	556,874	 531,620	 573,070	 566,854
204,875		201,142	214,880	242,282	267,505
12,402		4,193	 5,622	3,478	19,515
217,277		205,335	 220,502	 245,760	 287,020
\$ 693,603	\$	762,209	\$ 752,122	\$ 818,830	\$ 853,874

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS COMBINED UTILITY SYSTEM REVENUE BOND COVERAGE

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

	Fiscal Year 2008			Fiscal Year 2007	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Sales of water, net	\$	328,435	\$	308,046	
Sewer system user charges, net		305,748		295,423	
Penalties, other services and charges		14,084		11,996	
Total Operating Revenues:		648,267		615,465	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES					
Investment Earnings under Previous Ordinance		27,417		24,031	
Investment Earnings under Master Ordinance		8,019		11,983	
Non-Operating Revenues: Contributions from Water Authorities		7,212		1,054	
Non-Operating Revenues: Gain on Escrow Restructuring					
Other Non-Operating revenues		18,625		9,597	
Total non-operating revenues	-	61,273		46,665	
TOTAL GROSS REVENUES:		709,540		662,130	
EXPENSES					
Contract Revenue Bonds Payments (1)					
Houston Area Water Corporation debt service		8		8,999	
Coastal Water Authority Debt Service		31,815		30,747	
Trinity River Authority Debt Service		444		2,127	
Total Contract Revenue Bonds Payments		32,267		41,873	
Maintenance and Operating Expenses		347,358		326,939	
Total Expenses		379,625		368,812	
RESTRICTED RECEIPTS UNDER MASTER ORDINANCE		20,398		26,707	
NET REVENUES UNDER MASTER ORDINANCE	\$	350,313	\$	320,025	
BOND DEBT SERVICE:					
Previously Issued Bonds		62,023		61,314	
First Lien Bonds		209,327		184,568	
Total Debt Service	\$	271,350	\$	245,882	
BOND DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE:					
Junior Lien Bond Coverage under Previous Ordinance (2)		5.19	X	4.59	X
First Lien Bond Coverage under Master Ordinance (3)		1.38	x	1.40	Х
TOTAL COVERAGE(4)		1.00	X	1.20	
TOTAL COVERAGE (4)		1.29		1.30	X

⁽¹⁾ These are "Required Payments Under Previous Ordinance."

⁽²⁾ Coverage of debt service on Previous Ordinance Bonds by Net Revenues as calculated under Previous Ordinance, which does not include as revenues Investment Earnings under Master Ordinance and Restricted Revenues.

⁽³⁾ Coverage of Debt Service on First Lien Bonds by Net Revenues, less debt service on Junior Lien Bonds under Previous Ordinance.

⁽⁴⁾ Coverage of total Debt Service on Junior Lien Bonds under Previous Ordinance and First Lien Bonds under Master Ordinance by Net Revenues.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS COMBINED UTILITY SYSTEM STATISTICS

System Budget (Fiscal Year 2009) (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

The following is the summary of the Fiscal Year 2009 Budget for the System as adopted by City Council:

Revenues	
Beginning Fund Balance (July 1, 2008)	\$ 309,241
Current Revenues	 776,918
Total Revenues	\$ 1,086,159
Expenditures	
Maintenance and Operations	\$ 349,954
CWA/TRA Debt Service	28,103
HAWC Debt Service	-
Debt Service (including Prior Lien Bonds, Junior Lien Bonds and Commercial Paper)	 308,691
Total Expenditures	686,748
Other	
General Purpose Fund (including Discretionary Debt Service)	61,498
Planned Fund Balance (June 30, 2009)	 337,913
Total Expenditures and Reserves	\$ 1,086,159

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS COMBINED UTILITY SYSTEM STATISTICS

(unaudited)

The following calculation shows coverage by Net Revenues of Maximum Annual Debt Service on the Previous Ordinance and First Lien Bonds.

Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements on Previous Ordinance Bonds (2019) (1)	139,219,336
Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements on First Lien Bonds (2033) (1) (2)	336,173,240
Combined Maximum Annual Principal and Interest Requirements on Previous Ordinance	344,726,795
Bonds and First Lien Bonds (2026)	
Net Revenues under Previous Ordinance for Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2008 ⁽³⁾	321,896,000
Net Revenues under Master Ordinance for Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2008 (4)	350,313,000
Funds Available from General Purpose Fund at June 30, 2008	184,314,367
Total Funds available for Debt Service Coverage	534,627,367
Coverage of Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements on Previous Ordinance Bonds	2.31
Coverage of Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements on First Lien Bonds	1.59
Coverage of Combined Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements (5)	1.55

⁽¹⁾ Does not include debt service on CWA Bonds, which are payable from Gross Revenues as a Maintenance and Operating Expense of the System.

- (2) Series 2004B debt service is adjusted to take into account expected payments under the Series 2004B Qualified Hedge Agreements. The Series 2008A variable rate bond debt service is calculated at the fixed payor swap rate of 3.761%. Debt service on the Series 2008D Bonds is calculated based on an assumed taxable rate with a maturity on the applicable tax-exempt conversion date. After the applicable Tax-Exempt Conversion Date, debt service is calculated using a long term tax-exempt rate to maturity.
- (3) Excludes Investment Earnings under Master Ordinance and Restricted Receipts under Master Ordinance.
- (4) Net Revenues as calculated under the Master Ordinance, which includes as revenues restricted receipts and earnings under the Master Ordinance.
- (5) Coverage under Master Ordinance for combined debt service on Previous Ordinance Bonds and First Lien Bonds.

THE SYSTEM - Sewer Facilities General

The Wastewater Operations System receive and process wastewater generated by residential, commercial, and industrial customers throughout the service area. The service area covers approximately 625 square miles within the City of Houston and serves a population of about 2.2 million people. The Wastewater System consist of over 6,000 miles sanitary sewer lines, 40 wastewater treatment plants, over 400 lift/pumping stations and a centralized laboratory. The general condition of the collection lines varies depending on age, location and type of construction. The average daily wastewater flow through the Wastewater Treatment Facilities for Fiscal Year 2008 was 267.98 mgd. The effective treatment capacity of the Sewer Facilities, as reflected by State permits, is 563.1 mgd as of June 30, 2008.

THE SYSTEM - Annexation Program - In - City Districts

The City has created reinvestment zones and public improvement districts in which infrastructure improvements, including water and wastewater facilities, will be financed by the respective district or zone through bonds supported by assessments within the districts and by a tax increment fund into which will be deposited the amount of ad valorem taxes collected in the reinvestment zones in excess of the amount calculated on the basis of the property tax appraisals in effect at the time of creation of the particular reinvestment zone. Under State law, the City can create a public improvement district both within the corporate limits of the City and within its extraterritorial jurisdiction.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS COMBINED UTILITY SYSTEM STATISTICS (unaudited)

Funding of Proposed System Improvements

It is anticipated that the system improvements contemplated in the Department's Fiscal Year 2009 - 2013 CIP will be financed approximately as follows:

	I	Amount
Proposed Source of Funding	(in	millions)
System Revenue Bonds (Net Proceeds and interest earnings) (1)	\$	1,015.9
Other Sources (including System Bonds issued to TWDB) (2)		316.0
	\$	1,331.9

⁽¹⁾ The department's fiscal year 2009 - 2013 CIP anticipates the periodic issuance of additional First Lien Bonds and Subordinate Lien Commercial Paper. City Council must approve each issuance of bonds.

(2) Includes loan funds sourced from the Texas Water Development Board and payable by the City as System Bonds.

Obligations Payable from System Revenues

The following sets forth the total outstanding principal amount of the system obligations payable from revenues of the system as of June 30, 2008:

Contract Revenue Bonds Payable from System Gross Revenues	 Amount		
CWA Bonds (3)	\$ 184,645,000		
Total	\$ 184,645,000		
System Revenue Bonds Payable from System Net Revenues			
Previous Ordinance Bonds	770,200,000		
First Lien Bonds	4,145,405,000		
Third Lien Obligations	156,500,000		
	5,072,105,000		
Total - All Bonds Payable from System Revenues	\$ 5,256,750,000		

Under a 1968 agreement, as amended and superseded in part, and a 1995 agreement, CWA agreed to construct the CWA conveyance system and certain other projects and the City agreed to pay, as a maintenance and operation expense of the System, amounts calculated to be sufficient to cover maintenance and operation expenses of the CWA Conveyance System plus debt service of the CWA Bonds. CWA has reserved the right to issue an unlimited amount of additional bonds on parity with those currently outstanding, however, such issuances are subject to the approval of the City.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS COMBINED UTILITY SYSTEM STATISTICS (unaudited)

Discretionary Debt Service Paid by the System

The total amount of Discretionary Debt Service paid from Net Revenues of the System for the past seven Fiscal Years and the amount budgeted for Fiscal year 2008 is set forth below:

			Discretionary		
			Debt Service		
Fiscal Year			(in millions		
2009	(budgeted)	_	\$	28.4	
2008				25.8	
2007				24.7	
2006				26.3	
2005				28.2	
2004				29.6	
2003				23.8	
2002				36.5	

Combined Utility System General Purpose Fund Transfers for Drainage

Since Fiscal Year 2005 the Combined Utility System has made transfers from its General Purpose Fund to the Storm Water Fund as shown below.

	General Purpose Fund Transfers
Fiscal Year	(millions)
2009 (budgeted)	\$ 39.4
2008	36.5
2007	34.1
2006	31.3
2005	30.0

Indirect Charges Paid by the System

Indirect

		Charges		
Fisca	al Year	(in thousands)		
2009	(budgeted)	\$	2,324	
2008			923	
2007			2,309	
2006			2,157	
2005			1,236	
2004			4,696	
2003			6,877	
2002			6,877	

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

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CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS COMBINED UTILITY SYSTEM STATISTICS TREATED WATER/RAW WATER & SEWER ONLY (NOT INCLUDING WHOLESALE NOR RAW WATER) (unaudited)

Fiscal Years	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Consumption (in Thousand Gallons)					
RESIDENTIAL	31,660,545	30,627,183	29,298,341	28,910,785	28,366,790
MULTI-FAMILY	30,262,637	27,819,799	27,960,411	26,947,985	26,524,889
COMMERCIAL	24,144,129	23,620,493	23,658,719	23,244,380	22,489,563
GOVERNMENT	4,743,138	4,960,288	4,732,531	4,528,732	4,343,339
SEWER ONLY	1,334,612	1,264,859	1,284,586	1,335,488	1,327,138
OTHER ACCTS	2,989,579	4,349,133	4,133,562	4,319,402	4,187,717
TOTAL	95,134,640	92,641,755	91,068,150	89,286,772	87,239,436
Revenue Amount	\$506,797,079	\$525,457,257	\$518,964,748	\$504,300,381	\$493,637,833
Average Rate / Water & Sewer	\$5.33	\$5.67	\$5.70	\$5.65	\$5.66

2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
27,190,878	28,089,881	29,372,166	26,094,949	26,312,961
26,099,414	25,197,120	25,917,787	24,961,804	25,156,968
22,419,672	21,879,224	23,106,449	21,941,537	22,748,096
4,450,481	4,510,130	5,151,211	4,614,053	4,710,923
1,352,960	1,180,975	1,242,852	1,324,905	1,381,145
4,410,859	4,503,243	5,808,363	4,394,176	4,573,030
85,924,264	85,360,573	90,598,828	83,331,424	84,883,123
\$482,693,814	\$536,457,992	\$582,872,263	\$558,078,148	\$581,130,048
\$5.62	\$6.28	\$6.43	\$6.70	\$6.85

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

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CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS COMBINED UTILITY SYSTEM STATISTICS (unaudited)

Largest Sewer Customers

The following schedule presents information concerning the ten largest customers of the Sewer Facilities for the twelve month period ended June 30, 2008. The total charges to such customers represent approximately 3.6% of the System Gross Revenues and 8.5% of Sewer Facilities' gross charges during such period.

	Customer	Gross Charges
	Customer	 Charges
1.	Anheuser - Busch, Inc.	\$ 6,584,102
2.	City of Houston	4,688,520
3.	Harris County	3,162,399
4.	Houston Independent School District	2,629,732
5.	Maximus Coffee Group	2,004,679
6.	Memorial Hermann Hospital	1,810,332
7.	University of Houston	1,660,097
8.	M. D. Anderson Cancer Center	1,205,738
9.	Valero Refinning Co	1,027,312
10.	Methodist Hospital	1,013,007
		\$ 25,785,918

Water and Sewer Rate Adjustments

In recent years, the water and sewer rates have been adjusted on the average as follows:

	Average Percent Rate			
Date of Change	Water	Sewer		
July 1988	8.5%	7.6%		
August 1989	6.0%	7.5%		
July 1990	5.5%	7.5%		
February 1992	2.0%	6.0%		
March 1993	2.5%	4.0%		
June 2004	9.2%	10.1%		
April 2005	3.5%	3.5%		
April 2006	3.6%	3.6%		
April 2007	2.8%	2.8%		
April 2008	1.8%	1.8%		

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS COMBINED UTILITY SYSTEM STATISTICS Water Supply (unaudited)

Capacity, Production, and Sales

The following schedule sets forth information concerning Water Facilities capacity, production and sales for Fiscal Year 2008 (million gallons per day):

	Available	Capacity	Daily	Peak	Sales
Ground	72.0	300.0	55.0	-	N/A
Surface	1,090.0	1,202.0	544.8	<u> </u>	N/A
Total	1,162.0	1,502.0	599.8		570.0
Treated Untreated					330.0 240.0
					570.0

Sources of System Revenues - General

As of June 30, 2008, the Water Facilities and the Sewer Facilities served approximately 429.821 and 413,418 active service connections, respectively. During Fiscal Year 2008 approximately 46.6% of System Gross Revenues were derived from the sale of water (88.8% from treated water and 11.2% from untreated water), approximately 42.7% from providing wastewater treatment services, 3.0% from interest income and the remaining 7.8% from various other sources. Of the treated water sales, 95.4% of revenues were from retail customers and 4.6% from bulk sales to other governmental entities.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS COMBINED UTILITY SYSTEM STATISTICS Water Supply (unaudited)

Largest Treated Water Customers

The following schedule presents information concerning the ten largest treated water customers of the System for the twelve month period ended June 30, 2008. The total charges to such customers during such period represent approximately 3.7% of the System Gross Revenues and 8% of total water sales revenues for such period.

Customers	 Charges
1. City of Pasadena	\$ 4,888,942
2. North Channel Water Authority	4,624,691
3. Anheuser-Busch, Inc.	3,274,378
4. Harris County	2,446,929
5. Clear Lake City	2,079,676
6. Houston Independent School District	2,057,444
7. Valero Refinning Co.	2,018,387
8. City of Houston	1,966,523
9. City of Pearland	1,859,106
10. Gulf Coast Water Authority	 1,465,433
	\$ 26,681,509

Largest Untreated Water Customers

The following schedule presents information concerning the ten largest untreated water customers of the System for a twelve month period ended June 30, 2008. The total of the contract payments by these ten customers during such period represents approximately 3.7% of the System Gross Revenues and 8% of total water sales revenues for such period.

	Customers	Charges
1.	Equistar Chemicals LP	\$ 5,376,386
2.	Shell Oil Company	3,810,362
3.	Houston Area Water Corporation	3,458,590
4.	Battleground Water Company	2,924,922
5.	Air Liquide America Corporation	2,384,458
6.	Houston Refinning , LP (Lyondell - Citgo)	2,254,899
7.	Chevron Phillips Chemical Company, LP	2,229,803
8.	Baytown Area Water Authority	1,809,682
9.	Hoescht Celanese Chemical Group, LTD	1,324,072
10.	Occidental Chemical Corporation	1,048,697
		\$ 26,621,871

COMBINED UTILITY SYSTEM STATISTICS Debt Service Schedule (unaudited)

The following schedule sets forth the principal and interest requirements on all outstanding bonds payable from revenue of the System for each of the City's fiscal years ending June 30, based on footnoted assumptions. The following schedule also does not include Discretionary Debt Service Payments or interest on Commercial Paper Notes issued a Third Lien Obligations under the Master Ordinance.

Payable From System Net Revenues

		1 ayab	ie From System Net Kev	venues		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Total Payable From System Gross Revenues ⁽¹⁾	Previous Ordinance Bonds	First Lien Bonds ⁽²⁾	Total Payable From System Net Revenues	Total Debt Service (1) (2)	
2009	\$ 28,102,553	\$ 73,353,595	\$ 211,108,105	\$ 284,461,700	\$ 312,564,253	
2010	23,816,045	82,267,989	235,551,135	317,819,124	341,635,169	
2011	21,367,014	87,168,868	234,897,348	322,066,216	343,433,230	
2012	20,586,019	107,856,772	218,010,630	325,867,402	346,453,421	
2013	19,834,274	107,188,212	229,328,435	336,516,647	356,350,921	
2014	19,043,517	77,804,468	264,649,670	342,454,138	361,497,655	
2015	18,245,659	89,521,320	252,897,580	342,418,900	360,664,559	
2016	18,032,404	89,184,040	255,001,339	344,185,379	362,217,783	
2017	7,554,640	80,800,280	263,486,936	344,287,216	351,841,856	
2018	6,749,038	52,112,098	292,184,758	344,296,856	351,045,894	
2019	6,740,125	139,219,336	204,712,376	343,931,712	350,671,837	
2020	6,736,850	56,297,338	287,637,409	343,934,747	350,671,597	
2021	6,754,175	43,100,950	300,852,139	343,953,089	350,707,264	
2022	6,717,050	36,151,869	308,024,170	344,176,039	350,893,089	
2023	6,710,175	33,247,860	310,948,365 344,196,225		350,906,400	
2024	6,702,300	34,487,039	309,890,105	344,377,144	351,079,444	
2025	6,692,925	33,357,575	310,939,133	344,296,708	350,989,633	
2026	7,661,425	18,155,000	326,571,795	344,726,795	352,388,220	
2027	3,551,050	30,815,000	303,465,673	334,280,673	337,831,723	
2028	3,550,050	30,810,000	303,756,103	334,566,103	338,116,153	
2029	3,547,925	44,095,000	290,920,324	335,015,324	338,563,249	
2030	3,547,844		334,743,258	334,743,258	338,291,102	
2031	3,544,844		335,253,320	335,253,320	338,798,164	
2032	3,540,550		334,507,074	334,507,074	338,047,624	
2033	3,534,725		336,173,240	336,173,240	339,707,965	
2034	3,532,013		335,977,667	335,977,667	339,509,680	
2035	3,531,938		114,365,883	114,365,883	117,897,821	
2036			114,369,473	114,369,473	114,369,473	
2037			91,609,624	91,609,624	91,609,624	
2038			5,729,508	5,729,508	5,729,508	
Total	\$ 269,927,127	\$ 1,346,994,609	\$ 7,717,562,575	\$ 9,064,557,184	\$ 9,334,484,311	

⁽¹⁾ Includes CWA Bonds.

⁽²⁾ Series 2004C variable rate bond debt service is calculated using current market fixed rates. Debt service on the Series 2008D Bonds is calculated based on an assumed taxable rate with a maturity on the applicable tax-exempt conversion date. After the applicable Tax-Exempt Conversion Date, debt service is calculated using a long term tax-exempt rate to maturity. The Series 2008A variable rate bond debt service is calculated at the fixed payor swap rate of 3.761%. Series 2004B debt service is adjusted to take into account expected payments under the Series 2004B Qualified Hedge Agreements.

CITY OF HOUSTON COMBINED UTILITY SYSTEM STATISTICS Last Seven Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Revenues and Expenses of the Water and Sewer System

The following schedule sets forth the revenues and expenses (exclusive of certain non-cash transactions, primarily depreciation and amortization) of the "Water and Sewer System," as defined in the Coastal Water Authority Official Statements, for Fiscal Years ending June 30, 2002 through June 30, 2008.

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,						
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
OPERATING REVENUES							
Sales of Water, net	\$ 271,553	\$ 267,125	\$ 265,272	\$ 301,227	\$ 324,878	\$ 308,046	\$ 332,032
Sewer system user charges, net	268,492	264,159	257,225	288,459	307,764	295,423	305,748
Penalties	4,440	4,036	4,150	4,605	5,085	6,736	7,759
Other services and charges	2,807	3,997	4,561	4,583	4,935	5,260	6,325
Total Operating Revenues	547,292	539,317	531,208	598,874	642,662	615,465	651,864
NON-OPERATING REVENUES	61,105	30,585	93,089	19,771	26,557	54,572	37,779
TOTAL GROSS REVENUES (A)	608,397	569,902	624,297	618,645	669,219	670,037	689,643
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Maintenance and Operating Expenses	248,603	250,226	266,718	270,299	301,646	322,083	318,349
Contractual Maintenance and Operating							
Expenses							
CWA Debt Service	29,067	28,878	28,980	29,192	29,871	30,653	30,545
TRA Debt Service	5,835	2,056	2,474	2,354	2,212	2,221	2,096
HAWC Debt Service		-	6,710	6,710	6,242	8,999	
Total Contractual	34,902	30,934	38,164	38,256	38,325	41,873	32,641
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (B)	283,505	281,160	304,882	308,555	339,971	363,956	350,990
NET REVENUES	\$ 324,892	\$ 288,742	\$ 319,415	\$ 310,090	\$ 329,248	\$ 306,081	\$ 338,653
GROSS REVENUES (A) DIVIDED BY TOTAL EXPENSES (B)	2.146	2.027	2.048	2.005	1.968	1.841	1.965

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM FUND REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

(unaudited)

Total Annual Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years	1	1999		2000		2001
Operating Revenues						
Landing area fees	\$	37,506	\$	40,930	\$	48,298
Building and ground area fees		59,921		72,988		74,168
Parking, concession and other revenues		84,944		95,217		99,708
Total Operating Revenues		182,371		209,135		222,174
Nonoperating Revenues						
Interest income		21,762		25,027		66,846
Passenger facility charges		-		-		-
Other nonoperating revenues		207		188		828
Total Nonoperating Revenues		21,969		25,215		67,674
Total Revenues	\$	204,340	\$	234,350	\$	289,848
Total Annual Expenses Last Ten Fiscal Years	1	1999		2000		2001
Onewating Ermanges						
Operating Expenses Maintenance and operating	\$	117,206	\$	113,442	\$	122,594
Depreciation	Ψ	42,537	Ψ	46,390	Ψ	52,410
•						
Total Operating Expenses		159,743		159,832		175,004
Nonoperating Expenses						
Interest expense and others		32,471		44,354		65,387
Total Nonoperating Expenses		32,471		44,354		65,387
Total Expenses	\$	192,214	\$	204,186	\$	240,391

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
\$ 50,826 84,752 91,877 227,455	\$ 51,162 91,801 97,804 240,767	\$ 57,011 115,777 97,625 270,413	\$ 102,072 151,417 100,152 353,641	\$ 101,758 179,951 112,152 393,861	\$ 92,140 199,720 124,278 416,138	\$ 99,017 211,786 136,373 447,176
37,629 - 942 38,571	30,278 - 681 30,959	5,967 - 203 6,170	14,968 - 4,295 19,263	18,507 - 56 18,563	33,722 6,530 541 40,793	41,694 11,608 514 53,816
\$ 266,026	\$ 271,726	\$ 276,583	\$ 372,904	\$ 412,424	\$456,931	\$ 500,992
2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
\$ 142,950 60,088	\$ 154,541 59,987	\$ 168,923 88,371	\$ 223,972 105,891	\$ 202,496 134,150	\$214,611 126,953	\$ 229,551 125,951
203,038	214,528	257,294	329,863	336,646	341,564	355,502
44,165	46,538	54,853	75,908 75,908	94,586	101,193	104,019
\$ 247,203	\$ 261,066	\$ 312,147	\$ 405,771	\$ 431,232	\$442,757	\$ 459,521

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM STATISTICS Passenger Statistics

(unaudited)

Domestic Passengers

	Intercontinental		Hobby	y	Ellington Field			
	Enplanements		Enplanements		Enplanements			
Fiscal	&	Percentage	&	Percentage	&	Percentage		
Year	Deplanements	Change	Deplanements	Change	Deplanements	Change		
	(in thousands)		(in thousands)		(in thousands)			
1999	27,271	6.8%	8,795	2.3%	100	-11.5%		
2000	28,892	5.9%	9,053	2.9%	89	-11.0%		
2001	30,105	4.2%	9,038	-0.2%	64	-28.1%		
2002	28,168	-6.4%	8,192	-9.4%	68	6.3%		
2003	27,931	-0.8%	7,796	-4.8%	81	19.1%		
2004	29,473	5.5%	8,089	3.8%	80	-1.2%		
2005	31,609	7.2%	8,247	2.0%	14	-82.5%		
2006	34,103	7.9%	8,423	2.1%	0	-100.0%		
2007	35,260	3.4%	8,642	2.6%	0	-		
2008	35,201	-0.2%	9,097	5.3%	0	-		

Domestic Pas	ssengers	International P	assengers			
Total		Intercontin	nental	Total Passengers		
Enplanements		Enplanements		Enplanements		
&	Percentage	&	Percentage	&	Percentage	
Deplanements	Change	Deplanements	Change	Deplanements	Change	
(in thousands)		(in thousands)		(in thousands)		
36,166	5.6%	4,801	15.4%	40,967	6.6%	
38,034	5.2%	5,340	11.2%	43,374	5.9%	
39,207	3.1%	5,811	8.8%	45,018	3.8%	
36,428	-7.1%	5,556	-4.4%	41,984	-6.7%	
35,808	-1.7%	5,526	-0.5%	41,334	-1.5%	
37,642	5.1%	5,960	7.9%	43,602	5.5%	
39,870	5.9%	6,818	14.4%	46,688	7.1%	
42,526	6.7%	7,123	4.5%	49,649	6.3%	
43,902	3.2%	7,555	6.1%	51,457	3.6%	
44,298	0.9%	7,976	5.6%	52,274	1.6%	

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM STATISTICS (unaudited)

Airline Market Shares

Hobby

Intercontinental

Domestic

Domestic	F:1 V 2007					110		
	Fiscal Year 20		Fiscal Year 20		Fiscal Year 20		Fiscal Year 20	
	Total	Market	Total	Market	Total	Market	Total	Market
Airlines	Passengers	Share	Passengers	Share	Passengers	Share	Passengers	Share
Air Tran	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	342,306	3.9%	366,915	4.0%
America West	284,118	0.7%	57,210	0.1%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
American Airlines, Inc.	1,008,544	2.4%	994,819	2.3%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
American Eagle - AA	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	222,903	2.6%	191,167	2.1%
ATA Airlines	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	136,606	1.6%	445	0.0%
Atlantic Southeast - DL	111,376	0.3%	41,348	0.1%	60,544	0.7%	53,704	0.6%
Charter Airlines	2,955	0.0%	3,938	0.0%	7,542	0.1%	3,843	0.0%
Chautauqua Airlines - CO	602,417	1.4%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Chautauqua Airlines - DL	-	0.0%	2,268,617	5.3%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Colgan - Air Inc, - CO	551,623	1.3%	643,964	1.3%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Comair - DL	90,668	0.3%	80,215	0.3%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Compass Airlines - NW	-	0.0%	28,860	0.1%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Continental	22,015,159	51.4%	22,024,869	51.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
ExpressJet Airlines, Inc.	8,212,426	19.2%	6,245,810	14.5%	_	0.0%	-	0.0%
Delta	364,109	0.9%	317,654	0.7%	110,086	1.3%	59,166	0.7%
Freedom Airlines - DL	-	0.0%	3,349	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Frontier	181,458	0.4%	183,898	0.4%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
JetBlue	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	157,289	1.8%	167,605	1.8%
Mesa Airlines, Inc America West	37,057	0.1%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Mesa Airlines, Inc UA	-	0.0%	58,805	0.1%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Mesa Airlines, Inc US	271,942	0.6%	282,825	0.7%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Mesaba Aviation, Inc NW		0.0%	44,375	0.1%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Northwest	530,089	1.2%	461,797	1.1%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
Pinnacle Airlines, Inc DL	-	0.0%	47,751	0.1%	-	0.0%	79,472	0.9%
Pinnacle Airlines, Inc UA	_	0.0%	35,239	0.1%	_	0.0%	-	0.0%
PSA Airlines - US	16,763	0.0%	· -	0.0%	_	0.0%	_	0.0%
Republic Airlines - US	148,396	0.3%	168,307	0.4%	_	0.0%	_	0.0%
Republic Airlines - Frontier		0.0%	18,644	0.0%	_	0.0%	_	0.0%
Shuttle America Corporation -DL	19,108	0.0%	34,517	0.1%	72,827	0.8%	50,128	0.6%
Shuttle America Corporation - UA	152,591	0.4%	117,001	0.1%	12,021	0.0%	30,126	0.0%
•					22.704		- 	
SkyWest Airlines - DL	105,464	0.2%	176,186	0.4%	32,704	0.4%	54,690	0.6%
SkyWest Airlines - UA	83,363	0.2%	71,504	0.2%	7 400 770	0.0%	0.070.262	0.0%
Southwest Airlines Company	450 220	0.0%	-	0.0%	7,498,778	86.8%	8,070,262	88.7%
United Air Lines Inc.	470,339	1.1%	450,723	1.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%
US Airways	125	0.0%	338,390	0.8%		0.0%		0.0%
Total Domestic	35,260,090	82.4%	35,200,615	81.5%	8,641,585	100.0%	9,097,397	100.0%
International	Fiscal Yea	r 2007	Fiscal Year	2008	Fiscal Year	r 2007	Fiscal Yea	r 2008
	Total	Market	Total	Market	Total	Market	Total	Market
	Passengers	Share	Passengers	Share	Passengers	Share	Passengers	Share
AeroMexico	186,838	0.4%	159,364	0.4%				
Air Canada	82,423	0.2%	74,496	0.2%				
Air Canada Jazz	95,485	0.2%	121,241	0.3%				
Air France	250,585	0.6%	244,877	0.6%				
Aviacsa	33,526	0.1%	21,558	0.0%				
British Airways	212,185	0.5%	208,026	0.5%				
Cayman Airways, LTD	14,616	0.0%	2,149	0.0%			_	
Charter Airlines	27,040	0.1%	1,834	0.0%		Domestic	only	
China Airlines	49,205							
	*	0.1%	28,473	0.1%				
Continental	4,804,886	11.2%	5,157,748	11.7%				
Emirates	-	0.0%	79,888	0.2%				
ExpressJet Airlines, Inc.	1,347,229	3.1%	1,365,774	3.2%				
KLM	202,127	0.5%	202,222	0.5%				
Lufthansa	176,507	0.4%	199,064	0.5%				
Pakistan Int'l Airlines	6,565	0.0%	-	0.0%				
Singapore Airlines	-	0.0%	15,126	0.0%				
TACA	65,909	0.2%	64,797	0.2%				
World Airways	-	0.0%	29,226	0.1%				
Total International	7,555,126	17.6%	7,975,863	18.5%				
Total Airlines	42,815,216	100.0%	43,176,478	100.0%	<u>8,641,585</u>	100.0%	9,097,397	100.0%

-		ii i iciu			Tiouston 7 mg		
Fiscal Year	r 2007	Fiscal Yea	r 2008	Fiscal Year	r 2007	Fiscal Yea	r 2008
Total	Market	Total	Market	Total	Market	Total	Market
Passengers	Share	Passengers	Share	Passengers	Share	Passengers	Share
	0.0%		0.0%	342,306	0.7%	366,915	0.7%
	0.0%		0.0%	284,118	0.6%	57,210	0.1%
			0.0%	1,008,544		994,819	
-	0.0%	-			2.0%		1.9%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	222,903	0.4%	191,167	0.4%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	136,606	0.3%	445	0.0%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	171,920	0.3%	95,052	0.2%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	10,497	0.0%	7,781	0.0%
_	0.0%	-	0.0%	602,417	1.2%	-	0.0%
_	0.0%	_	0.0%	_	0.0%	2,268,617	4.3%
	0.0%		0.0%	551,623	1.1%	643,964	1.2%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	90,668	0.2%	80,215	0.2%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	28,860	0.1%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	22,015,159	42.8%	22,024,869	42.1%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	8,212,426	15.9%	6,245,810	11.9%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	474,195	0.9%	376,820	0.7%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	_	0.0%	3,349	0.0%
_	0.0%	-	0.0%	181,458	0.4%	183,898	0.4%
=	0.0%	_	0.0%	157,289	0.3%	167,605	0.3%
_	0.0%	_	0.0%	37,057	0.1%	, <u> </u>	0.0%
_	0.0%	_	0.0%		0.0%	58,805	0.1%
	0.0%		0.0%	271,942	0.5%	282,825	0.5%
	0.0%			2/1,742	0.0%		
-		-	0.0%	520,000		44,375	0.1%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	530,089	1.0%	461,797	0.9%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	127,223	0.2%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	-	0.0%	35,239	0.1%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	16,763	0.0%	=	0.0%
_	0.0%	-	0.0%	148,396	0.3%	168,307	0.3%
_	0.0%	_	0.0%	_	0.0%	18,644	0.0%
_	0.0%	_	0.0%	91,935	0.2%	84,645	0.2%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	152,591	0.3%	117,001	0.2%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	138,168	0.2%	230,876	0.4%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	83,363	0.1%	71,504	0.0%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	7,498,778	14.6%	8,070,262	15.4%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	470,339	0.9%	450,723	0.9%
-	0.0%	-	0.0%	125	0.0%	338,390	0.6%
	0.0%		0.0%	43,901,675	85.3%	44,298,012	84.4%
			-				-
Fiscal Year	r 2007	Fiscal Yea	r 2008	Fiscal Year	r 2007	Fiscal Year	r 2008
Total	Market	Total	Market	Total	Market	Total	Market
Passengers	Share	Passengers	Share	Passengers	Share	Passengers	Share
				186,838	0.4%	159,364	0.3%
				82,423	0.1%	74,496	0.1%
				95,485	0.2%	101011	0.2%
						121,241	
				250,585	0.5%	244,877	0.5%
				33,526	0.2%	21,558	0.2%
				212,185	0.4%	208,026	0.4%
	Domest	in anles		14,616	0.0%	2,149	0.0%
	Domest	ic only		27,040	0.1%	1,834	0.0%
				49,205	0.1%	28,473	0.1%
				4,804,886	9.3%	5,157,748	9.9%
				4,004,000			
				<u>-</u>	0.0%	79,888	0.2%
				1,347,229	2.6%	1,365,774	2.6%
				202,127	0.4%	202,222	0.4%
				176,507	0.3%	199,064	0.4%
				6,565	0.0%	_	0.0%
				-	0.0%	15,126	0.1%
				65,000			
				65,909	0.1%	64,797	0.1%
					0.0%	29,226	0.1%
				7,555,126	14.7%	7,975,863	15.6%
<u>0</u>	0.0%	<u>0</u>	0.0%	51,456,801	100.0%	<u>52,273,875</u>	100.0%

Houston Airport System

Ellington Field

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM STATISTICS

Selected Financial Information Operating Fund Only

For the year ended June 30

$\begin{tabular}{ll} (amounts\ expressed\ in\ thousands)\\ (unaudited) \end{tabular}$

			_
0 / P	1999	2000	2001
Operating Revenues			
Landing Area Fees: Landing Fees	\$ 35,930	\$ 39,116	\$ 46,735
Aviation Fuel	978	1,259	895
Aircraft Parking	598	555	668
Subtotal	37,506	40,930	48,298
Subtotal	37,300	10,550	10,270
Building and Ground Area Revenues:			
Building Space	-	-	-
Terminal Space	47,775	62,738	63,172
Cargo Building	2,075	2,077	1,923
Other Rental	2,103	2,036	2,078
Hangar Rental	1,039	1,251	1,605
Ground Rental	4,296	4,886	5,388
Concourse Security	1,287	-	2
Flight Information Display System	566	-	-
Public Address System	780	-	-
Subtotal	59,921	72,988	74,168
Parking, Concession and other Revenues:			
Terminal Concessions	19,802	25,262	23,721
Auto Parking	42,304	46,662	51,285
Auto Rental	15,423	18,326	18,787
Ground Transportation	4,701	2,549	4,535
Special Events	-	-	-
Vending Machine	=	-	-
Other Operating Income	2,714	2,418	1,380
Subtotal	84,944	95,217	99,708
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 182,371	\$ 209,135	\$ 222,174
Nonoperating Revenues			
Interest on Investments	9,631	9,677	12,396
Other	207	99	680
Subtotal	9,838	9,776	13,076
	7,000	.,	,
Total Gross Revenues	\$ 192,209	\$ 218,911	\$ 235,250
Operation and Maintenance Expenses			
Personnel and Other Current Expenses	\$ 117,189	\$ 113,042	\$ 122,542
Bad Debt Expense	17	400	52
•			
Total Operating and Maintenance Expenses	\$ 117,206	\$ 113,442	\$ 122,594
Not Davanua	Ф. 75.002	¢ 105 460	¢ 112.656
Net Revenue	\$ 75,003	\$ 105,469	\$ 112,656
Total Debt Service	\$ 33,942	\$ 38,455	\$ 50,027
Less: grant revenue available for debt service			
9			(=,)
Debt Service Requirement (per Bond Ordinance)	\$ 33,942	\$ 38,455	\$ 47,229
Coverage of debt Service	x x <u>2.21</u>	x 2.74	x 2.39
-			

2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
\$ 49,424	\$ 49,211	\$ 53,906	\$ 99,197	\$ 98,385	\$ 88,933	\$ 95,730
838	910	1,112	1,400	1,559	1,540	1,522
564	1,041	1,993	1,475	1,814	1,667	1,765
50,826	51,162	57,011	102,072	101,758	92,140	99,017
_	_	-	_	3,741	5,037	5,054
73,116	79,547	101,040	136,074	162,491	182,113	193,375
1,863	1,638	982	893	1,553	2,011	2,469
2,262	2,192	3,065	3,354	60	0	0
1,902	2,499	2,499	2,077	2,349	3,394	3,473
5,607	5,923	8,189	9,018	9,757	7,165	7,415
2	2	2	1	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
94.752	01.901	115 777	151 417	170.051	199,720	211 796
84,752	91,801	115,777	151,417	179,951	199,720	211,786
22,444	25,355	22,563	19,823	21,030	26,953	29,435
46,955	50,103	51,437	55,444	62,377	65,453	72,958
16,886	15,978	16,800	18,065	21,438	22,950	24,529
3,274	3,834	3,737	3,954	3,999	4,617	4,806
-	-	-	-	20 20	21 0	19 0
2,318	2,534	3,088	2,866	3,268	4,284	4,626
91,877	97,804	97,625	100,152	112,152	124,278	136,373
, ,,,,,	21,000	,,,,,,	,	,	,	
\$ 227,455	\$ 240,767	\$ 270,413	\$ 353,641	\$ 393,861	\$ 416,138	\$ 447,176
12,816	10,650	8,406	10,498	17,742	26,847	30,064
4,520	504	114	4,175	(58)	483	182
17,336	11,154	8,520	14,673	17,684	27,330	30,246
\$ 244,791	\$ 251,921	\$ 278,933	\$ 368,314	\$ 411,545	\$ 443,468	\$ 477,422
\$ 142,877	\$ 153,173	\$ 161,204	\$ 191,093	\$ 205,565	\$ 217,720	\$ 221,309
73	1,368	441				
\$ 142,950	\$ 154,541	\$ 161,645	\$ 191,093	\$ 205,565	\$ 217,720	\$ 221,309
¢ 101 941	¢ 07.280	¢ 117.200	\$ 177.221	\$ 205.080	¢ 225.749	\$ 256.112
\$ 101,841	\$ 97,380	\$ 117,288	\$ 177,221	\$ 205,980	\$ 225,748	\$ 256,113
\$ 51,611	\$ 63,988	\$ 75,797	\$ 112,248	\$ 140,513	\$ 144,495	\$ 157,619
(37,153)	(30,282)	(32,823)	(25,506)	(46,621)	(20,679)	(28,022)
\$ 14,458	\$ 33,706	\$ 42,974	\$ 86,742	\$ 93,892	\$ 123,816	\$ 129,597
x 7.04 x	2.89 x	2.73	2.04	x <u>2.19</u> x	1.82	1.98

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM STATISTICS

Total Aircraft Operations and Aircraft Landing Weight (unaudited)

Aircraft Operations Aircraft Landed Weight (in million pounds) (in thousands) Fiscal Increase Percentage Increase Percentage Change Year Total (Decrease) Total (Decrease) Change 1999 7 0.89% 796 30,119 1,866 6.60% 2000 827 31 3.89% 31,495 1,376 4.57% 2001 823 (4) -0.48% 32,083 588 1.87% 2002 790 (33)-4.01% 30,496 (1,587)-4.95% 2003 811 21 2.66% 30,802 306 1.00% 2004 856 45 5.55% 31,444 642 2.08% 2005 887 31 3.62% 32,543 1,099 3.50% 2006 933 46 5.19% 32,808 265 0.81% 2007 983 50 5.36% 33,930 1,122 3.42% 2008 974 (9) -0.92% 34,097 167 0.49%

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM STATISTICS System Debt Service Schedule (unaudited)

The following table sets forth the Debt Service Requirements on all Airport Revenue Bonds Outstanding as of June 30, 2008, assuming scheduled mandatory redemption of any term bonds and using rates in effect at year-end for auction rate securities and variable rate demand obligations. The amounts do not include the Airport System's Senior Lien Commercial Paper Notes.

Fiscal Year	Subordinate l	Lien Bonds	
(ending	Debt Se		
June 30)	Principal	Interest	Total
2009	\$ 43,050,000	\$ 104,095,944	\$ 147,145,944
2010	40,840,000	101,813,562	142,653,562
2011	51,885,000	99,599,507	151,484,507
2012	52,285,000	96,862,977	149,147,977
2013	51,240,000	94,123,805	145,363,805
2014	59,015,000	91,391,383	150,406,383
2015	59,265,000	88,318,005	147,583,005
2016	61,180,000	85,314,471	146,494,471
2017	67,055,000	81,819,792	148,874,792
2018	70,070,000	78,318,992	148,388,992
2019	70,150,000	74,634,899	144,784,899
2020	79,645,000	70,871,112	150,516,112
2021	72,195,000	66,826,393	139,021,393
2022	91,785,000	62,735,925	154,520,925
2023	92,350,000	58,205,392	150,555,392
2024	90,985,000	53,530,025	144,515,025
2025	103,765,000	48,637,336	152,402,336
2026	104,265,000	43,453,404	147,718,404
2027	97,545,000	38,291,347	135,836,347
2028	126,935,000	33,390,225	160,325,225
2029	120,595,000	28,061,146	148,656,146
2030	123,795,000	22,608,552	146,403,552
2031	123,820,000	16,946,815	140,766,815
2032	130,220,000	10,690,094	140,910,094
2033	142,370,000	3,319,762	145,689,762
Total	\$ 2,126,305,000	\$ 1,553,860,865	\$ 3,680,165,865

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM STATISTICS Summary of Certain Fees and Charges (unaudited)

	Bush Inter	continental	Hobby		
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	
	2007	2008	2007	2008	
Landing Rates (1)	\$3.069	\$2.928	\$2.814	\$2.255	
Terminal Space Rentals (2)	\$25.32 - \$99.05	\$27.52 - \$112.85	\$40.39 - \$72.44	\$86.07 - \$91.45	
Apron (2)	\$2.373 - \$3.636	\$2.443 - \$2.889	\$2.477 - \$3.245	\$2.288	
Parking Rates (maximum per day)					
Economy	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$6.00	\$6.00	
Structured	\$13.00	\$15.00	\$13.00	\$15.00	
Surface					
Short-Term					
Sure Park	\$15.00	\$15.00			

⁽¹⁾ Per 1,000 pounds for landing weight

⁽²⁾ Range per square foot

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS AIRPORT SYSTEM STATISTICS Service Area (unaudited)

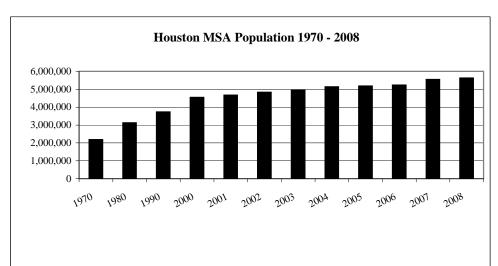
The airport service region for the Houston Airport System consists of (1) the ten county Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown Metropolitan Statistical Area (Austin, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, Liberty, Montgomery, San Jacinto and Waller counties)-referred to as the Houston MSA, and (2) a large secondary area surrounding the Houston MSA. The limits of this secondary area are generally defined by the range and quality of airline service at other air carrier airports, including Beaumont Jefferson County Airport to the east, Dallas/Fort Worth International Airport and Dallas Love Field to the north, Corpus Christi International Airport to the southwest, and Austin-Bergstrom International Airport and San Antonio International Airport to the west.

Houston, the nation's fourth most populous city, is the largest in the South and Southwest. The Houston MSA ranks sixth in population among the nation's metropolitan areas.

Service Area Population

Houston MSA Population Year 1970 2,181,315 1980 3,118,080 1990 3,731,131 2000 4,538,022 2001 4,669,571 2002 4,825,964 2003 4,938,556 5,130,500 2004 2005 5,180,000 2006 5,228,844 2007 5,539,949 2008 5,628,101

Source: Greater Houston Partnership



CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS SURETY BOND AND INSURANCE COVERAGE June 30, 2008 (amounts expressed in thousands) (unaudited)

Policy Number	Insurer	Term of Policy
15663960	Western Surety Company	1-2-2008/1-2-2010
15663962	Western Surety Company	1-2-2008/1-2-2010
61BSBDV0123	Hartford Casualty Insurance Co.	12-15-2007/12-15-2008
61BSBDS7533	Hartford Casualty Insurance Co.	10-15-2007/10-15-2008
61BSBEJ9796	Hartford Casualty Insurance Co.	1-30-2008/1-30-2009
61BSBEW1429	Hartford Casualty Insurance Co.	11-30-2007/11-30-2008
61BSDT7808	Hartford Casualty Insurance Co.	12-9-2007/12-9-2008
IHD 8464461-00	Hanover Insurance Company	10-20-2007/10-20-2008
6610	Texas Municipal League	5-15-2008/5-15-2009
D35869475006	Westchester Fire Insurance Co. (Primary)	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
8706331	Lexington Insurance Company	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
8706332	Lexington Insurance Company	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
MQ2-L9L-437312-018	Liberty Mutual Fire Insurance Co.	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
00008897-3	James River Insurance Company	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
US7303	Commonwealth Insurance Co.	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
RMP2068170217	Continental Casualty Insurance Co.	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
B08752008QIK5026	Underwriters at Lloyds	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
B08752008QIK5028	Underwriters at Lloyds	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
P009140/001	Allied World Assurance (US)	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
ESP5817	Essex Insurance	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
8706332	Lexington Insurance Company	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
ESP0021197-01	Arch Specialty Insurance Company	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
RMP2082515170	Continental Casualty Insurance Co.	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
B08752008QIK5029	Underwriters at Lloyds	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
PX08DD177X2X	Underwriters at Lloyds	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
MH634072-2008	Swiss Re International SE	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
573270108	Great Lakes	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
NHD356759	RSUI Indemnity Insurance Company	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
EAF700446.08	Axis Surplus	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
00C9K0801001/X	Ironshore Insurance	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
YSP0906	Homeland Insurance	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
EAF38099-08	Axis Surplus	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
B08752008QIK5033	Underwriters at Lloyds	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
MQ2-L9L-437312-018	Liberty Mutual Fire Insurance Co.	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
MH634072-2008	Swiss Re International SE	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
NHD356760	RSUI Indemnity Insurance Company	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
9406903	Lexington Insurance Co.	4-1-2008/4-1-2009
BM5964852-00	Zurich American Insurance Company	2-18-2008/2-18-2009
IHD0343965-00	Hanover Insurance Company	6-26-2008/6-26-2009
IHD0343965-00	Hanover Insurance Company	6-26-2008/6-26-2009
IHD0343965-00	Hanover Insurance Company	6-26-2008/6-26-2009
6218	Texas Municipal League	8-16-2007/8-16-2008
6218	Texas Municipal League Texas Municipal League	8-16-2007/8-16-2008
742 17 33	American International Group (AIG)	5-29-2007/5-29-2010 10-29-2007/10-29-2008
61BPEAM5075	Hartford Casualty Insurance Co.	
61BPEAMI9468	Hartford Casualty Insurance Co.	2-11-2008/2-11-2009
61BPEC12302	Hartford Insurance	7-1-2007/7-1-2008
Various	Western Surety Company	Four year term per bond
GLP0000558506104	Great American Assurance Co.	6-18-2008/7-10-2008
L006970	Lloyd's of London Syndicate	06-06-2008/07-05-2008
PLS 1180312	Amer. Intl. Group (AIG) Specialty Lines	10-30-2003/10-30-2008
6596083	Illinois National Insurance Co.	7-1-2007/7-01-2008

Property at Risk	Type of Coverage	Amount of Coverage (in thousands)	
Mayor	Public Official Bond	\$	50
City Controller	Public Official Bond	\$	50
City Treasurer	Public Official Bond	\$	25
Deputy Controller	Public Official Bond	\$	25
Municipal Courts	Public Official Bond	\$	25
Tax Collector	Public Official Bond	\$	25
Pension System Treasurer	Public Official Bond	\$	250
Houston Area Library Automated Network (HALAN)	Electronic Equipment	\$	1.023
City of Houston	Automobile Catastrophe	\$	1,583
City of Houston	Property Insurance *	\$	5,000
City of Houston	Property Insurance *	\$	20,000
City of Houston	Property Insurance *	\$	8,335
City of Houston	Property Insurance *	\$	2,500
City of Houston	Property Insurance *	\$	2,500
City of Houston	Property Insurance *	\$	2,500
City of Houston	Property Insurance *	\$	5,000
City of Houston	Property Insurance *	\$	4,165
City of Houston	Property Insurance *	\$	18,330
City of Houston	Property Insurance *	\$	10,000
City of Houston	Property Insurance *	\$	5,000
City of Houston	Property Insurance *	\$	16,670
City of Houston	* *	\$	5,000
·	Property Insurance * Property Insurance *	\$	
City of Houston		\$	5,000
City of Houston		\$	6,875
City of Houston City of Houston		\$	5,000
City of Houston	Property Insurance * Property Insurance *	\$	6,250 5,000
City of Houston		\$	5,625
·	1 Toperty Insurance	\$	
City of Houston	1 Toperty Insurance	\$	11,250
City of Houston	Property Insurance * Property Insurance *		35,000
City of Houston		\$	10,000
City of Houston		\$ \$	13,750
City of Houston			18,750
City of Houston		\$	5,000
City of Houston		\$	12,500
City of Houston	Property Insurance *	\$	5,000
City of Houston	Terrorism Insurance	\$	100,000
City of Houston	Boiler & Machinery	\$	75,000
City of Houston	Library - Business, Electronic Equip.	\$	1,266
City of Houston	Library - Valuable Papers	\$	3,873
City of Houston	Library - Fine Art	\$	632
Houston Housing Finance Corporation, Urban Dwellings	Broad Form Property Insurance	\$	158
Houston Housing Finance Corporation, Urban Dwellings	Commercial General Liability	\$	5,000
City of Houston	Public Employee Dishonesty/Crime	\$	2,000
Parks Board	Public Employee Dishonesty	\$	10
Library Board	Public Employee Dishonesty	\$	10
Houston Read Commission	Employee Dishonesty	\$	375
Various City of Houston Notaries	Notary Public Bonds	\$	3
City of Houston	Special Event General Liability	\$	1,000
City of Houston	Adverse Weather Event Cancellation	\$	1,967
City of Houston	Environmental Liability	\$	5,000
Houston Area Water Corporation (HAWC)	Directors and Officers Liability	\$	10,000

^{*} The property insurance is provided by insurance carriers that underwrite varying pro-rata shares of coverage that total up to the policy loss limit.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS SALARIES OF ELECTED OFFICIALS June 30, 2008

(unaudited)

Name and Title of Official			thorized Annual se Salary
Bill H. White, Mayor	*	\$	181,762
Annise D. Parker, City Controller			139,426
Antoinette Lawrence, Council member - District A			55,770
Jarvis Johnson, Council member - District B			55,770
Anne U. Clutterbuck, Council member - District C			55,770
Wanda E. Adams, Council member - District D			55,770
Michael S. Sullivan, Council member - District E			55,770
Masrur J. Khan, Council member - District F			55,770
Pamela Holm, Council member - District G			55,770
Adrian Garcia, Council member - District H	*		51,758
James G. Rodriguez, Council member - District I			55,770
Peter H. Brown, Council member - At Large Position #1	*		44,795
Susan E. Lovell, Council member - At Large Position #2			55,770
Melissa Noriega, Council member - At Large Position #3			55,770
Ronald C. Green, Council member - At Large Position #4	*		55,640
Jolanda F. Jones, Council member - At Large Position #5			55,770

^{*} These individuals opted to receive a lesser amount than was available under state law.

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS Schedule of Credits (unaudited)

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report:

Executive/Administrative Divisions

Annise D. Parker, City Controller

Staff:

Madeleine Appel, Director of Administration Andrea Campos, Administrative Specialist Janice Evans, Director of Communications/ Governmental Relations **Design Oversight and Writing**

Financial Reporting Division

Rudy Garcia, Deputy City Controller

Staff:

Michael Abbott, Assistant City Controller
Jacqueline Brown, Administrative Specialist
Alicia Cai, Assistant City Controller
Monika De Los Santos, Assistant City Controller
Wesley Dormer, Assistant City Controller
Rosa Henderson, Assistant City Controller
Larry Liu, Assistant City Controller
Carl Medley, Deputy Director - Controllers
Chris Okeagu, Assistant City Controller
Beverly Riggans, Assistant City Controller
Irma Rodriguez, Assistant City Controller
Suong Vu, Assistant City Controller
Dinah Walter, Assistant City Controller

Preparation and Coordination

Operations and Technical Service Division

Bonita Wright, Assistant City Controller

Lloyd Waguespack, Deputy City Controller Staff:

Ella Mamou, Records Supervisor Annie Nguyen, Administrative Supervisor Courtney Satterwhite, Assistant City Controller Lillie Stewart, Administrative Supervisor

Consulting and General Support

Treasury Division

James Moncur, Deputy City Controller Staff:

> Han Au, Financial Analyst Sue Bailey, Debt Manager Shawnell Holman-Smith, Financial Analyst Claudia Morales, Financial Analyst Lillie Nobles, Administrative Specialist Marvin Ramirez, Financial Analyst Catherine Smith, Financial Analyst

Debt and Management Disclosures

CITY OF HOUSTON, TEXAS

Schedule of Credits - Continued (unaudited)

Finance Department

Michelle Mitchell, Director

Staff:

Harold Jackson, Division Manager

Ronald Kissner, Deputy Assistant Director

Jimmie Locke, Assistant Director

Sherry Mose, Staff Analyst

Asha Patnaik, Staff Analyst

Douglas Seckel, Deputy Director

Wealthia White, Financial Analyst

Administration & Regulatory Affairs Department

Alfred Moran, Director

Staff:

William Stanley, Division Manager

Aileen Ding, Financial Analyst

Hannah Hoang, Accountant Associate

Belinda Crawford, Accountant Associate

Deborah Webb, Accountant Supervisor

Juan Olguin, Deputy Assistant Director

Information Technology Department

Richard Lewis, Director

Staff:

Singh Bhatia, Systems Consultant

Peter Chao, Systems Consultant

Earl Lambert, Citywide CTO

Mark Stinnett, Assistant Director

Professional Consultants

Houston Independent School District Printing Services

Connie Cole, Graphic Designer

Charlie Holden, Business Supervisor

Michael McClay, Senior Graphic Designer

Debbie Roberts, Customer Service Coordinator

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Photos Courtesy of:

Baylor College of Medicine

Houston Baptist University

Houston Community College

Rice University

South Texas College of Law

Texas Southern University

University of Houston

University of St. Thomas

University of Texas Health Science Center

Analysis and Supporting Documentation

Project Management and Design

Independent Auditors

This schedule by no means gives credit to all of the individuals who have some part in the development and production of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. However, we have included the major participants who made the issuance of this document possible.